



## CIV II 2014 K/S

Amerika Plads 29  
2100 Copenhagen  
CVR No. 36416009

## Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the  
annual report on 30.03.2021

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**Thomas Hinrichsen**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# Entity details

## Entity

CIV II 2014 K/S

Amerika Plads 29

2100 Copenhagen

CVR No.: 36416009

Date of foundation: 27.10.2014

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

## Executive Board

Jakob Baruël Poulsen

Christian Troels Skakkebæk

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6

2300 Copenhagen S

# Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of CIV II 2014 K/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 30.03.2021

**Executive Board**

**Jakob Baruël Poulsen**

**Christian Troels Skakkebæk**

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of CIV II 2014 K/S

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CIV II 2014 K/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 30.03.2021

**Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR No. 33963556

**Bill Haudal Pedersen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne30131

**Michael Thorø Larsen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne35823

# Management commentary

## Primary activities

The Company's main activity is to generate income and capital appreciation by making investments in infrastructure assets.

## Development in activities and finances

The development in the financial year's activities is as expected.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.



# Income statement for 2020

	Notes	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>	1	(50)	(55)
Income from investments in group enterprises		264	122
Income from financial assets		24,481	6,329
Other financial income		46	40
Impairment losses on financial assets		(921)	(980)
Other financial expenses		(310)	(19)
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>23,510</b>	<b>5,437</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>			
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		23,643	7,930
Retained earnings		(133)	(2,493)
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		<b>23,510</b>	<b>5,437</b>

# Balance sheet at 31.12.2020

## Assets

	Notes	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
Investments in group enterprises		1,821	1,436
Receivables from group enterprises		3,533	1,661
Investments in participating interests		8,615	8,716
<b>Financial assets</b>		<b>13,969</b>	<b>11,813</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>13,969</b>	<b>11,813</b>
Receivables from associates		59	0
Receivables from participating interests		228	7
Contributed capital in arrears		119	213
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>406</b>	<b>220</b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b>2,099</b>	<b>406</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>2,505</b>	<b>626</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>16,474</b>	<b>12,439</b>

**Equity and liabilities**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2020 DKK'000</b>	<b>2019 DKK'000</b>
Contributed capital		18,887	14,873
Unpaid contributed capital		119	213
Retained earnings		(3,451)	(3,318)
<b>Equity</b>		<b>15,555</b>	<b>11,768</b>
Payables to participating interests		141	0
Other payables		778	671
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>919</b>	<b>671</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>919</b>	<b>671</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>16,474</b>	<b>12,439</b>

Contingent liabilities 2

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Unpaid contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Proposed extraordinary dividend DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	14,873	213	(3,318)	0	11,768
Increase of capital	4,014	0	0	0	4,014
Share capital receivable, paid	0	(94)	0	0	(94)
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(23,643)	(23,643)
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	(133)	23,643	23,510
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>18,887</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>(3,451)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15,555</b>

There are special dividend rights attached to specific share classes. The contributed capital for the Company is divided into the share classes A-R.

# Notes

## **1 Gross profit/loss**

The Company has no employees.

The Management has not received remunerations.

## **2 Contingent liabilities**

There is a remaining investment commitment of a total of USD 34 thousand.

The Company has provided guarantees of USD 242 thousand.

# Accounting policies

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Reporting currency is Danish kroner (DKK).

## Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

## Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## Income statement

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

**Income from investments in group enterprises**

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises gains in the form of interest, dividends etc received from the individual group enterprises in the financial year.

**Income from other fixed asset investments**

Income from other fixed asset investments comprises gains in the form of dividends etc on fixed asset investments which are not investments in group enterprises or associates.

**Other financial income**

Other financial income comprises interest income, and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

**Impairment losses on financial assets**

Impairment losses on financial assets comprise impairment losses on financial assets which are not measured at fair value on a current basis.

**Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

**Balance sheet****Investments in group enterprises**

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost and are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

**Investments in participating interests**

Investments in participating interests are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

**Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

**Contributed capital in arrears consists**

Contributed capital in arrears consists of capital subscribed, but not paid up, which is recognised as a separate amount receivable in assets and a separate reserve in equity (gross method). The amount receivable is measured at amortised cost.

**Cash**

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

**Dividend**

Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

**Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.