

# PATRIZIA Nordic Cities PropCo B ApS

c/o PATRIZIA Denmark A/S, Adelgade 15,2  
1304 Copenhagen K

CVR no. 36 44 72 65

## Annual report 2016

The annual report was presented and approved at the  
Company's annual general meeting on

28 April 2017

Olga Ciesla  
chairman

*O. Ciesla*

## **Contents**

<b>Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Independent auditor's report</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Management's review</b>	<b>6</b>
Company details	6
Operating review	7
<b>Financial statements 1 January – 31 December</b>	
Income statement	8
Balance sheet	9
Notes	11

## Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of PATRIZIA Nordic Cities PropCo B ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

It is our opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen 28 April 2017

Executive Board:



Bernhard Christian  
Paul Engelbrecht



Christian Stefan Berg

Board of Directors:



Rikke Lykke  
Chairman



Klaus Alois Schmitt



Bernhard Christian  
Paul Engelbrecht



## **Independent auditor's report**

**To the shareholder of PATRIZIA Nordic Cities PropCo B ApS**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of PATRIZIA Nordic Cities PropCo B ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016 comprising income statement, balance sheet and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Management's responsibility for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



## Independent auditor's report

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other



## **Independent auditor's report**

matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on the Management's review**

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 28 April 2017

**KPMG**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 25 57 81 98

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Benny Lynge Sørensen', written over a faint grid pattern.

Benny Lynge Sørensen  
State Authorised  
Public Accountant

**PATRIZIA Nordic Cities PropCo B ApS**  
Annual report 2016  
CVR no. 36 44 72 65

## **Management's review**

### **Company details**

**PATRIZIA Nordic Cities PropCo B ApS**  
c/o PATRIZIA Denmark A/S, Adelgade 15, 2  
1304 Copenhagen K

**CVR no.:** 36 44 72 65  
**Established:** 27 November 2014  
**Registered office:** Copenhagen K  
**Financial year:** 1 January – 31 December

### **Board of Directors**

Rikke Lykke, Chairman  
Klaus Alois Schmitt  
Bernhard Christian Paul Engelbrecht

### **Executive Board**

Bernhard Christian Paul Engelbrecht  
Christian Stefan Berg

### **Auditor**

KPMG  
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Dampfærgevej 28  
DK-2100 København K

### **Annual general meeting**

The annual general meeting will be held on 28 April 2017 at the Company's address.

## **Management's review**

### **Operating review**

#### **Principal activity**

The objective of the Company is to acquire real estate property for a subsequent resale.

#### **Development in the year**

The income statement shows a loss for the financial year of DKK 6,319 thousand.

#### **Subsequent events**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date that materially affect the Company's financial position.



## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Income statement

DKK'000	Note	2016	2014/15
Revenue		<u>18,571</u>	<u>16,868</u>
Other external costs		<u>-9,127</u>	<u>-7,474</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>9,444</b>	<b>9,394</b>
Depreciation and impairment of tangible assets		<u>-6,079</u>	<u>-6,299</u>
<b>Profit before financial income and expenses</b>		<b>3,365</b>	<b>3,095</b>
Financial income	2	512	0
Financial costs	3	<u>-11,978</u>	<u>-12,622</u>
<b>Loss before tax</b>		<b>-8,101</b>	<b>-9,527</b>
Tax on loss for the year	4	<u>1,782</u>	<u>2,096</u>
<b>Loss for the year</b>		<b><u>-6,319</u></b>	<b><u>-7,431</u></b>
<b>Proposed distribution of loss</b>			
Retained earnings		<u>-6,319</u>	<u>-7,431</u>
		<b><u>-6,319</u></b>	<b><u>-7,431</u></b>

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	2016	2015
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
<b>Investment properties</b>	5		
Land and buildings		455,757	444,339
Technical installations		60,385	62,756
		<u>516,142</u>	<u>507,095</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>		<u>516,142</u>	<u>507,095</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
<b>Receivables</b>			
Other receivables		368	1,544
Deferred tax asset		3,879	2,096
Prepayments		215	202
		<u>4,462</u>	<u>3,842</u>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<u>40,301</u>	<u>10,865</u>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<u>44,763</u>	<u>14,707</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u><u>560,905</u></u>	<u><u>521,802</u></u>

