

SOEBORG BUSINESS CENTRE APS  
Larsbjørnsstræde 3  
1454 København K

Annual report for 2018

Adopted at the annual general meeting on  
6 May 2019

DocuSigned by:



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chairman

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## STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Soeborg Business Centre ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 6 May 2019

### Executive board

DocuSigned by:

Christoffel Alfonso Maria Mul  
Director

## COMPANY DETAILS

### The company

Soeborg Business Centre ApS  
Larsbjørnsstræde 3  
1454 København K

CVR no.: 36 44 64 20

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2018

Incorporated: 27. November 2014

Domicile: København K

### Executive board

Christoffel Alfonsus Maria Mul

## MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

### **Business activities**

The company operates as a provider of office facilities through Regus Management ApS, which company operates as a manager of the Regus activities in Denmark.

### **Business review**

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December shows a loss of DKK 725.659, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2018 shows negative equity of DKK 1.597.310.

### **Going concern:**

It is the current intention of IWG Group to provide the Company with sufficient financial funds in order to enable the Company to fulfil at any time its payment obligations, but no written commitments has been given. Reference is made to note 1 for more details.

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The annual report of Soeborg Business Centre ApS for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected provisions as regards larger entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2018 is presented in DKK.

### **Basis of recognition and measurement**

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, consumables and other external expenses.

#### **Revenue**

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received.

#### **Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses**

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, as well as allowance and surcharges under the advance payment og tax scheme, ect.

### **Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, including changes arising from changes in tax rates, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

The entity and its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The danish income tax charge is allocated between profit-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation method).

Jointly taxed companies entitled to a tax refund are, as a minimum, reimbursed by the management company according to the current rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed companies having paid too little tax pay as a maximum, a surcharge according to the current rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

### **Balance sheet**

#### **Tangible assets**

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment.	3-10 years

Assets costing less than DKK 13.500 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Equity**

#### **Dividends**

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

#### **Income tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

#### **Liabilities**

Other liabilities, which include trade receivables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.



## INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>-556.948</b>	<b>311.952</b>
Depreciation		-122.247	-202.423
<b>Profit/loss before net financials</b>		<b>-679.195</b>	<b>109.529</b>
Financial costs	2	-91.724	-76.375
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>-770.919</b>	<b>33.154</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	45.260	22.177
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>-725.659</b>	<b>55.331</b>
 <b>Distribution of profit</b>			
Retained earnings		-725.659	55.331
		<b>-725.659</b>	<b>55.331</b>

**BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2018</u> DKK	<u>2017</u> DKK
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		406.203	161.414
<b>Tangible assets</b>	4	<b><u>406.203</u></b>	<b><u>161.414</u></b>
Deposits		1.148.792	1.148.333
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>		<b><u>1.148.792</u></b>	<b><u>1.148.333</u></b>
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b><u>1.554.995</u></b>	<b><u>1.309.747</u></b>
Trade receivables		100.722	0
Receivables from group enterprises		137.318	372.333
Other receivables		490.517	14.755
Corporation tax		45.260	21.989
Prepayments		470.843	680.275
<b>Receivables</b>		<b><u>1.244.660</u></b>	<b><u>1.089.352</u></b>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b><u>1.244.660</u></b>	<b><u>1.089.352</u></b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b><u><u>2.799.655</u></u></b>	<b><u><u>2.399.099</u></u></b>

**BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2018</u> DKK	<u>2017</u> DKK
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
Share capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		-1.647.310	-921.651
<b>Equity</b>		<b>-1.597.310</b>	<b>-871.651</b>
Trade payables		807.735	41.425
Payables to group enterprises		2.909.989	2.786.213
Other payables		679.241	443.112
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>4.396.965</b>	<b>3.270.750</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>4.396.965</b>	<b>3.270.750</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>2.799.655</b>	<b>2.399.099</b>
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)	1		
Contingencies, etc.	5		
Related parties and ownership structure	6		

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity at 1 January 2018	50.000	-921.651	-871.651
Net profit/loss for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>-725.659</u>	<u>-725.659</u>
Equity at 31 December 2018	<u><u>50.000</u></u>	<u><u>-1.647.310</u></u>	<u><u>-1.597.310</u></u>

## NOTES

### 1 UNCERTAINTY ABOUT THE CONTINUED OPERATION (GOING CONCERN)

As regards uncertainties concerning the enterprises ability to continue as a going concern, management has assumed, that IWG Group will continue to provide the necessary liquidity available to the company for the current year.

The company has not received commitments from the IWG Group. The executive board expects, through strategic measures, that the capital can be restored over a number of years.

	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
<b>2 FINANCIAL COSTS</b>		
Financial expenses, group entities	91.684	76.375
Exchange adjustments costs	40	0
	91.724	76.375
<b>3 TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR</b>		
Current tax for the year	-45.260	-7.496
Deferred tax for the year	0	-188
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	-14.493
	-45.260	-22.177
<b>4 TANGIBLE ASSETS</b>		Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Cost at 1 January 2018		544.879
Additions for the year		367.036
Cost at 31 December 2018		911.915
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2018		383.465
Depreciation for the year		122.247
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2018		505.712
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018		406.203

## NOTES

### 5 CONTINGENCIES, ETC.

Regus Management ApS being the administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and, as from the financial year 2014, unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

As from 2014, the company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax interest, royalties and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may changes in the company's liabilities.

Other rent and lease liabilities as of December 31st 2018: 1,300 tDKK (2017: 3,034 tDKK).

The company is jointly tax registered with other Regus companies and is therefore jointly liable for VAT settlement.

### 6 RELATED PARTIES AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

#### Other related parties

Soeborg Business Center ApS' related parties comprise the following:  
IWG Plc, 22 Grenville Street, st. Heller, JE4 8PX Jersey.