## **Deloitte.**



#### CIV II 2014 K/S

Amerika Plads 29 2100 Copenhagen CVR No. 36416009

#### Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 04.05.2023

— DocuSigned by: Aurore Perlean

**Aurore Perleau** Chairman of the General Meeting CIV II 2014 K/S | Contents

## Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2022	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2022	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2022	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	13

CIV II 2014 K/S | Entity details

## **Entity details**

#### Entity

CIV II 2014 K/S Amerika Plads 29 2100 Copenhagen

Business Registration No.: 36416009 Date of foundation: 27.10.2014 Registered office: Copenhagen Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

#### **Executive Board**

Jakob Baruël Poulsen Christian Troels Skakkebæk

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

## **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of CIV II 2014 K/S for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 17.04.2023

**Executive Board** 

Jakob Baruël Poulsen Jakob Baruël Poulsen

Christian Troels Skakkebæk

#### To the shareholders of CIV II 2014 K/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CIV II 2014 K/S for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

CIV II 2014 K/S | Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 17.04.2023

#### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Docusigned by: Michael Thore Larsen

**Michael Thorø Larsen** State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35823

### **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The Company's main activity is to generate income and capital appreciation by making investments in infrastructure assets.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

The development in the financial year's activities is as expected.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2022**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Gross profit/loss		(114)	(87)
Income from investments in group enterprises		409	235
Income from investments in participating interests		80,215	91,300
Other financial income		673	94
Impairment losses on financial assets		(1,318)	(502)
Other financial expenses		(2,395)	(86)
Profit/loss for the year		77,470	90,954
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		78,267	95,479
Retained earnings		(797)	(4,525)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		77,470	90,954

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2022

#### Assets

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Investments in group enterprises	3,265	1,580
Receivables from group enterprises	1,600	1,471
Investments in participating interests	4,745	7,620
Receivables from participating interests	1,296	753
Financial assets	10,906	11,424
Fixed assets	10,906	11,424
Receivables from participating interests	6,780	7,061
Contributed capital in arrears	822	318
Receivables	7,602	7,379
Cash	62	42
Current assets	7,664	7,421
Assets	18,570	18,845

#### **Equity and liabilities**

	2022	2021
Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
	19,875	20,272
	822	318
	(8,773)	(7,976)
	11,924	12,614
	132	126
	6,514	6,105
	6,646	6,231
	6,646	6,231
	18,570	18,845
1		
2		
	1	Notes         DKK'000           19,875         822           (8,773)         11,924           132         6,514           6,646         6,646           18,570         1

# Statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Unpaid contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Proposed extraordinary dividend DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	20,272	318	(7,976)	0	12,614
Increase of capital	(397)	504	0	0	107
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(78,267)	(78,267)
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	(797)	78,267	77,470
Equity end of year	19,875	822	(8,773)	0	11,924

There are special dividend rights attached to specific share classes. The contributed capital for the Entity is divided into the share classes A-R.

CIV II 2014 K/S | Notes

## Notes

#### **1 Employees**

The Company has no employees.

The Management has not received remunerations.

#### 2 Contingent liabilities

The Company has provided guarantees of USD 983 thousand.

There are no other guarantees or contingent liabilities of the Company.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Reporting currency is Danish kroner (DKK).

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### **Income statement**

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

#### Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises gains in the form of interest, dividends etc received from the individual group enterprises in the financial year.

#### Income from investments in participating interests

Income from investments in participating interests comprises gains in the form of interest, dividends etc. received from the individual participating interests in the financial year.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

#### Impairment losses on financial assets

Impairment losses on financial assets comprise impairment losses on financial assets which are not measured at fair value on a current basis.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost and are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Investments in participating interests

Investments in participating interests are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Contributed capital in arrears**

Contributed capital in arrears consists of capital subscribed, but not paid up, which is recognised as a separate amount receivable in assets and a separate reserve in equity (gross method). The amount receivable is measured at amortised cost.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

#### Dividend

Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.