



**Annual report for the period  
1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022**

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DCC Energi Retail A/S  
Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum  
CVR no. 36 56 30 28

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 30  
June 2022

DocuSigned by:

*Michael Bak*

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Michael Kruse Bak  
chairman

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## Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory board and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of DCC Energi Retail A/S for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 March 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.


Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Nærum, 30 June 2022

### Executive board


DocuSigned by:  
  
33FBDAD21FA7426  
Christian Frederik Heise  
Director

### Supervisory board

DocuSigned by:  
  
2E1548844BDA4BF  
Edward Gerard O'Brien  
Chairman

DocuSigned by:  
  
D35D1136D1A0470  
Daniel Hedegaard Andersen

DocuSigned by:  
  
BF29A05733F3426  
Declan James Doorly

DocuSigned by:  
  
F8DE31F6A794A8  
Michael Kruse Bak

DocuSigned by:  
  
33FBDAD21FA7426  
Christian Frederik Heise

## Independent auditor's report

### *To the shareholder of DCC Energi Retail A/S*

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial Statements of DCC Energi Retail A/S for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022 comprising, income statement, balance sheet, statement of change in equity, and notes including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 March 2022, and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's responsibility for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

## Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on management's review**

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management's review.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2022

KPMG  
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 25 57 81 98

DocuSigned by:

*David Olafsson*

David Olafsson

State Authorised

MNE no. mne19737

## Company details

### The company

DCC Energi Retail A/S  
Nærum Hovedgade 8  
2850 Nærum

Telephone: +45 70102010

Website: [www.dccenergi.dk](http://www.dccenergi.dk)

CVR no.: 36 56 30 28

Reporting period: 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022

Domicile: Rudersdal

### Supervisory board

Edward Gerard O'Brien, chairman  
Declan James Doorly  
Christian Frederik Heise  
Daniel Hedegaard Andersen  
Michael Kruse Bak

### Executive board

Christian Frederik Heise, director

### Auditors

KPMG  
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Dampfærgevej 28  
DK-2100 København

### Lawyers

Accura Advokataktieselskab  
Tuborg Boulevard 1  
DK-2900 Hellerup

### Bankers

Danske Bank  
Holmens Kanal 2  
DK-1090 København K

## Financial highlights

Seen over a 5-year period, the development of the Company may be described by means of the following financial highlights:

	2021/22	2020/21	2019/20	2018/19	2017/18
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
<b>Key figures</b>					
<b>Profit/loss</b>					
Revenue	7,202,149	4,759,880	5,492,925	6,150,489	6,686,557
Profit before net financials	228,264	180,829	77,952	65,948	2,925
Net financials	-4,873	-12,150	-8,689	-8,624	-13,880
Profit/loss for the year	174,465	130,775	53,871	44,257	-9,911
<b>Balance sheet</b>					
Balance sheet total	2,165,605	1,481,509	1,150,903	1,165,011	1,378,635
Investment in property, plant and equipment	244,177	207,453	184,095	107,916	91,275
Equity	604,694	550,229	469,454	415,583	394,136
<b>Financial ratios</b>					
EBIT margin	3.2%	3.8%	1.4%	1.1%	0.0%
Return on assets	12.5%	13.7%	6.7%	5.2%	0.2%
Solvency ratio	27.9%	37.1%	40.8%	35.7%	28.6%
Return on equity	30.2%	25.7%	12.2%	10.9%	-2.5%

The financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's recommendations and guidelines. For definitions, see the summary of significant accounting policies.

Comparative figures have not been restated with the effect of the sale of the Aviation business as per 1st November 2018.

Where the accounting policies have been changed regarding IFRS 16 in 2019/20, the comparatives have not been restated.



## Management's review

### **Business review**

DCC Energi Retail A/S sells and distributes mobility products and services including fuels, carwash, payment services and operate a network of 243 retail petrol stations.

