

BALLERUP BUSINESS CENTRE APS
Larsbjørnsstræde 3
København K

Annual report for 2017

Adopted at the annual general meeting on
14 May 2018

DocuSigned by:

Remo Gross

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chairman

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STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Ballerup Business Centre ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends to the company in general meeting that the financial statements for 2018 should not be audited. Management considers the criteria for omission of audit to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 14 May 2018

Executive board

DocuSigned by:
Patrick Bakker
Patrick Bakker
Director

DocuSigned by:
Remo Gross
Remo Gross
Director

The general meeting of shareholders have resolved that the financial statements for the coming financial year are not to be audited.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the shareholder of Ballerup Business Centre ApS

Auditors' Report on the Financial Statements

Adverse Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ballerup Business Centre ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, due to the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements do not give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2017 or of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Adverse Opinion

The annual accounts have been prepared assuming continued operation. As shown in the management's review and Note 1, it is material for the company in order to continue its activities that the Regus Group regularly provides the necessary liquidity, which management expects. We have not obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence of this commitment. Accordingly, we qualify that the annual accounts have been prepared on the basis of continued operation.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Reporting according to Danish Bookkeeping Act § 7, stk. 2

The company has not complied with Danish Bookkeeping Act that financial records must be kept in Denmark. The company's management may incur liability for breach of the Danish Bookkeeping Act.

Copenhagen, 14 May 2018

CHRISTENSEN KJÆRULFF
Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab
CVR no. 15 91 56 41

Sven Erik-Vejlby
State Authorized Public Accountant
MNE no. mne25075

COMPANY DETAILS

The company	Ballerup Business Centre ApS Larsbjørnsstræde 3 København K
	CVR no.: 36 44 64 04
	Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2017
	Incorporated: 27. November 2014
	Domicile: Copenhagen
Executive board	Patrick Bakker, director Remo Gross, director
Auditors	Christensen Kjærulff Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab Store Kongensgade 68 1264 København K

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Business activities

The company operates as a provider of office facilities.

Unusual matters

Going concern

The annual report has been presented under the assumption of continued operations of the company.

Continued operations require further investments. Expectations are that Regus Group will continue to provide the required capital available for the company for the current year.

The executive board expects, through strategic measures, that the capital can be restored over a number of years.

Reference is made to note 1 for more details.

Business review

The Company's income statement for the year ended 31 December shows a loss of DKK 686.053, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2017 shows negative equity of DKK 3.207.331.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The annual report of Ballerup Business Centre ApS for 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected provisions as regards larger entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2017 is presented in DKK.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables include the raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of mortgage loans and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, including changes arising from changes in tax rates, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-10	years	
Leasehold improvements	10	years	or lease period years

Assets costing less than DKK 13.200 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Equity

Dividend

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability at the date of declaration by the annual general meeting.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade receivables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2017 DKK	2016 DKK
Gross profit		-527.193	-1.757.762
Depreciation		-60.460	-58.118
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-587.653	-1.815.880
Financial income		0	2.537
Financial costs	2	-171.229	-115.406
Profit/loss before tax		-758.882	-1.928.749
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	72.829	427.177
Net profit/loss for the year		-686.053	-1.501.572
 Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		-686.053	-1.501.572
		-686.053	-1.501.572

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> DKK	<u>2016</u> DKK
ASSETS			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		324.216	287.182
Leasehold improvements		808.017	7.500
Tangible assets	4	<u>1.132.233</u>	<u>294.682</u>
Deposits		883.116	1.078.126
Fixed asset investments		<u>883.116</u>	<u>1.078.126</u>
Fixed assets total		<u>2.015.349</u>	<u>1.372.808</u>
Receivables from subsidiaries		1.057.755	0
Other receivables		151.605	72.315
Corporation tax		72.829	246.549
Prepayments		547.399	285.620
Receivables		<u>1.829.588</u>	<u>604.484</u>
Current assets total		<u>1.829.588</u>	<u>604.484</u>
Assets total		<u><u>3.844.937</u></u>	<u><u>1.977.292</u></u>

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> DKK	<u>2016</u> DKK
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Share capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		<u>-3.257.331</u>	<u>-2.571.278</u>
Equity	5	<u>-3.207.331</u>	<u>-2.521.278</u>
Other credit institutions		0	120
Trade payables		684.289	31.057
Payables to subsidiaries		5.921.884	4.313.624
Other payables		106.512	153.769
Deferred income		<u>339.583</u>	<u>0</u>
Short-term debt		<u>7.052.268</u>	<u>4.498.570</u>
Debt total		<u>7.052.268</u>	<u>4.498.570</u>
Liabilities and equity total		<u><u>3.844.937</u></u>	<u><u>1.977.292</u></u>
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)	1		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	6		
Charges and securities	7		
Related parties and ownership	8		

NOTES

1 UNCERTAINTY ABOUT THE CONTINUED OPERATION (GOING CONCERN)

As regards uncertainties concerning the enterprises ability to continue as a going concern, management has assumed, that Regus Group will continue to provide the necessary liquidity available to the company for the current year.

The company has not received commitments from the Regus Group.

The executive board expects, through strategic measures, that the capital can be restored over a number of years.

	2017 DKK	2016 DKK
2 FINANCIAL COSTS		
Financial expenses, group entities	154.446	113.036
Other financial costs	16.783	2.370
	171.229	115.406
3 TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR		
Current tax for the year	-72.829	-246.549
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	-180.628
	-72.829	-427.177
4 TANGIBLE ASSETS		
	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Leasehold improvements
Cost at 1 January 2017	343.799	9.000
Additions for the year	83.010	815.000
Cost at 31 December 2017	426.809	824.000
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2017	56.617	1.500
Depreciation for the year	45.976	14.483
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2017	102.593	15.983
Carrying amount at 31 December 2017	324.216	808.017

NOTES

5 EQUITY

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2017	50.000	-2.571.278	-2.521.278
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-686.053	-686.053
Equity at 31 December 2017	<u>50.000</u>	<u>-3.257.331</u>	<u>-3.207.331</u>

6 CONTINGENT ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND OTHER FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS

Contingent liabilities

Regus Management ApS being the administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and, as from the financial year 2014, unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

As from 2014, the company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax interest, royalties and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may changes in the company's liabilities.

Other rent and lease liabilities as of December 31st 2017: 661, 2016: 3,674 tDKK

7 CHARGES AND SECURITIES

The company is jointly tax registered with other Regus companies and is therefore jointly liable for VAT settlement.

8 RELATED PARTIES AND OWNERSHIP

Other related parties

IWG Plc, 22 Grenville Street, st. Heller, JE4 8PX Jersey.

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Sven-Erik Vejlbj

Statsautoriseret revisor

På vegne af: CHRISTENSEN KJÆRULFF STATSAUTORISERET
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