

Crowe Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a.

Rygårds Allé 104 DK-2900 Hellerup

Telefon +45 39 29 25 00 www.crowe.dk

Schippers Danmark ApS

Agro Food Park 13 8200 Aarhus

CVR no. 36 45 91 74

Annual report for 2022

(8th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 11 April 2023

Augustinus Petrus Maria Schippers chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Schippers Danmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Århus, 21 March 2023

Executive board

Augustinus Petrus Maria Schippers Henricus Petrus Maria Schippers

Martinus Pancratius Maria Schippers

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Schippers Danmark ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Schippers Danmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

CVR no. 33 25 68 76

Søren Jonassen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne18488

Company details

The company Schippers Danmark ApS

Agro Food Park 13

8200 Aarhus

CVR no.: 36 45 91 74

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2022

Incorporated: 1 December 2014

Domicile: Århus

Executive board Augustinus Petrus Maria Schippers

Henricus Petrus Maria Schippers Martinus Pancratius Maria Schippers

Auditors Crowe

Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a.

Rygårds Allé 104 2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Business review

The company's objective is to sell products within the agriculture industry and to catty on other related activities. The company specializes within hygine, pest control, coating and cattle, pig and poultry products such as vitamins, food, ear tags, treatment of hooves and syringes.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 shows a profit of DKK 220,202, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of DKK 2,059,941.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report of Schippers Danmark ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2022 is presented in DKK.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from sale of finished goods is recognised in the income statement when delivery and transfer of risk has been made before year end. Revenue is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to the sale.

Accounting policies

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest, realised and unrealised exchange adjustments, bank fees as well as extra payments and repayment under the onaccount taxation scheme.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of Tangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 5 years

Assets costing less than DKK 3,725 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Gains or losses from the disposal of fixed assets are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses, respectively.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at cost using the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Accounting policies

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Debts are measured at net realisable value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign-exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022

Gross profit 4,286,060 3,695 Staff costs 1 -3,722,879 -3,111 Depreciation and impairment of tangible assets -259,523 -297 Profit/loss before net financials 303,658 287 Financial income 2 32,615 40 Financial costs -53,109 -60 Profit/loss before tax 283,164 267 Tax on profit/loss for the year 3 -62,962 -62 Profit/loss for the year 3 -62,962 -62 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss 220,202 205 Retained earnings 220,202 205 220,202 205		Note	2022	2021
Staff costs 1 -3,722,879 -3,111 Depreciation and impairment of tangible assets -259,523 -297 Profit/loss before net financials 303,658 287 Financial income 2 32,615 40 Financial costs -53,109 -60 Profit/loss before tax 283,164 267 Tax on profit/loss for the year 3 -62,962 -62 Profit/loss for the year 220,202 205 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings 220,202 205			DKK	TDKK
Depreciation and impairment of tangible assets -259,523 -297 Profit/loss before net financials 303,658 287 Financial income 2 32,615 40 Financial costs -53,109 -60 Profit/loss before tax 283,164 267 Tax on profit/loss for the year 3 -62,962 -62 Profit/loss for the year 220,202 205 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings 220,202 205	Gross profit		4,286,060	3,695
Profit/loss before net financials 303,658 287 Financial income 2 32,615 40 Financial costs -53,109 -60 Profit/loss before tax 283,164 267 Tax on profit/loss for the year 3 -62,962 -62 Profit/loss for the year 220,202 205 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings 220,202 205	Staff costs	1	-3,722,879	-3,111
Financial income 2 32,615 40 Financial costs -53,109 -60 Profit/loss before tax 283,164 267 Tax on profit/loss for the year 3 -62,962 -62 Profit/loss for the year 220,202 205 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings 220,202 205	Depreciation and impairment of tangible assets		-259,523	-297
Financial costs -53,109 -60 Profit/loss before tax 283,164 267 Tax on profit/loss for the year 3 -62,962 -62 Profit/loss for the year 220,202 205 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings 220,202 205	Profit/loss before net financials		303,658	287
Profit/loss before tax 283,164 267 Tax on profit/loss for the year 3 -62,962 -62 Profit/loss for the year 220,202 205 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings 220,202 205	Financial income	2	32,615	40
Tax on profit/loss for the year 3 -62,962 -62 Profit/loss for the year 220,202 205 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings 220,202 205	Financial costs		-53,109	-60
Profit/loss for the year 220,202 205 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings 220,202 205	Profit/loss before tax		283,164	267
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings 220,202 205	Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-62,962	-62
Retained earnings 220,202 205	Profit/loss for the year		220,202	205
Retained earnings 220,202 205				
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
<u>220,202</u> <u>205</u>	Retained earnings		220,202	205
			220,202	205

Balance sheet at 31 December 2022

	Note		2021 TDKK
Assets			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	4	492,052	709
Tangible assets		492,052	709
Total non-current assets		492,052	709
Goods for resale		146,462	80
Stocks		146,462	80
Trade receivables	5	1,128,882	1,961
Receivables from group enterprises		1,829,070	3,574
Other receivables		0	55
Deferred tax asset		24,852	17
Corporation tax		29,138	52
Prepayments		31,304	47
Receivables		3,043,246	5,706
Cash at bank and in hand		687,275	1,176
Total current assets		3,876,983	6,962
Total assets		4,369,035	7,671

Balance sheet at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	TDKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		50,000	50
Retained earnings		2,009,941	1,790
Equity		2,059,941	1,840
Trade payables		632,224	684
Payables to group enterprises		0	3,283
Other payables		1,676,870	1,864
Total current liabilities		2,309,094	5,831
Total liabilities		2,309,094	5,831
Total equity and liabilities		4,369,035	7,671
Contingencies, etc.	6		
Mortgages and collateral	7		

Statement of changes in equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022	50,000	1,789,739	1,839,739
Net profit/loss for the year	0	220,202	220,202
Equity at 31 December 2022	50,000	2,009,941	2,059,941

Notes

		2022	2021
		DKK	TDKK
1	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries	3,662,396	3,058
	Other social security costs	60,483	53
		3,722,879	3,111
	Average number of employees	7	7
2	Financial income		
	Interest received from group enterprises	32,615	40
		32,615	40
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	70,862	70
	Deferred tax for the year	-7,900	-8
		62,962	62

Notes

4 Tangible assets

Cost at 1 January 2022		Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Additions for the year Disposals for the year		67,088 -38,539
Cost at 31 December 2022		2,621,159
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2022		1,883,771
Depreciation for the year		259,523
Impairment and depreciation of sold assets for the year		-14,187
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2022		2,129,107
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022		492,052
	2022	2021
	DKK	TDKK
Trade receivables	DIXIX	IDIXIX
The following trade receivables fall due for payment more than 1 year after year end	4,218	86

6 Contingencies, etc.

The company has entered into a lease agreement with a notice of 3 months and a contingent liability of DKK 20,050.

7 Mortgages and collateral

None.

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