

Secret Escapes ApS

c/o Brinkmann Kronborg, Henriksen Advokatpart, Amaliegade 15, st., 1256 København K

Company reg. no. 36 49 44 92

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2016

The annual report have been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 9 June 2017.

Stafford Alexander Antony Talbot Saint
Chairman of the meeting

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

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Management's report

The managing director has today presented the annual report of Secret Escapes ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position as on 31 December 2016 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016.

The managing director considers the requirements of omission of audit of the annual accounts for 2016 as met.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

London, 9 June 2017

Managing Director

Stafford Alexander Antony Talbot Saint

The independent auditor's report on review of the annual accounts

To the shareholder of Secret Escapes ApS

We have reviewed the annual accounts of Secret Escapes ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016. Our review comprised accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes.

The management's responsibility for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Furthermore, the management is responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the annual accounts. We conducted our review in accordance with the international standard on engagements to review historical annual accounts and additional requirements under Danish audit regulation. This standard requires us to conclude whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the annual accounts, taken as a whole, are not in all material respects in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. The standard also requires us to comply with relevant ethical requirements.

A review of annual accounts performed in accordance with the international standard on engagements to review historical annual accounts is an limited assurance engagement. The review consists primarily of making inquiries of the management and, when appropriate, of others within the enterprise, applying analytical procedures, and evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in a review are substantially less than those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the annual accounts.

Opinion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the annual accounts do not provide a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as of 31 December 2016 and of the results from its activities and for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 9 June 2017

BUUS JENSEN

State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 16 11 90 40

Henrik Paaske

State Authorised Public Accountant

Company data

The company

Secret Escapes ApS
c/o Brinkmann Kronborg, Henriksen Advokatpart
Amaliegade 15, st.
1256 København K

Company reg. no. 36 49 44 92

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Managing Director

Stafford Alexander Antony Talbot Saint

Auditors

BUUS JENSEN, Statsautoriserede revisorer

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's main activities are trade and investment.

Development in activities and financial matters

The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK 17.578 against DKK 104.644 last year. The management considers the results satisfactory.

Accounting policies used

The annual report for Secret Escapes ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain fixed asset investments and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which method a fixed, effective interest is recognised during the useful life of the asset or the liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost with deduction of any payments and additions/deductions of the accrued amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way capital losses and capital profits are spread over the useful life.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

The profit and loss account

Gross profit

The gross profit comprises the net turnover, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, work performed for own purposes and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

Accounting policies used

Contract work in progress concerning construction contracts is recognised concurrently in the net turnover with the progress of the production. Thus the net turnover corresponds to the sales value of the completed productions of the year (the production method). The net turnover is recognised when the total income and costs of the contract and the scope of completion on the balance sheet date can be determined reliably, and when it is likely that the financial benefits will be received by the company.

When the results of a contract can not be determined reliably, the net turnover is only recognised on a cost basis, however, to the extent that it is probable that the costs will be recovered.

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution, sales, advertisement, administration, premises, loss on debtors, and operational leasing costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages including holiday allowances, pensions and other costs for social security etc. for staff members. Staff costs are less public reimbursements.

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The balance sheet

Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Accrued income and deferred expenses

Accrued income and deferred expenses recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the next financial year.

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Accounting policies used

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Accrued expenses and deferred income

Received payments concerning income during the following years are recognised under accrued expenses and deferred income.

Profit and loss account

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>1/1 - 31/12 2016</u>	<u>16/1 - 31/12 2015</u>
Gross profit	444.104	1.419.844
1 Staff costs	-401.680	-1.238.983
Operating profit	42.424	180.861
2 Other financial costs	-1.214	-42.471
Results before tax	41.210	138.390
Tax on ordinary results	-23.632	-33.746
Results for the year	17.578	104.644
Proposed distribution of the results:		
Allocated to results brought forward	17.578	104.644
Distribution in total	17.578	104.644

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
<u>Note</u>		
Current assets		
Other debtors	319.881	337.573
Accrued income and deferred expenses	<u>9.000</u>	<u>0</u>
Debtors in total	<u>328.881</u>	<u>337.573</u>
Current assets in total	<u>328.881</u>	<u>337.573</u>
Assets in total	<u>328.881</u>	<u>337.573</u>

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities			
<u>Note</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Equity			
3	Contributed capital	50.000	50.000
4	Results brought forward	122.222	104.644
	Equity in total	172.222	154.644
Liabilities			
	Trade creditors	43.587	0
	Debt to group enterprises	19.622	110.936
	Corporate tax	9.328	33.746
	Other debts	34.122	-11.753
	Accrued expenses and deferred income	50.000	50.000
	Short-term liabilities in total	156.659	182.929
	Liabilities in total	156.659	182.929
	Equity and liabilities in total	328.881	337.573

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	<u>1/1 - 31/12 2016</u>	<u>16/1 - 31/12 2015</u>
1. Staff costs		
Salaries and wages	392.989	1.223.200
Pension costs	0	7.228
Other costs for social security	8.310	6.988
Other staff costs	381	1.567
	<u>401.680</u>	<u>1.238.983</u>
Average number of employees	<u>1</u>	<u>5</u>
2. Other financial costs		
Other financial costs	<u>1.214</u>	<u>42.471</u>
	<u>1.214</u>	<u>42.471</u>
3. Contributed capital		
Contributed capital 1 January 2016	<u>50.000</u>	<u>50.000</u>
	<u>50.000</u>	<u>50.000</u>
4. Results brought forward		
Results brought forward 1 January 2016	104.644	0
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	<u>17.578</u>	<u>104.644</u>
	<u>122.222</u>	<u>104.644</u>