DCC Energi Retail A/S continuously strives to contribute to effective distribution of energy to the Company's customers in Denmark.

### **Recognition and measurement uncertainties**

In preparing financial statements, certain provisions in the standards require management's judgments, including various accounting estimates and assumptions. Such judgments are considered important to understand the accounting policies and DCC's compliance with the standards.

Determining the carrying amount of some assets and liabilities requires judgments, estimates and assumptions concerning future events that are based on historical experience and other factors, which by their very nature are associated with uncertainty and unpredictability.

These assumptions may prove incomplete or incorrect, and unexpected events or circumstances may arise. DCC Energi Retail A/S is also subject to risks and uncertainties which may lead actual results to differ from these estimates. Specific risks for DCC Energi Retail A/S are discussed in the relevant section of the management's review and in the notes to the financial statements.

The areas involving a high degree of judgment and estimation that are significant to the financial statements are described in more detail in the related sections.

### **Unusual matters**

The company's financial position at 31 March 2022 and the results of its operations for the financial year ended 31 March 2022 are not affected by any unusual matters.

### **Financial review**

The Company has grown its market position in a market impacted by lower demand due to Covid-19. The activity level for 2021/22 has overall been at the same level as the expectations for the year and last year's activity level. The Company has built on its strong position in premium fuels and payment cards to serve its customers through innovative solutions.

Net revenue achieved at DKK 7,202.1 million is an increase compared to 2020/21 and is driven by higher oil price that prevailed during the year.

Hence as it is a part of the Company's strategy to generate profitable growth and to secure its investments in the Danish energy market the Company achieved a profit before net financials of DKK 228.3 million in 2021/22 compared to DKK 180.8 million in 2020/21. Accordingly, results for the year are considered satisfactory.

## Management's review

The Company's total working capital is strong and with a limited level for losses on client engagements. This is due to the Company's strong focus on credit management and effective measures to avoid bad debts.

As a consequence of the above, the Company's liquidity and financial position were strong at the end of the year.

### **Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

### **Research and development**

The Company does not engage in research and development activities.

### **Strategy**

DCC Energi Retail A/S pursues the strategy of buying wholesale and selling retail (in line with the overall strategy for the DCC Denmark Group). Fuels and adjacent products are sold through a nation-wide network of petrol stations.

It is part of the strategy to continue to increase the profitability in a market with strong competition through products and sales channels with major trademark value and documented premium quality. This is executed by offering a strong portfolio of differentiated products and services under the Shell brand. The strategy requires that DCC Energi Retail A/S continually optimize its cost base and continue to introduce new products and services which will benefit its customers. In as far as possible, growth is to be organic complemented by mergers and acquisitions to the extent it is an option and can benefit the Company.

DCC Energi Retail A/S already makes a significant contribution towards a lower carbon society through the blending of biofuels in all gasoline and diesel products sold for road transport. The restructuring of society towards solutions reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from energy consumption will be of a permanent nature and is hence prioritized in the strategy to ensure long-term profitable growth. In addition DCC Energi Retail A/S are working to offer other products and solutions helping customers to reduce and compensate their carbon footprint. Lately with the introduction of a voluntary carbon compensation scheme and high speed EV chargers.

### **Objectives and outlook for the coming year**

Competition remains fierce and the Company's strategy is to ensure a strong nation-wide network of petrol stations with a portfolio of strong premium products and excellent customer-experience both on site and digital.

Despite the recent invasion of Ukraine our supply chain expertise ensured minimal disruption. The impact of geo-political developments on the global economy and on individual markets and supply chains continue to be monitored.

## Management's review

During the coming year, the activity level is expected to return to pre-Covid-19, while the Company still strives to increase its market shares through organic growth.

The result for 2022/23 is expected to be at the same level as 2021/22.

### **Market outline**

General market development for refined oil products is driven by the cycles and trends within the transportation sectors as well as demand from private consumption.

The general demand for fuel products is at the same level as the previous year. High fuel prices and a potential general slow down in the economy might however negatively impact demand going forward.

