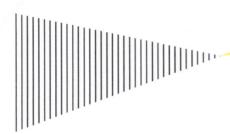
IO Biotech ApS

Ole Maaløes Vej 3, 2200 Copenhagen N

CVR no. 36 47 44 83



Annual report 2016

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Approved at the annual general meeting of shareholders on 21 April 2017

Chairman:





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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of IO Biotech ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 21 April 2017 Executive Board:

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Mai-Brit Zocca

of Directors: Boar d

Peter Hirth Chairman

Christian **E**llebæl Elling

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Mads Hald Andersen

Stephan Christgau

Claus Asbjørn Andersson



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of IO Biotech ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of IO Biotech ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.



Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our procedures, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 21 April 2017 ERNST & YOUNG Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Christian Schwenn Johansen State Authorised Public Accountant



Management's review

Company details

Name Address, Postal code, City

CVR no. Established Registered office Financial year

Website E-mail

Telephone

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Board of Directors

Executive Board

Auditors

Bankers

IO Biotech ApS Ole Maaløes Vej 3, 2200 Copenhagen N

36 47 44 83 23 December 2014 Copenhagen 1 January - 31 December

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Peter Hirth, Chairman Stephan Christgau Mads Hald Andersen Christian Ellebæk Elling Claus Asbjørn Andersson

Mai-Brit Zocca

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Osvald Helmuths Vej 4, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

Danske Bank



Management's review

Management commentary

Business review

IO Biotech develops novel therapeutic immuno-oncology vaccines targeting immune check point inhibitory targets to treat cancer. IO Biotech is focused on unlocking the full potential of the immune system to recognise and attack cancer cells. Check point vaccines have a unique dual mode of action leading to simultaneous activation of anti-cancer immune responses and direct killing of tumor cells in contrast to known check point inhibitors in clinical use. By leveraging the ability of the natural immune system to fight cancer, the pipeline of IO Biotech has the potential to significantly provide novel effective treatments to the benefit of patients in need.

IO Biotech is planning first dosing of patients in a randomised clinical phase II study of its lead IDO candidate in non-small cell lung carcinoma (NSCLC) in 2017 including clinical centres in both Europe and the US.

Financial review

The income statement for 2016 shows a loss of DKK 12,322,483 against DKK 3,249,660 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2016 shows equity of DKK 69,391,356. Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

At the end of 2016, the Company successfully completed a EUR 8.5 million (approx. DKK 63.2 million) Series A financing round with the new investor Sunstone Capital and the existing investors Lundbeckfonden and Novo A/S. In December 2016, the share capital was increased by DKK 164,758 at total price of DKK 63.2 million (newly issued class B shares to Sunstone Capital, Lundbeckfonden and Novo A/S).

On 22 December 2016, the Company exercised an option to acquire the licence to the IP related to PD-L1 based immunotherapy from Herlev and Gentofte hospital of DKK 1,000,000.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.



Income statement

Note	DKK	2016	2014/15
2	Administrative expenses	-1,736,263	-570,374
	Operating profit/loss Research costs	-1,736,263 -13,366,060	-570,374 -3,310,235
3	Profit/loss before net financials Financial expenses	-15,102,323 -40,421	-3,880,609 -35,949
4	Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year	-15,142,744 2,820,261	-3,916,558 666,898
	Profit/loss for the year	-12,322,483	-3,249,660

Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-12,322,483	-3,249,660
	-12,322,483	-3,249,660



Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2016	2014/15
	ASSETS		
-	Fixed assets		
5	Intangible assets Acquired intangible assets	1,000,000	0
		1,000,000	0
	Property, plant and equipment		
	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	7,116	12,140
		7,116	12,140
	Investments		
	Deposits	36,037	0
		36,037	0
	Total fixed assets	1,043,153	12,140
	Non-fixed assets		
	Receivables	2,820,261	666,898
	Corporation tax receivable Other receivables	962,060	52,185
	Prepayments	10,110	23,706
		3,792,431	742,789
	Cash	68,857,029	19,282,238
	Total non-fixed assets	72,649,460	20,025,027
	TOTAL ASSETS	73,692,613	20,037,167



Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2016	2014/15
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
6	Share capital	276,557	111,799
	Retained earnings	69,114,799	18,481,689
	Total equity	69,391,356	18,593,488
	Liabilities		
	Current liabilities		
	Trade payables	2,613,849	120,854
	Other payables	1,687,408	1,322,825
		4,301,257	1,443,679
	Total liabilities other than provisions	4,301,257	1,443,679
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	73,692,613	20,037,167

Accounting policies
Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

8 Collateral



Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2016	111,799	18,481,689	18,593,488
Capital increase	164,758	63,050,593	63,215,351
Expenses, capital increase	0	-95,000	-95,000
Transfer, see "Appropriation of loss"	0	-12,322,483	-12,322,483
Equity at 31 December 2016	276,557	69,114,799	69,391,356



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of IO Biotech ApS for 2016 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Changes in accounting policies

Effective 1 January 2016, the Company has adopted act no. 738 of 1 June 2015. This implies the following changes in the recognition and measurement:

 In future, residual values of property, plant and equipment will be subject to annual reassessment. The Company has no significant residual values relating to property, plant and equipment. Consequently, the change is made with future effect only as a change in accounting estimates with no impact on equity.

