Monjasa Sprinter ApS

Strevelinsvej 34 7000 Fredericia CVR No. 36430087

Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 29.04.2022

Chairman of the General Meeting

1

Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2021	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2021	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2021	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	14

Entity details

Entity

Monjasa Sprinter ApS Strevelinsvej 34 7000 Fredericia

Business Registration No.: 36430087

Registered office: Fredericia

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

Executive Board

Anders Østergaard, CEO Svend Stenberg Mølholt, COO Rasmus Ravnholdt Knudsen, CFO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Monjasa Sprinter ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Fredericia, 29.04.2022

Executive Board

Anders Østergaard

CEO

Svend Stenberg Mølholt

coo

Rasmus Ravnholdt Knudsen

CFO

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Monjasa Sprinter ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Monjasa Sprinter ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 29.04.2022

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Lars Siggaard Hansen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne32208

Muhammad Ismaeel Rasul

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne46641

Management commentary

Primary activities

The main activity of the Company is to own and operate oil cargo ships and charter them to affiliates.

Development in activities and finances

The result for the year is a profit of USD 577,026 against a loss of USD 1,277,176 last year. The result for the year is considered satisfactory. In December 2021, the Company's ship has been sold to a group affiliate after which the Company is considered dormant. The Company is expected to merge with other dormant affiliates within the Monjasa Group in 2022.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of the annual report.

Income statement for 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	USD	USD
Gross profit/loss		1,254,129	431,324
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		(100,514)	(1,593,626)
Operating profit/loss		1,153,615	(1,162,302)
Other financial income		11,217	1,515
Other financial expenses	1	(188,002)	(388,114)
Profit/loss before tax		976,830	(1,548,901)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	(399,804)	271,725
Profit/loss for the year		577,026	(1,277,176)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		577,026	(1,277,176)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		577,026	(1,277,176)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

Assets

	Notes	2021 USD	2020 USD
Ships		0	4,500,513
Property, plant and equipment	3	0	4,500,513
Fixed assets		0	4,500,513
Raw materials and consumables		0	25,439
Inventories		0	25,439
Receivables from group enterprises		1,043,010	0
Deferred tax		0	99,241
Other receivables		18,481	2,744
Income tax receivable		0	241,504
Prepayments		10,532	41,075
Receivables		1,072,023	384,564
Cash		0	14,421
Current assets		1,072,023	424,424
Assets		1,072,023	4,924,937

Equity and liabilities

		2021	2020
	Notes	USD	USD
Contributed capital		7,641	7,641
Retained earnings		860,843	283,817
Equity		868,484	291,458
Other payables		0	87,680
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		0	87,680
Trade payables		0	60,668
Payables to group enterprises		79,516	4,485,131
Income tax payable		122,882	0
Other payables		1,141	0
Current liabilities other than provisions		203,539	4,545,799
Liabilities other than provisions		203,539	4,633,479
Equity and liabilities		1,072,023	4,924,937
Contingent liabilities	4		
Group relations	5		

Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed capital USD	Retained earnings USD	Total USD
Equity beginning of year	7,641	283,817	291,458
Profit/loss for the year	0	577,026	577,026
Equity end of year	7,641	860,843	868,484

Notes

1 Other financial expenses

Financial expenses from group enterprises 174,895 Other financial expenses 13,107 188,002 2 Tax on profit/loss for the year Current tax 122,882 Change in deferred tax 92,021 Adjustment concerning previous years 184,901				Total Interest expenses
Financial expenses from group enterprises Other financial expenses 13,107 188,002 2 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2021 USD Current tax Change in deferred tax 42,021 Adjustment concerning previous years 184,901 3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	2020	2021		
Other financial expenses 13,107 188,002 2 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2021 Current tax 122,882 Change in deferred tax Adjustment concerning previous years 184,901 3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	USD	USD		
2 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2021 Current tax Change in deferred tax Adjustment concerning previous years 3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	344,998	174,895		Financial expenses from group enterprises
2 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2021 USD Current tax 122,882 Change in deferred tax 92,021 Adjustment concerning previous years 184,901 399,804 3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	43,116	13,107		Other financial expenses
Current tax 122,882 Change in deferred tax 92,021 Adjustment concerning previous years 184,901 3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	388,114	188,002		
Current tax 122,882 Change in deferred tax 92,021 Adjustment concerning previous years 184,901 3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals				2 Tax on profit/loss for the year
Current tax Change in deferred tax Adjustment concerning previous years 184,901 399,804 3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	2020	2021		
Change in deferred tax Adjustment concerning previous years 184,901 399,804 3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	USE	USD		
Adjustment concerning previous years 3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	(241,504	122,882		Current tax
3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	(99,241	92,021		Change in deferred tax
3 Property, plant and equipment Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	69,020	184,901		Adjustment concerning previous years
Cost beginning of year Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	(271,725	399,804		
Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals				3 Property, plant and equipment
Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	Ship			
Disposals Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	USE			
Cost end of year Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	11,225,707			Cost beginning of year
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	(11,225,707			Disposals
Depreciation for the year Reversal regarding disposals	(Cost end of year
Reversal regarding disposals	(6,725,194		r	Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of
	(390,974			Depreciation for the year
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	7,116,168			Reversal regarding disposals
	(Depreciation and impairment losses end of year
Carrying amount end of year	(Carrying amount end of year

In December 2021, the Company's vessel has been sold to a group affiliate based on external valuation.

4 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Endeavour Invest ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, and obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities.

5 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Monjasa Holding A/S, Fredericia

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

The functional and presentation currency is USD with the applied exchange rate for 2021: 6.29 (2020: 6.53).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the operations and chartering activity is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory write-downs.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for stationery and office supplies etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to ships, including docking and overhaul, comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with the Danish Parent. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Ships, including docking and overhaul, are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of ships is normally estimated to a maximum of 30 years from the year of construction. Docking and overhaul is depreciated over maximum 5 years depending on dry-docking interval.

Docking and overhaul 1-5 years
Ships 30 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Ships, including docking and overhaul, are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less costs incurred to execute the sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.