The public-sector investments to enforce structural changes in the market to reduce the Danish impact on the global CO2 emission levels were in line with expectations. Specific political measures have been taken to increase the share of biologically-based components added to oil products.

Furthermore, there is political focus on increasing the use of renewable sources of energy. Most importantly by moving passenger car transport to low and zero emission vehicles. DCC Energi Retail A/S is supporting this transition with plans to create a nationwide network of high-speed electric chargers.

### **Special risks - operating risks and financial risks**

#### ***Operating risks***

The Company has entered into agreements with suppliers of raw materials and services used to meet obligations to customers. Further, the Company has entered into long-term agreements for sale and supply under the trademark Shell.

Through agreements with its affiliate, DCC Energi Center A/S, the Company has taken measures to ensure that operations-related tasks are handled in accordance with DCC Energi Retail A/S' policies and liabilities to customers and business partners.

The Company has implemented a comprehensive set of policies ensuring that the Company, at any time, can be run in accordance with uniform, high standards and principles for good corporate governance. The Company has a GDPR platform ensuring that we are in compliance with the EU's General Data Protection Regulation.

Furthermore, the Company has implemented and regularly follows up on policies ensuring business integrity, including compliance with competition law, and proper protection against the risk of bribery and corruption for customers and business partners.

#### ***Financial risks***

The value of the Company's products is determined based on official international listings, and accordingly, there may be major deviations in the price level for purchases and sales.

## Management's review

The Company keeps track of the daily listings and determines its sales prices on the basis of the market price.

The Company has activities only in Denmark and settles the vast part of its purchases in DKK and, to a certain extent, in EUR and USD.

Changes in the price level for both EUR and USD will not have any material direct effect on earnings as purchase and sale prices are in all materiality at the same level. The need for entering into forward exchange contracts to hedge currency risks is regularly assessed. During the year under review, it has not been necessary to enter into forward contracts to hedge currency risks.

The Company has relatively modest net interest-bearing debt, and moderate changes in the interest rate level will not have any major direct impact on earnings. Accordingly, the Company does not enter into contracts for interest rate hedging instruments.

The Company's credit risks primarily arise from risks posed by customers. No individual customer or business partner poses any material credit risk. The Company's policy for undertaking credit risks entails that all large customers and other business partners are credit rated on an ongoing basis.

Where appropriate, receivables are hedged e.g. by means of credit insurance, prepayments or other types of credit insurance.

### **Corporate social responsibility**

With reference to section 99a (6) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no full corporate social responsibility reporting has been prepared for the Company, including policies and risks to climate, environment, human rights, anti-corruption and social and staff matters as this is contained in the DCC Group's corporate social responsibility reporting. Reference is made to the annual report of the DCC Group and its ultimate parent company DCC plc, which is available from the Group's website.

<https://www.dcc.ie/investors/annual-reports/2022>

The Company has as part of the DCC Group a detailed Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy in place. The Policy states that no employee or any representative of the business is to offer or accept any bribe, including small facilitation payments, or engage in any other form of corrupt practice. The Policy is available from the Group's website. No breaches to the Policy have been noted during 2021/22.

The Company's CSR policies are directed at two areas - external environment and intellectual capital, which have been accounted for in the following.

## Management's review

### ***External environment***

DCC Energi Retail A/S is dedicated to operate safe and environmentally responsible in full compliance with requirements and standards. The Company has a documented and active HSSE policy (Health, Safety, Security and Environment), and accordingly operating systems and processes of the Company and its suppliers are regularly inspected to protect the environment and the surrounding society against risks and, in the worst case, accidents.

### ***Intellectual capital***

Sale and distribution of refined oil products requires intellectual capital and skills regarding leading and management of people and business processes. This is handled operationally through the group entity, DCC Energi Center A/S, and independent carriers and partners within logistics, IT and other partners bound by contract. To continuously serve the market effectively, it is decisive that the Company's business partners can recruit and retain employees with a broad skills base particularly within human and commercial processes and disciplines directed at due diligence to promote a safe and reliable conduct of business.

