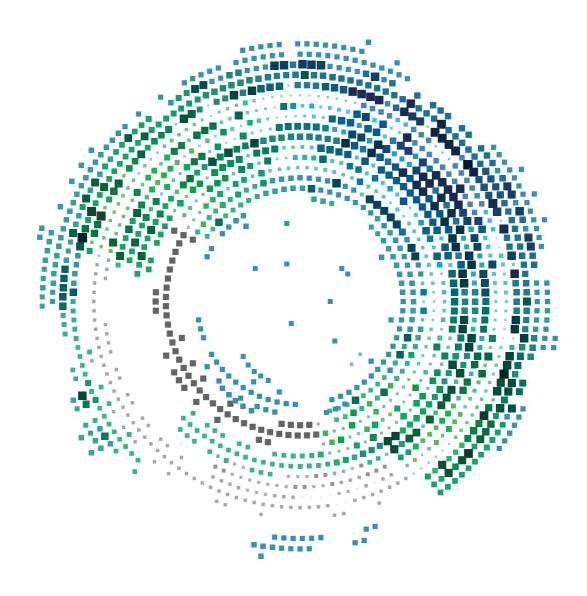
# Deloitte.



# Black Holdco ApS

Strandvejen 2A 8410 Rønde CVR No. 36485299

# Annual report 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 30.09.2021

# Kenneth Christian Mikkelsen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

# **Entity**

Black Holdco ApS Strandvejen 2A 8410 Rønde

Business Registration No.: 36485299

Registered office: Syddjurs

Financial year: 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021

# **Executive Board**

Kenneth Christian Mikkelsen

# **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Black Holdco ApS for the financial year 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.06.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Rønde, 30.09.2021

**Executive Board** 

Kenneth Christian Mikkelsen

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of Black Holdco ApS

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Black Holdco ApS for the financial year 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.06.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 30.09.2021

# **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

# Jacob Nørmark

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne30176

# **Management commentary**

# **Primary activities**

The objective of the company is to own shares in other companies.

# **Development in activities and finances**

The income statement for 2020/21 shows a loss of DKK 17,429 thousand against a loss of DKK 14,567 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 30 June 2021 shows equity of DKK 46,015 thousand.

# **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2020/21**

		2020/21	2019/20
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(7,500)	(5,000)
Income from investments in group enterprises		(17,422,675)	(14,563,080)
Income from financial assets		0	1
Profit/loss before tax		(17,430,175)	(14,568,079)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	1,650	1,000
Profit/loss for the year		(17,428,525)	(14,567,079)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		0	45,000,000
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		0	94,134,680
Retained earnings		(17,428,525)	(153,701,759)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(17,428,525)	(14,567,079)

# **Balance sheet at 30.06.2021**

# **Assets**

		2020/21	2019/20
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		46,024,847	108,048,887
Financial assets		46,024,847	108,048,887
Fixed assets		46,024,847	108,048,887
Joint taxation contribution receivable		2,650	1,000
Receivables		2,650	1,000
Current assets		2,650	1,000
Assets		46,027,497	108,049,887

# **Equity and liabilities**

		2020/21	2019/20
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		3,877,114	3,877,114
Retained earnings		42,137,883	59,167,773
Proposed dividend		0	45,000,000
Equity		46,014,997	108,044,887
Payables to group enterprises		6,250	0
Other payables		6,250	5,000
Current liabilities other than provisions		12,500	5,000
Liabilities other than provisions		12,500	5,000
Equity and liabilities		46,027,497	108,049,887
Contingent liabilities	2		
Related parties with controlling interest	3		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020/21

	Contributed	Retained	Proposed	
	capital	earnings	dividend	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	3,877,114	59,167,773	45,000,000	108,044,887
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	(45,000,000)	(45,000,000)
Exchange rate adjustments	0	398,635	0	398,635
Profit/loss for the year	0	(17,428,525)	0	(17,428,525)
Equity end of year	3,877,114	42,137,883	0	46,014,997

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# **Notes**

# 1 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020/21	2019/20
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	(1,650)	(1,000)
	(1,650)	(1,000)

# **2 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Grey Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

# 3 Related parties with controlling interest

EMK Capital Partners LP, London Grey Holding ApS, Syddjurs Grey Bidco 2019 ApS, Syddjurs Black Topco ApS, Syddjurs

The above-mentioned companies own all of the company shares and thus have a controlling interest in the Company.

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared. The financial statements of Black Holdco ApS and its group entities are part of the consolidated financial statements of Grey Holding ApS.

## **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

# **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## **Income statement**

## **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

# Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including administration costs, etc.

# Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

#### Income from other fixed asset investments

Income from other fixed asset investments comprises gains in the form of interest, dividends, etc on fixed asset investments which are not investments in group enterprises or associates.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

## **Balance sheet**

# Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

# Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax.

## Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

## Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.