

Devon&Devon ApS

Store Kongensgade 118 st., 1264 København K

Annual report for 2020

CVR no. 36 45 56 83

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 5 March 2021

chairman: Graziano Verdi

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Devon&Devon ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 22 January 2021

Executive board

Graziano Verdi
Director

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Devon&Devon ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Devon&Devon ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 16 February 2021

Ecovis Danmark
statsautoriseret revisionsinteressentskab
CVR no. 28 93 95 23

Kurt Bülow
State Authorized Public Accountant
MNE no. mne3112

Company details

The company	<p>Devon&Devon ApS Store Kongensgade 118 st. 1264 København K</p> <p>CVR no.: 36 45 56 83</p> <p>Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2020</p> <p>Domicile: Copenhagen</p>
Executive board	Graziano Verdi, director
Auditors	<p>Ecovis Danmark statsautoriseret revisionsinteressentskab Vendersgade 28 st. th 1363 København K</p>
Bankers	<p>Danske Bank Holmens Kanal 2-12 1092 København K</p>
Consolidated financial statements	<p>The company is reflected in the group report as the parent company Devon & Devon S.p.a.</p> <p>The group report of can be obtained at the following address:</p> <p>Devon&Devon S.p.A. Scandicci (FI) Via di Casellina 61 / D Italien</p>

Management's review

Business review

The main activity of the company is engros and retail sale of ceramic and sanitary goods and related products, distribution in Denmark, Scandinavia and surrounding countries.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Gross profit		22.674	-65.385
Staff costs	2	-438.681	-432.354
Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses		-416.007	-497.739
Financial costs		-8.272	-10.337
Profit/loss before tax		-424.279	-508.076
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	0	0
Profit/loss for the year		-424.279	-508.076

Distribution of profit

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Retained earnings	-424.279	-508.076
	-424.279	-508.076

Balance sheet 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
Assets			
Deposits		191.971	191.971
Fixed asset investments		191.971	191.971
Total non-current assets		191.971	191.971
Finished goods and goods for resale		675.130	582.245
Stocks		675.130	582.245
Trade receivables		247.224	67.378
Receivables		247.224	67.378
Cash at bank and in hand		162.652	240.360
Total current assets		1.085.006	889.983
Total assets		1.276.977	1.081.954

Balance sheet 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		185.000	185.000
Retained earnings		-1.082.709	-658.432
Equity		-897.709	-473.432
Trade payables		1.797.154	1.435.010
Other payables		377.532	120.376
Total current liabilities		2.174.686	1.555.386
Total liabilities		2.174.686	1.555.386
Total equity and liabilities		1.276.977	1.081.954
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)	1		
Rent and lease liabilities	4		
Related parties and ownership structure	5		

Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2020	185.000	-658.430	-473.430
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-424.279	-424.279
Equity at 31 December 2020	185.000	-1.082.709	-897.709

Notes

1 Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)

The Parent Company Italcir S.p.A., has given an declaration of support Devon&Devon DK ApS economic and financial, to ensure the activities in the subsidiary in the next 12 months from General Assembly for the financial year 2020.

	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
2 Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	433.577	426.084
Other social security costs	4.442	5.507
Other staff costs	662	763
	<u>438.681</u>	<u>432.354</u>
Average number of employees	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

3 Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax on profit/loss for the year is calculated as follows:

Calculated 22% tax on profit/loss for the year before tax	-93.341	-111.777
Tax effect of:		
Non-capitalised deferred tax	<u>93.341</u>	<u>111.777</u>
	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

Notes

	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
4 Rent and lease liabilities		
Lease liabilities, 52-month period of interminability	2.118.532	2.585.728

5 Related parties and ownership structure

Ownership structure

According to the company's register of shareholders, the following shareholder holds at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

Devon&Devon S.p.A., Via Arno 26/A, 42048 Rubiera - RE, Italien

Consolidated financial statements

The company is reflected in the group report as the parent company Devon & Devon S.p.a.

The group report of can be obtained at the following address:

Devon&Devon S.p.A.
Scandicci (FI)
Via di Casellina 61 / D
Italien

Accounting policies

The annual report of Devon&Devon ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2020 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Accounting policies

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables include the raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

Other external costs

Other external costs include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Balance sheet

Stocks

Stocks are measured at cost using the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

The net realisable value of stocks is calculated as the expected selling price less direct costs of completion and expenses incurred to effect the sale. The net realisable value is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and expected selling price movements.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Accounting policies

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

The compensated absence commitment which the company's employees earn during the transitional period from 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020, is administered by the company and is paid in to the Danish Holiday Fund before the employee reaches the pensionable age. Other debt is measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.