### **Diversity and equality**

The Company has defined policies for diversity and equality for the purpose of developing a workplace characterised by diversity and equal opportunities for all. The Company offers equal opportunities to all present and future employees, and employment, promotion and remuneration is based on skills, competencies and experience. On this basis, the Company invests in staff development and encourages an open and honest culture appreciating our differences.

The Company's policies and initiatives within the area are an integrated part of the employee handbook, and by this measure, the Company undertakes to accept and value the various kind of characteristics making individuals unique by employing people with different life experience, personal background and with different skills, competences and professional experience.

The Company strives to develop a working culture which is fair and inclusive and which encourages all employees to contribute to the organisation based on their own experience and opinions.

Considering the standing ambition to have the best skilled executives, it is also the Company's objective to promote gender diversity.

### **Gender diversity of Management**

As part of the Danish model to ensure a more equal distribution of men and women on top management, the Company's Board of Directors has addressed the objectives and policies for the area.

Overall, the objective of the policy for the area is to promote diversity on a broad scale and at any time to recruit the best-qualified candidate irrespective of gender, age, nationality, sexual orientation and religious beliefs.

## Management's review

The Company has not set any specific policy for other management levels, as the Company does not have any employees, due to having the Company's activities handled by the Management and employees employed in the affiliate, DCC Energi Center A/S. Furthermore, the Company's owners have decided that the Board of Directors is to be made up solely by representatives from the Executive Board and executives from Finance, Sales and Operations in Denmark and country managers employed in the ultimate Irish parent company, DCC plc. The Board of Directors consists of 5 board members and there is currently no female member on the Company's Board of Directors.

With these general conditions, the Company's ambitions within the area are to be fulfilled by DCC Energi Center A/S, also even though this company is not required by the legislation on gender diversity of Management.

Furthermore, DCC Energi Center A/S is to attract the best candidates and at the same time be a preferred employer for both genders.

It is an objective when recruiting executives and specialists that the process delivers strong candidates of both genders to qualify for the interview rounds, ensuring that the basis of recruitment for the top management of DCC Energi Retail A/S is representative, for future purposes and by natural turnover, to comply with the Board of Directors' ambitions for equal gender distribution of the members of the Board of Directors and at least 1 board member from the under-represented gender by 2022. No new member to the Board of Directors has been appointed during the financial year.

### **Statement of policy for data ethics**

Description of the entity's work with and policy for data ethical questions

DCC Energi Retail A/S collects, generates, and apply various type of data in running the business. DCC Energi Retail A/S is committed to complying with all legal rules and regulations on data usage, storage and processing as part of our business operations.

All businesses in DCC Energi process data as part of the daily operations, including following:

Customer data: Customer and delivery information required to complete sale, delivery and invoicing of our products and services.

Supplier data: Supplier information required to complete purchases of supply and other services.

HR data: Personal data on DCC Energi employees to fulfill legal or personal requirements.

Other data: Financial data generated for internal measurement/controlling purposes and external regulatory reporting, contractual data from mergers and acquisitions, and contractual data from CAPEX investments.

Personal data is processed carefully, with respect, so that it is kept private and dealt with in accordance with the wishes of the person the information is about.

## Management's review

DCC Energi is committed to protecting personal data and ensuring that appropriate organisational and technical measures are in place to protect any data collected.

Training and raising awareness on all aspects of data handling is mandatory for all employees throughout the organisation. On an ongoing basis employees participate in code of conduct and data security training programs.