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	2016	2014/15
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Equity</b>	6		
Share capital		750	750
Share premium		181,850	137,850
Retained earnings		-13,750	-7,431
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>168,850</u>	<u>131,169</u>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>			
<b>Long-term debt</b>	7		
Mortgage loans		244,332	244,332
Payables to shareholders		138,425	138,950
		<u>382,757</u>	<u>383,282</u>
<b>Short-term debt</b>			
Deposit and prepaid rent		5,869	4,786
Trade payables		929	599
Payables to shareholder	7	647	649
Other payables		1,853	1,317
		<u>9,298</u>	<u>7,351</u>
<b>Total debt</b>		<u>392,055</u>	<u>390,633</u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<u>560,905</u>	<u>521,802</u>
Mortgages and collateral	8		
Related parties	9		

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of PATRIZIA Nordic Cities PropCo B ApS for 2016 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Income statement

##### Revenue

Revenue, comprising rental income, is recognised in the period to which it relates.

##### Other external costs

Other external costs comprise costs incurred during the year as a result of the rental of the Company's properties and administration.

##### Financial costs

Financial costs comprise interest expense, exchange rate adjustments and other financial costs.

##### Tax on loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement at the amount attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity at the amount attributable to entries directly in equity.

#### Balance sheet

##### Investment properties

Land and buildings, and technical installations are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use. Indirect production overheads and borrowing costs are not recognised in cost.

Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

The depreciable amount, which is calculated as cost less any residual values after the end of the useful life, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	50 years (residual value 50%)
Technical installations	25 years

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Land is not depreciated.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

#### Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of investment properties is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, a write-down is made.

Write-downs are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of receivables and the present value of forecast cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayments of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

##### Equity

###### *Dividend*

Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability at the date when they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected payment for the year is disclosed as a separate item under equity.

##### Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities measured on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement and in equity, respectively.

##### Liabilities other than provisions

Payables to credit institutions are recognised at cost at the date of borrowing, equivalent to proceeds received less transaction costs paid.

Subsequently, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

DKK'000	2016	2014/15	
<b>2 Financial income</b>			
Foreign exchange gains from shareholder payables	512	0	
<b>3 Financial costs</b>			
Interest paid to shareholder	7,647	8,286	
Other financial costs	4,331	4,336	
	11,978	12,622	
<b>4 Tax on loss for the year</b>			
Deferred tax for the year	-1,782	-2,096	
	-1,782	-2,096	
<b>5 Investment properties</b>			
DKK'000	Land and buildings	Technical installations	Total
Cost at 1 January 2016	447,959	65,437	513,396
Additions for the year	15,124	0	15,124
Cost at 31 December 2016	463,083	65,437	528,520
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2016	-3,618	-2,681	-6,299
Depreciation for the year	-3,708	-2,371	-6,079
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2016	-7,326	-5,052	-12,378
Carrying amount at 31 December 2016	455,757	60,385	516,142

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

#### 6 Equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2016	750	137,850	-7,431	131,169
Cash capital increase	0	44,000	0	44,000
Net result for the year	0	0	-6,319	-6,319
Equity at 31 December 2016	750	181,850	-13,750	168,850

The share capital consists of 7,501 shares of a nominal value of DKK 100. No shares carry any special rights.

The share capital has increased by 1 share during the year.

#### 7 Long-term debt

DKK'000	2016	2014/15
<b>Mortgage loans</b>		
After 5 years	244,332	244,332
<b>Payables to shareholder</b>		
After 5 years	138,425	138,950
Within 1 year	647	649
	139,072	139,599

#### 8 Mortgages and collateral

Investment properties with a carrying amount of DKK 516.1 million at 31 December 2016 have been provided as collateral for mortgages of DKK 244 million.

#### 9 Related party disclosures

PATRIZIA Nordic Cities PropCo B ApS is included in the consolidated financial statements of PATRIZIA Nordic Cities SCS, SICAV-SIF, 2-4 rue Beck, L-12222 Luxemburg, where they can be obtained.