

# **Mediconomics ApS**

Slotsbryggen 14 A D, 4800 Nykøbing F CVR no. 36 43 48 56

## **Annual report for 2021**

Årsrapporten er godkendt på den ordinære generalforsamling, d. 24.02.22

Uwe Willi Albrecht Dirigent



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## The company

Mediconomics ApS Slotsbryggen 14 A D 4800 Nykøbing F

Registered office: Guldborgsund

CVR no.: 36 43 48 56

Financial year: 01.01 - 31.12

## **Executive Boards**

Uwe Willi Albrecht

## **Auditors**

Beierholm

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab



Mediconomics ApS

## Statement by the Executive Boards on the annual report

I have on this day presented the annual report for the financial year 01.01.21 - 31.12.21 for Mediconomics ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven).

The financial statements have not been audited, and I declare that the relevant conditions have been met.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as at 31.12.21 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 01.01.21 - 31.12.21.

I believe that the management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The annual report is submitted for adoption by the general meeting.

Nykøbing F, February 24, 2022

### **Executive Boards**

Uwe Willi Albrecht



To the management of Mediconomics ApS

Based on the company's book-keeping and other information provided by the management, we have compiled the financial statements of Mediconomics ApS for the financial year

01.01.21 - 31.12.21.

The financial statements comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of

changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant

accounting policies.

We have performed our compilation engagement in accordance with the ISRS 4410 standard

on Engagements to Compile Financial Statements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the management with the preparation

and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial State-

ments Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms (Revisorloven) and the code of ethics of International Ethics

Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants

(IESBA Code), including principles of integrity, professional competence and due care.

Management retains responsibility for the financial statements and for the accuracy and

completeness of the financial information on the basis of which the financial statements are

prepared and presented.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to

verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management for the compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we will not express an audit opinion or

a review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with

the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Nykøbing F, February 24, 2022

Beierholm

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 32 89 54 68

Svend Skaarup Sand

State Authorized Public Accountant

MNE-no. mne21424



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## **Primary activities**

The company's primary activity is sale and service

## Development in activities and financial affairs

The income statement for the period 01.01.21 - 31.12.21 shows a profit/loss of DKK -42 against DKK 2,052 for the period 01.01.20 - 31.12.20. The balance sheet shows equity of DKK 39,358.

## Subsequent events

No important events have occurred after the end of the financial year.



## **Income statement**

Total	-42	2,052
Retained earnings	-42	2,052
Proposed appropriation account		
Profit/loss for the year	-42	2,05
Tax on profit for the year	-904	-57
Profit before tax	862	2,63
Financial expenses	-5,891	-2,07
Gross profit	6,753	4,702
	DKK	DKI
	2021	2020



## **Balance sheet**

## **ASSETS**

	31.12.21 DKK	31.12.20 DKK
	DIXIX	
Trade receivables	60,000	0
Deferred tax asset	0	442
Other receivables	10,275	19,787
Total receivables	70,275	20,229
Cash	37,151	83,023
Total current assets	107,426	103,252
Total assets	107,426	103,252



## **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**

Total equity and liabilities	107,426	103,252
Total payables	68,068	63,852
Total short-term payables	68,068	63,852
Other payables	56,006	53,852
Income taxes	462	0
Trade payables	11,600	10,000
Total equity	39,358	39,400
Retained earnings	-10,642	-10,600
Share capital	50,000	50,000
_		
	31.12.21 DKK	31.12.20 DKK

<sup>1</sup> Charges and security



## Statement of changes in equity

Figures in DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.21 - 31.12.21		
Balance as at 01.01.21  Net profit/loss for the year	50,000 0	-10,600 -42
Balance as at 31.12.21	50,000	-10,642



## 1. Charges and security

The company has not provided any security over assets.



## 2. Accounting policies

#### **GENERAL**

The annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven) for enterprises in reporting class B.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently with previous years.

### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of such assets can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company, and the value of such liabilities can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

On recognition and measurement, account is taken of foreseeable losses and risks arising before the date at which the annual report is presented and proving or disproving matters arising on or before the balance sheet date.

#### **CURRENCY**

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the transaction date. Exchange rate differences between the exchange rate applicable at the transaction date and the exchange rate at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as a financial item. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate applicable at the balance sheet date and at the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest annual report is recognised under financial income or expenses in the income statement.



### 2. Accounting policies - continued -

#### INCOME STATEMENT

### **Gross profit**

Gross profit comprises revenue and other external expenses.

#### Revenue

Income from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement as delivery takes place (delivery method). Revenue is measured at the selling value of the agreed consideration exclusive of VAT and other taxes collected on behalf of third parties and less discounts.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs relating to distribution, sales and advertising and administration, premises and bad debts to the extent that these do not exceed normal writedowns.

#### Other net financials

Interest income and interest expenses, foreign exchange gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies etc. are recognised in other net financials.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

The current and deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income statement as tax on the profit/loss for the year with the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity with the portion attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity.

#### BALANCE SHEET

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value, less write-downs for bad debts.

Write-downs for bad debts are determined based on an individual assessment of each receivable if there is no objective evidence of individual impairment of a receivable.



### 2. Accounting policies - continued -

#### Cash

Cash includes deposits in bank accounts as well as operating cash.

#### Current and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the basis of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax liabilities and tax assets are recognised on the basis of all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is non-amortisable for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences, except for acquisitions, have arisen at the date of acquisition without affecting the net profit or loss for the year or the taxable income. In cases where the tax value can be determined according to different taxation rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised, following an assessment, at the expected realisable value through offsetting against deferred tax liabilities or elimination in tax on future earnings.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and at the tax rates which, according to the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

#### **Payables**

Short-term payables are measured at amortised cost, normally corresponding to the nominal value of such payables.