## Income statement 1 April - 31 March

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021/22</u> DKK'000	<u>2020/21</u> DKK'000
<b>Revenue</b>		<b>7,202,149</b>	<b>4,759,880</b>
Cost of sales		-6,585,349	-4,227,870
Other external expenses		<u>-358,436</u>	<u>-325,763</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>258,364</b>	<b>206,247</b>
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	3	<u>-30,100</u>	<u>-25,418</u>
<b>Profit before net financials</b>		<b>228,264</b>	<b>180,829</b>
Financial income	4	226	86
Financial costs	5	<u>-5,099</u>	<u>-12,236</u>
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>223,391</b>	<b>168,679</b>
Tax on profit for the year	6	<u>-48,926</u>	<u>-37,904</u>
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b><u>174,465</u></b>	<b><u>130,775</u></b>
Proposed dividend for the year		170,000	120,000
Retained earnings		<u>4,465</u>	<u>10,775</u>
		<b><u>174,465</u></b>	<b><u>130,775</u></b>



## Balance sheet 31 March

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021/22</u> DKK'000	<u>2020/21</u> DKK'000
<b>Assets</b>			
Customer relations		4,183	4,658
Software		4,734	2,777
Goodwill		3,700	4,597
<b>Intangible assets</b>	<b>7</b>	<b><u>12,617</u></b>	<b><u>12,032</u></b>
Land and buildings		71,576	60,679
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		69,219	68,299
Property, plant and equipment in progress		30,595	15,154
Right-of-use assets		72,787	63,321
<b>Tangible assets</b>	<b>8</b>	<b><u>244,177</u></b>	<b><u>207,453</u></b>
Investments in associates	9	6,988	5,246
Other receivables		7,420	6,875
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>		<b><u>14,408</u></b>	<b><u>12,121</u></b>
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b><u>271,202</u></b>	<b><u>231,606</u></b>
Goods for resale		139,645	97,761
<b>Stocks</b>		<b><u>139,645</u></b>	<b><u>97,761</u></b>
Trade receivables		505,206	379,277
Receivables from affiliated entities		569,805	670,512
Other receivables		15,783	23,591
Deferred tax asset		23,596	21,093
Prepayments		3,344	2,755
<b>Receivables</b>		<b><u>1,117,734</u></b>	<b><u>1,097,228</u></b>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<b><u>637,024</u></b>	<b><u>54,914</u></b>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b><u>1,894,403</u></b>	<b><u>1,249,903</u></b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b><u><u>2,165,605</u></u></b>	<b><u><u>1,481,509</u></u></b>

## Balance sheet 31 March

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021/22</u> DKK'000	<u>2020/21</u> DKK'000
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
Contributed capital		150,000	150,000
Retained earnings		284,694	280,229
Proposed dividend for the year		<u>170,000</u>	<u>120,000</u>
<b>Equity</b>		<b><u>604,694</u></b>	<b><u>550,229</u></b>
Other provisions	10	<u>37,062</u>	<u>41,523</u>
<b>Total provisions</b>		<b><u>37,062</u></b>	<b><u>41,523</u></b>
Lease liabilities		<u>66,336</u>	<u>55,720</u>
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	11	<b><u>66,336</u></b>	<b><u>55,720</u></b>
Short-term part of long-term debt	11	10,644	8,393
Trade payables		1,125,671	476,730
Payables to affiliated entities		95,529	71,672
Corporation tax		49,344	32,981
Other payables		<u>176,325</u>	<u>244,261</u>
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b><u>1,457,513</u></b>	<b><u>834,037</u></b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b><u>1,523,849</u></b>	<b><u>889,757</u></b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b><u>2,165,605</u></b>	<b><u>1,481,509</u></b>
Significant events after the balance sheet date	12		
Contingent liabilities	13		
Related parties and ownership structure	14		
Fee to auditors appointed at the general meeting	15		

## Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
Equity at 1 April 2021	150,000	280,229	120,000	550,229
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-120,000	-120,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	4,465	170,000	174,465
<b>Equity at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>150,000</b>	<b>284,694</b>	<b>170,000</b>	<b>604,694</b>

No changes have been made to the share capital for the last 5 years.