Apart from the above changes in accounting policy and new and changed presentation and disclosure requirements, which follow from act. no. 738 of 1 June 2015, the accounting policies are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Public grants

Public grants, such as PhD grants, given to cover expenses are recognised in the income statement under the financial statement item "Research costs" once it is probable that all criteria for being given the grant are satisfied. Grants which must be repaid under certain circumstances are recognised only in so far as they are not expected to be repaid.

Income statement

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include expenses incurred in the year for company management and administration, including expenses relating to administrative staff, Management, office premises and expenses as well as amortisation/depreciation of assets used for administrative purposes.

Research costs

The item includes research costs not satisfying the criteria for capitalisation. Research costs comprise salaries, patent costs, consultancy fees, clinical trial cost, etc.

Contractual costs to provide services related to clinical trial start-up activities are recognised ratably over the estimated start-up period.



Notes to the financial statements

Accounting policies (continued) 1

Contractual costs to provide services related to patient treatment are recognised based on data related to patient screening, enrollment and monitoring visits. Fixed fees not directly correlated to patient activities, such as CRO management fees or database maintenance, are often recognised ratably over the treatment period.

Contractual costs to provide wrap-up activities are often recognised ratably over the estimated wrapup period

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment.

The basis of amortisation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is amortised on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Acquired intangible assets	10 years
Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	3 years

Financial expenses

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Tax of the year includes tax credits for costs incurred in connection with research and development activities under the Danish Tax Regime.

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Other intangible assets include development projects and other acquired intangible rights, including development projects.

Other intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Investments

Deposits are measured at cost.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of non-current assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries and associates is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities, with the exeption of temporary differences occurring at the time of acquisition of assets and liabilities neither affecting the results of opreations nor the taxable income.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Tax credits from research and development expenditures are recognised in the balance sheet as tax receivables.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.



Notes to the financial statements

	DKK	2016	2014/15
2	Staff costs Wages/salaries Pensions Other social security costs Other staff costs	3,318,536 4,860 2,891 114,583 3,440,870	1,201,548 1,740 551 10,829 1,214,668
	Staff costs are recognised as follows in the financial statements:		
	Administration Research	947,593 2,493,277	380,790 833,878
		3,440,870	1,214,668
	Average number of full-time employees	5	2
3	Financial expenses		
	Other interest expenses Exchange losses	5,385 27,541	251 30,664
	Other financial expenses	7,495	5,034
		40,421	35,949
	Tou for the user		
4	Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year	-2,820,261	-666,898
		-2,820,261	-666,898
5	Intangible assets		
	DKK		Acquired intangible assets
	Cost at 1 January 2016 Additions		0 1,000,000
	Cost at 31 December 2016		1,000,000
	Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January 2016 Amortisation for the year		0
	Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December 2016		0
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2016		1,000,000

Acquired intellectual property rights include patents with a carrying amount of DKK 1,000,000..

On 22 December 2016, the Company exercised an option to acquire the licence to the IP related to PD-L1 based immunotherapy from Herlev and Gentofte hospital of DKK 1,000,000.



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Financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

DKK	2016	2014/15
Share capital		
Analysis of the share capital:		
50,000 A shares of DKK 1.00 nominal value each 226,557 B shares of DKK 1.00 nominal value each	50,000 226,557	50,000 61,799
	276,557	111,799

The B shares carry special preference rights in case of distribution of dividends, etc. and protection against dilution in case of certain issues of shares.

The shareholders of the Company have pre-emptive subscription rights within their respective share classes, unless in the case of issue of warrants where there are no pre-emptive subscription rights, as subscription rights in connection with Anti-Solution Protection are solely available to those shareholders holding shares in the share class to be increased.

The Board is authorised until 30 June 2017 in one or more turns to decide to issue warrants for subscription of A shares at an amount of nominally up to DKK 30,800 and to decide the required capital increase. The warrants can be issued to employees, board members, consultants and others associated with the Company without pre-emptive rights for existing shareholders. The warrants can be issued at a rate below the market rate, however not below par value. The shareholders of the Company have pre-emptive subscription rights within their respective share classes, however, subscription rights in connection with the Anti-Solution Proctection are solely available to B shareholders.

7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other financial obligations

Other rent and lease liabilities:

DKK	2016	2014/15
Rent and lease liabilities	43,531	0

As part of the licence agreements entered by the Company once a product is developed and commercialised, the Company may be required to make milestone payments and royalty payments. The Company expects to generate income from such products which will exceed any such milestone and royalty payments due. No minimum unconditional payments have been committed to. The Company has no liabilities prior to the occurrence of a potential future event. Accordingly, no such liabilities have been recognised.

8 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2016.