DCE 1 ApS

Sundkrogsgade 21, 2100 Copenhagen CVR no. 36 41 65 21

Annual report 2018

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 10 July 2019

Chairman:







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Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of DCE 1 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 10 July 2019 Executive Board:

Ajin Ko Director N.C. ht Brilder g.f.



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of DCE 1 ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of DCE 1 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.



Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 10 July 2019 ERNST & YOUNG Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Anders Flymer-Dindler State Authorised Public Accountant mne35423





Management's review

Company details

Name

Address, Postal code, City

DCE 1 ApS

Sundkrogsgade 21, 2100 Copenhagen

CVR no.

Registered office

Financial year

36 41 65 21 Copenhagen

1 January - 31 December

Executive Board

Ajin Ko, Director

Pernille Ohlsen, Director

Auditors

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Osvald Helmuths Vej 4, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark

Management commentary

Business review

The activities in the fiscal year comprises investments in associated companies.

Financial review

The income statement for 2018 shows a loss of DKK 4,426 thousand against a loss of DKK 3,922 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2018 shows equity of DKK 52,868 thousand.

During the year, Management has reassessed the tax liability in the German associated company. Consequently, it is management's assessment that the liability should not be recognized until a realization of the property. This has been corrected as a fundamental error in the financial statements and has an effect of DKK 18,538 thousand on the opening equity of 2017. The change has an effect of DKK 18,728 thousand on the result after tax for 2017. The total effect on equity 31 December 2017 is 37,266. The change has no effect on the result for 2018.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.



Income statement

Vote	e DKK'000	2018	2017
	Gross loss	-275	-256
	Financial income Financial expenses	1,202 -3,845	1,117 -5,032
	Profit/loss before tax	-2,918	-4,171
,	5 Tax for the year	-1,508	249
	Profit/loss for the year	-4,426	-3,922
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss		
	Proposed dividend recognised under equity	3,848	0
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-8,274	-3,922
		-4,426	-3,922
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Balance sheet

lote	DKK'000	2018	2017
	ASSETS		
	Fixed assets		
7	Investments	52.125	E2 42E
	Investments in associates	53,125	53,125
		53,125	53,125
	Total fixed assets	53,125	53,125
	Non-fixed assets	***************************************	ilian 2000 a de cultura a de como de c
	Receivables		
	Receivables from associates	0	16,760
	Prepayments	69	84
		69	16,844
	Cash	18	3
	Total non-fixed assets	87	16,847
	TOTAL ASSETS	53,212	69,972
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	Share capital	51	50
	Retained earnings	48,969	-13,322
	Dividend proposed for the year	3,848	0
	Total equity	52,868	-13,272
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Non-current liabilities other than provisions Payables to group entities	0	42,370
	Other payables	0	40,708
		0	83,078
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Income taxes payable	152	0
	Other payables	192	166
		344	166
	Total liabilities other than provisions	344	83,244
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	53,212	69,972

Accounting policies
 Capital ressources and liquidity
 Staff costs
 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
 Related parties



Statement of changes in equity

Share capital	Retained earnings	Dividend proposed for the year	Total
50	-13,322 70,565	0	-13,272 70,566
	70,303	O	70,300
0	-8,274	3,848	-4,426
51	48,969	3,848	52,868
	50 1	Share capital earnings 50 -13,322 1 70,565 0 -8,274	Share capital Retained earnings proposed for the year 50 -13,322 0 1 70,565 0 0 -8,274 3,848

The share capital has been increased during 2018.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of DCE 1 ApS has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act as regards reporting class B enterprises.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Material misstatements

During the year, Management has reassessed the tax liability in the German associated company. Consequently, it is management's assessment that the liability should not be recognized until a realization of the property. This has been corrected as a fundamental error in the financial statements and has an effect of DKK 18,538 thousand on the opening equity of 2017. The change has an effect of DKK 18,728 thousand on the result after tax for 2017. The total effect on equity 31 December 2017 is 37,266. The change has no effect on the result for 2018.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Gross loss

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to administration, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Balance sheet

Investments in associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost, which includes the cost of acquisition calculated at fair value plus direct costs of acquisition. If there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. Where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to such lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Equity

Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.



Notes to the financial statements

Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.



Notes to the financial statements

2 Capital ressources and liquidity

The going concern of DCE 1 ApS is conditional upon the contribution of cash, either by way of a capital increase or an extension of the existing credit facilities, or through new lenders. DCE 1 ApS has received letters of support from its shareholder, which confirms that they will provide all the support that may be needed, including financial support, until 31 December 2019 at the earliest. On this basis, the annual report has been presented on the assumption that the Entity is a going concern.

3 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

	DKK'000	2018	2017
4	Financial income Interest receivable, associates	1,202	1,117
		1,202	1,117
5	Financial expenses		
	Interest expenses, group entities	1,710	2,565
	Interest expenses, associates	2,134	2,465
	Other financial expenses	1	2
		3,845	5,032
6	Tax for the year		
	Estimated tax charge for the year	1,508	-249
		1,508	-249
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7 Investments

Result for the year and equity is based on the latest financial statements for Project Soorstrasse 80-82 Grundstücks GbR (partnership) which relates to 2018. During 2018 an external valuation of the investment property has resulted in a positive fair value of EUR 155 million.

Name	Legal form	Domicile	Interest	Equity DKK'000	Profit/loss DKK'000
Associates					
Projekt Soorstrasse 80-82					
Grundstücks GbR	GbR	Berlin	40.50%	89,105	23,924



Notes to the financial statements

8 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other contingent liabilities

As management company, the Company is jointly taxed with other Danish group entities and is jointly and severally with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes for income as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.

During the year, Management has reassessed the tax liability in the German associated company. Consequently, it is management's assessment that the liability should not be recognized until a realization of the property. The contingent liability arising from the tax transparent associated company at 31 December is DKK 62,245 thousand (2017: DKK 37,266 thousand).

9 Related parties

Related party transactions

DCE 1 ApS was engaged in the below related party transactions:

DKK'000	2018	2017
Interest expenses to Marlingo Limited	2,134	2,465
Interest expenses to Cobian Limited	1,710	2,565
Interest income from to Project Soorstrasse 90-82 Grundstücks		
GbR	858	1,117
	327	
Payables to Marlingo Limited	0	40,709
Payables to Cobian Limited	0	48,862
Receivables from Project Soorstrasse 80-82 Grundstücks GbR	0	16,760

Ownership

The following shareholders are registered in the Company's register of shareholders as holding minimum 5% of the share capital:

Name	Domicile
DSVREF Berlin S.à.r.I.	Luxembourg