## Notes

### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of DCC Energi Retail A/S for 2021/22 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to large enterprises of reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2021/22 is presented in DKK'000.

#### **Basis of recognition and measurement**

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income statement**

##### **Segment information**

Segment information is not provided neither on business segments nor on geographical markets as the Company only markets a segment to one market - sales and distribution of fossil fuels in Denmark.

##### **Revenue**

Income from the sale of goods for resale is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

## Notes

### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprise consumption of goods and consumables used for obtaining revenue for the period.

#### **Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, etc.

#### **Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses**

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to leases, realised and unrealised foreign currency transactions and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

#### **Tax on profit for the year**

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

##### **Intangible assets**

##### ***Goodwill, acquired customer relations and software***

Acquired goodwill, acquired customer relations and software are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Goodwill, software and acquired customer relations are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life determined on the basis of Management's experience within the individual business areas and are longest for strategically acquired entities with a strong market position and long-term earnings profile.

## Notes

### 1 Accounting policies

The basis of amortisation calculated as cost less any projected residual value is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life, which are as follows:

Goodwill 10 years  
 Acquired customer relations 1-10 years  
 Software 3-5 years

#### Tangible assets

Items of land and buildings, plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	<b>Useful life</b>
Buildings	50 years
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5 years

The useful life and residual value are re-assessed annually. A change is accounted for as an accounting estimate, and the impact on amortisation/depreciation is recognised going forward.

Gains or losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses, respectively.

#### Leases

The Company recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date, for all lease agreements, that the Company has entered into as lessee, except short-term leases and leases of low value asset.

Upon initial recognition, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost corresponding to the lease liability recognised, adjusted for any lease prepayments or directly related costs including any dismantling and restoration costs.

## Notes

### 1 Accounting policies

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future payments from lease components, discounted using an appropriate incremental DCC borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount, to reflect interest and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made. Further lease liabilities are changed when remeasurements are needed, corresponding adjustment is the related right-of-use asset.

In determining the lease period extension, options are only included if it is reasonably certain they will be utilised.

Gain or loss from a lease modification, not accounted for as a separate lease, is recognised in profit and loss.

The right-of-use assets are amortised over its expected lease period, according to the straight-line method.

-Property 1-20 years

Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised for low value lease assets or leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. These are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

In accounting for lease contracts, various judgements are applied in determining right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. Judgements include assessment of lease periods, utilisation of extension options and applicable discount rates. In addition, significant estimates have been applied in determining these in relation to the implementation of IFRS 16.

#### **Investments iassociates**

Investment in associates are measured at cost. If cost exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to this lower value.

Dividend is recognised in the income statement at the date of declaration.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at cost using the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

The cost comprises the purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of stocks is calculated as the expected selling price less direct costs of completion and expenses incurred to effect the sale. The net realisable value is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and expected selling price movements.

## Notes

### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Impairment of assets**

The carrying amount of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments in associates is tested for impairment, other than what is reflected through normal amortisation and depreciation, on an annual basis.

Where there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is performed for each individual asset or group of assets. Write-down is made to the lower of the recoverable amount and the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net present value and the value in use less expected costs to sell. The net present value is determined as the present value of the anticipated net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets and the anticipated net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or group of assets after the end of their useful life.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

#### **Equity**

##### **Dividends**

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

##### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company, as a result of an event occurring no later than at the balance sheet date, has a legal or constructive obligation, and it is probable that there will be an outflow of economic benefits to settle the liability.

##### **Income tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the balance sheet as 'Joint taxation contributions receivable' or 'Joint taxation contributions payable'.



## Notes

### 1 Accounting policies

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

#### Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### Cash flow statement

No cash flow statement has been prepared for the parent company, as the parent company's cash flows are included in the consolidated cash flow statement, see section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Financial highlights

Definitions of financial ratios.

