# Rest Invest IVA/S

Sønderbrogade 16, DK-8700 Horsens

Annual Report for 2023

CVR No. 36 69 86 24

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 27/6 2024

Gilles Jan Delarue Chairman of the general meeting



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## **Management's statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Rest Invest IV A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Horsens, 27 June 2024

**Executive Board** 

René Møller Klausen CEO Rasmus Lykke Jensen CFO

**Board of Directors** 

Kai Frank Fischbach Chairman René Møller Klausen

Ronny Massimo Sassen



## **Independent Auditor's report**

### To the shareholders of Rest Invest IV A/S

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Rest Invest IV A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



## **Independent Auditor's report**

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Trekantområdet, 27 June 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

Lars Almskou Ohmeyer State Authorised Public Accountant mne24817 Heidi Bonde State Authorised Public Accountant mne42815



# **Company information**

The Company	Rest Invest IV A/S Sønderbrogade 16 8700 Horsens
	CVR No: 36 69 86 24 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Horsens
Board of Directors	Kai Frank Fischbach, chairman René Møller Klausen Ronny Massimo Sassen
Executive Board	René Møller Klausen Rasmus Lykke Jensen
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Herredsvej 32 DK-7100 Vejle



## Management's review

### **Key activities**

The company is without activities.

### Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2023 shows a loss of DKK 559,701, and at 31 December 2023 the balance sheet of the Company shows a negative equity of DKK 9,726,803.

The company has lost the entire company capital and is covered by Section 119 of the Companies Act. It is the management's assessment that the company's capital is re-established through group grants. The management continuously assesses the capital base and the need for reestablishing the equity capital.

### Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



## Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Gross loss		-10,205	-10,000
Financial expenses	2	-549,496	-311,645
Profit/loss before tax		-559,701	-321,645
	0	0	1 000 010
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	0	1,009,019
Net profit/loss for the year	-	-559,701	687,374
Distribution of profit			
		2023	2022
	_	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings	_	-559,701	687,374
	_	-559,701	687,374



## **Balance sheet 31 December**

### Assets

	Note	2023		2022
		DKK		DKK
Corporation tax		(	)	1,009,019
Receivables		(	)	1,009,019
Current assets		(		1,009,019
Current assets			<u> </u>	1,009,019
Assets		(	)	1,009,019



## **Balance sheet 31 December**

## Liabilities and equity

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		1,000,000	1,000,000
Retained earnings		-10,726,803	-10,167,103
Equity		-9,726,803	-9,167,103
Trade payables		20,000	20,000
Payables to group enterprises		9,706,803	10,156,122
Short-term debt		9,726,803	10,176,122
Debt		9,726,803	10,176,122
Liabilities and equity		0	1,009,019
Going concern	1		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	4		
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# Statement of changes in equity

	Retained Share capital earnings		Total	
	DKK	DKK	DKK	
Equity at 1 January	1,000,000	-10,167,102	-9,167,102	
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-559,701	-559,701	
Equity at 31 December	1,000,000	-10,726,803	-9,726,803	



### Notes to the Financial Statements

### 1. Going concern

The company has received a declaration of support from the parent company, so that the company's capital availability is secured until the signing and publication of the 2024 financial statements.

		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
2.	Financial expenses		
	Interest paid to group enterprises	548,994	310,230
	Other financial expenses	502	1,415
		549,496	311,645
		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
3.	Income tax expense		
	Current tax for the year	0	-1,009,019
		0	-1,009,019

# 4. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

### Other contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Rhenus Warehousing Solutions Denmark A/S, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.



## Notes to the Financial Statements

### 5. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Rest Invest IV A/S for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in DKK.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

### **Income statement**

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

### Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenses.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with danske koncernforbunde selskaber. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

### **Balance sheet**

### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.



## Notes to the Financial Statements

### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

### **Financial liabilities**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

