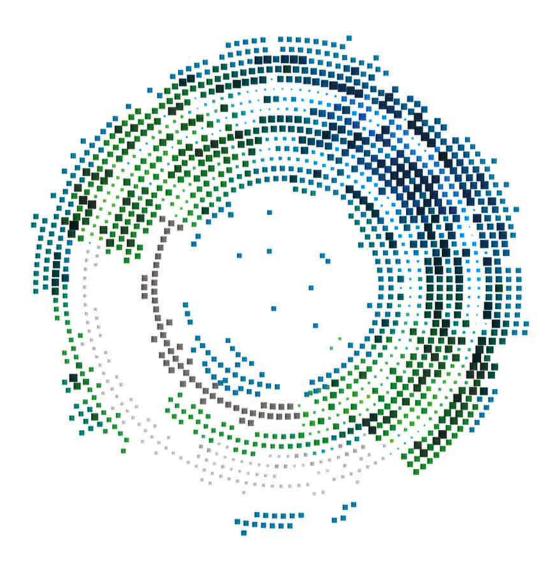
Deloitte.



Rawbite Organic Factory ApS

Mandelalleen 6, 5610 Assens CVR No. 36690380

Annual report 2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 19.02.2020

Marc Zimmermann Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Rawbite Organic Factory ApS Mandelalleen 6 5610 Assens

CVR No.: 36690380 Registered office: Assens Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

Board of Directors

Werner Michael Bahlsen, Chairman Alexander Konecny Rolf Nolsøe Bau Marc Zimmermann

Executive Board

Annette Horvath Rolf Nolsøe Bau

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 P. O. Box 1600 0900 Copenhagen C

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Rawbite Organic Factory ApS for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Assens, 19.02.2020

Executive Board Morroth **Annette Horvath**

N.Bc

Board of Directors

Werner Michael Bahlsen Chairman

Rolf Nolsøe Bau

ung Aend

Alexander Konecny

Marc Zimmer

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Rawbite Organic Factory ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Rawbite Organic Factory ApS for the financial year 01.01.2019 -31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
 preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
 uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to
 continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
 draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
 obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
 Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 19.02.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No.: 33963556

Torben Skov State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) 19689

Management commentary

Primary activities

The principal activity of the company is trade and industry.

Development in activities and finances

The company's earnings for the financial year 2019 show a profit of DKK 1.453k. The company's equity amount to DKK 12.232k pr. 31 December 2019.

Management consider the earnings for the year satisfatory.

Management expects to generate a positive result for 2020 on par with 2019.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		4,938,435	5,680,756
Staff costs	1	(2,481,916)	(3,689,219)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(591,119)	(582,630)
Operating profit/loss		1,865,400	1,408,907
Other financial income		356	926
Other financial expenses	3	(3,514)	(58,341)
Profit/loss before tax		1,862,242	1,351,492
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	(409,183)	(297,765)
Profit/loss for the year		1,453,059	1,053,727
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		1,453,059	1,053,727
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		1,453,059	1,053,727

Balance sheet at 31.12.2019

Assets

		2019	2018
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Plant and machinery		2,747,113	3,314,186
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		29,794	53,840
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment		537,646	0
Property, plant and equipment	5	3,314,553	3,368,026
		75.000	75 000
Deposits		75,000	75,000
Other financial assets	6	75,000	75,000
Fixed assets		3,389,553	3,443,026
Raw materials and consumables		5,049,076	4,201,338
Prepayments for goods		0	272,129
Inventories		5,049,076	4,473,467
Trade receivables		0	490
Receivables from group enterprises		5,886,973	4,076,302
Other receivables		0	45,032
Prepayments		20,172	0
Receivables		5,907,145	4,121,824
Cash		1,197,182	153,576
Current assets		12,153,403	8,748,867
Assets		15,542,956	12,191,893

Equity and liabilities

		2019	2018
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		12,182,079	10,729,020
Equity		12,232,079	10,779,020
Deferred tax		312,000	343,000
Provisions		312,000	343,000
Other payables		25,139	0
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	7	25,139	0
Trade payables		609,067	301,254
Payables to group enterprises		0	99,197
Joint taxation contribution payable		440,183	292,765
Other payables		1,924,488	376,657
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,973,738	1,069,873
Liabilities other than provisions		2,998,877	1,069,873
Equity and liabilities		15,542,956	12,191,893
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	8		
•	° 9		
Contingent liabilities			
Group relations	10		

Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	10,729,020	10,779,020
Profit/loss for the year	0	1,453,059	1,453,059
Equity end of year	50,000	12,182,07 9	12,232,079

Notes

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1 Staff costs

T Starr costs		
	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	2,264,865	3,319,127
Pension costs	173,062	203,523
Other social security costs	20,488	52,638
Other staff costs	23,501	113,931
	2,481,916	3,689,219
Average number of full-time employees	7	7
2 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	591,119	582,630
	591,119	582,630
3 Other financial expenses		
	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Other interest expenses	1,657	41,227
Exchange rate adjustments	0	17,114
Other financial expenses	1,857	0
	3,514	58,341
4 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	440,183	292,765
Change in deferred tax	(31,000)	5,000
	409,183	297,765

5 Property, plant and equipment

	Plant and machinery	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Prepayments for property, plant and equipment
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost beginning of year	4,902,829	120,230	0
Additions	0	0	537,646
Cost end of year	4,902,829	120,230	537,646
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(1,588,643)	(66,390)	0
Depreciation for the year	(567,073)	(24,046)	0
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(2,155,716)	(90,436)	0
Carrying amount end of year	2,747,113	29,794	537,646

6 Financial assets

	Deposits
	DKK
Cost beginning of year	75,000
Cost end of year	75,000
Carrying amount end of year	75,000

7 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after
	more than 12
	months
	2019
	DKK
Other payables	25,139
	25,139

8 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	150,000	450,000

9 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation in which Rawbite ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable from the financial year 2016 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and from 16 December 2016 for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The total known net liability of the jointly taxed entities under the joint taxation arrangement is evident from the administration company's financial statements.

10 Group relations

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Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Bahlsen GmbH & Co. KG, Podbielskistrasse 11, 30163 Hannover, Germany

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, cost of sales and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to plant and equipment comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, alculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of plant and equipment.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises net capital gains on transactions in foreign currencies etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on transactions in foreign currencies, as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the

Rawbite Organic Factory ApS | Accounting policies

income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with its Parent company and all of the Parent company's Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and machinery as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straightline depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Plant and machinery	5-10 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carryingamount.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Other financial liabilities

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Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax.

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