EBIT margin	$\frac{\text{Profit/loss before financials} \times 100}{\text{Revenue}}$
Return on assets	$\frac{\text{Profit/loss before financials} \times 100}{\text{Average assets}}$
Solvency ratio	$\frac{\text{Equity, end of year} \times 100}{\text{Total assets at year-end}}$
Return on equity	$\frac{\text{Profit/loss from ordinary operations after tax} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$

## Notes

	<u>2021/22</u> DKK'000	<u>2020/21</u> DKK'000
<b>2 Staff costs</b>		
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<p>The Company does not have any employees as the Company's activities are handled by the Management and employees employed in the affiliate, DCC Energi Center A/S.</p> <p>During 2021/22 the Company has bought management and employee assistance for DKK 40.6 million, corresponding to an average of 61 full time employees.</p>		
<b>3 Amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment</b>		
Amortisation intangible assets	1,372	2,236
Depreciation tangible assets	<u>28,728</u>	<u>23,182</u>
	<u><b>30,100</b></u>	<u><b>25,418</b></u>
<b>4 Financial income</b>		
Other financial income	65	86
Exchange gains	<u>161</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u><b>226</b></u>	<u><b>86</b></u>
<b>5 Financial costs</b>		
Interest expense to affiliated entities	2,221	10,465
Other financial costs	1,107	124
Exchange loss	0	148
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	<u>1,771</u>	<u>1,499</u>
	<u><b>5,099</b></u>	<u><b>12,236</b></u>

## Notes

	<u>2021/22</u>	<u>2020/21</u>
	DKK'000	DKK'000
<b>6 Tax on profit for the year</b>		
Current tax for the year	49,343	32,981
Deferred tax for the year	0	4,521
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	2,085	658
Adjustment of deferred tax concerning previous years	<u>-2,502</u>	<u>-256</u>
	<b><u>48,926</u></b>	<b><u>37,904</u></b>

**7 Intangible assets**

	<u>Customer relations</u>	<u>Software</u>	<u>Goodwill</u>
Cost at 1 April 2021	18,164	3,677	8,968
Transfers for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>3,457</u>	<u>0</u>
Cost at 31 March 2022	<u>18,164</u>	<u>7,134</u>	<u>8,968</u>
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 April 2021	13,506	900	4,371
Amortisation for the year	<u>475</u>	<u>1,500</u>	<u>897</u>
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 March 2022	<u>13,981</u>	<u>2,400</u>	<u>5,268</u>
<b>Carrying amount at 31 March 2022</b>	<b><u>4,183</u></b>	<b><u>4,734</u></b>	<b><u>3,700</u></b>
Amortised over	<u>1-10 years</u>	<u>3-5 years</u>	<u>10 years</u>

## Notes

**8 Tangible assets**

	Land and buildings	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Right-of-use assets	Property, plant and equipment in progress
Cost at 1 April 2021	67,729	96,566	81,404	15,154
Additions for the year	0	0	19,588	49,431
Disposals for the year	-1,304	-900	0	0
Transfers for the year	15,800	14,733	0	-33,990
Cost at 31 March 2022	<u>82,225</u>	<u>110,399</u>	<u>100,992</u>	<u>30,595</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 April 2021	7,050	28,267	18,083	0
Depreciation for the year	3,749	13,275	10,122	0
Reversal of impairment and depreciation of sold assets	-150	-362	0	0
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 March 2022	<u>10,649</u>	<u>41,180</u>	<u>28,205</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Carrying amount at 31 March 2022</b>	<b><u>71,576</u></b>	<b><u>69,219</u></b>	<b><u>72,787</u></b>	<b><u>30,595</u></b>
Depreciated over	<u>50 years</u>	<u>5 years</u>	<u>1-20 years</u>	

**9 Investments in associates**

	2021/22 DKK'000	2020/21 DKK'000
Cost at 1 April 2021	5,246	4,502
Additions for the year	<u>1,742</u>	<u>744</u>
Cost at 31 March 2022	<u>6,988</u>	<u>5,246</u>
<b>Carrying amount at 31 March 2022</b>	<b><u>6,988</u></b>	<b><u>5,246</u></b>

## Notes

**9 Investments in associates (continued)**

Investments in associates are specified as follows:

Name	Registered office	Ownership interest	Equity	Profit/loss for the year
Tank Reinsurance S.A.	Luxembourg	29%	42,097	1,090

**10 Other provisions**

	2021/22 DKK'000	2020/21 DKK'000
Balance at beginning of year	41,523	50,343
Applied in the year	-4,461	-8,820
<b>Saldo ultimo</b>	<b>37,062</b>	<b>41,523</b>

Forfaldstidspunkterne for hensatte forpligtelser forventes at blive:

	2021/22 DKK'000	2020/21 DKK'000
Inden for 1 år	7,777	14,156
Mellem 1 og 5 år	29,285	27,367
	<b>37,062</b>	<b>41,523</b>

**11 Long term debt**

	Debt at 1 April 2021	Debt at 31 March 2022	Instalment next year	Debt outstanding after 5 years
Lease liabilities	55,720	66,336	10,644	34,497
	<b>55,720</b>	<b>66,336</b>	<b>10,644</b>	<b>34,497</b>

**12 Significant events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date that may materially affect the Company's financial position.

## Notes

	<u>2021/22</u> DKK'000	<u>2020/21</u> DKK'000
<b>13 Contingent liabilities</b>		
Guarantee and warranty commitments	<u>22,646</u>	<u>27,677</u>
	<b><u>22,646</u></b>	<b><u>27,677</u></b>

The Company has guaranteed towards retailers' suppliers for renting of machines and purchase of goods and guaranteed towards individual retailers' loans to external party.

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish entities in the DCC Group and is liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax and any liabilities to pay withholding taxes on interest, royalties and for dividends for the jointly taxed companies.

## Notes

### 14 Related parties and ownership structure

#### Controlling interest

DCC Holding Denmark A/S  
Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

#### Other related parties

DCC Energi Center A/S  
Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

DCC Energi Danmark A/S  
Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

DCC & Shell Aviation Holding Denmark A/S  
Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

Flogas Norge AS  
Sandakerveien 116, bygg D, 0484 Oslo, Norway

Flogas Sverige AB  
Brännkyrkag. 63, 118 22 Stockholm, Sweden

Exertis Captech Denmark ApS  
Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

DLG Service A/S  
Ballesvej 2, 7000 Fredericia

Team AG  
Team Alle 22, 24392 Süderbrarup, Germany

DCC Holding A/S  
Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

DCC plc and subsidiaries and associated thereto  
Leopardstown Road, Foxrock, Dublin 18, Ireland

#### Transactions

Transactions entered into related parties:

Income from sale to related parties amounts to DKK 2,559,138 thousand.

Financial expenses amounts to DKK 2,221 thousand.

Other external expenses purchased from related parties amounts to DKK 72,157 thousand.

The Company has cash of a total DKK 545,957 thousand included in the DCC Group's International cash pool which is included in the balance sheet item "receivables from affiliated entities".

## Notes

### **14 Related parties and ownership structure (continued)**

#### **Ownership structure**

According to the company's register of shareholders, the following shareholder holds at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

DCC Holding Denmark A/S  
Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

The Company's Danish parent companies DCC Holding Denmark A/S and DCC Holding A/S do not prepare consolidated financial statements. The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of:

DCC plc  
DCC House  
Leopardstown Road  
Foxrock, Dublin 18  
Ireland

DCC plc is both largest and smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared. The consolidated financial statements can be obtained at DCC plc's website:

<https://www.dcc.ie/investors/annual-reports/2022>

### **15 Fee to auditors appointed at the general meeting**

Pursuant to section 96(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has omitted to disclose fee to auditor appointed by the annual general meeting. Reference is made to the consolidated financial statements for DCC plc.