

# Peter Fabers Gade ApS

Trianglen 4, 3. tv, 2100 København Ø

CVR no. 36 39 29 83

## Annual report 2022

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 22 May 2023

Chair of the meeting:



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Carl Edgar Serge Vøgg

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## Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of Peter Fabers Gade ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

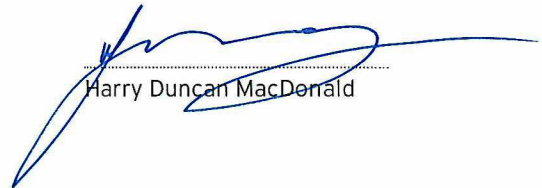
Copenhagen, 22 May 2023  
Executive Board:



Carl Edgar Serge Vøgg



Katia Ciesielska



Harry Duncan MacDonald

## Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Peter Fabers Gade ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Peter Fabers Gade ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

## Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Odense, 22 May 2023  
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 30 70 02 28



Morten Schougaard Sørensen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne32129

## Management's review

### Company details

Name	Peter Fabers Gade ApS
Address, Postal code, City	C/O Pears Global Real Estate Denmark ApS Trianglen 4, 3. tv, 2100 København Ø
CVR no.	36 39 29 83
Established	30 September 2014
Registered office	Copenhagen
Financial year	1 January - 31 December
Executive Board	Carl Edgar Serge Vøgg Katia Ciesielska Harry Duncan MacDonald
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Cortex Park Vest 3, 5230 Odense M, Denmark

## Management's review

### Business review

The company's purpose is to own and hold shares in companies, buying, selling and renting real estate and any other related business.

### Financial review

The income statement for 2022 shows a loss of DKK 886,494 against a loss of DKK 522,383 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows a negative equity of DKK 6,542,787.

The company has lost the share capital. The share capital is expected to be recovered by future positive income.

The company is partly financed by loans from group entities.

Neptune Kiwi Holding ApS has declared that, if necessary, it will support Peter Fabers Gade ApS financially in 2023 to enable the company to meet all its obligations as they fall due.

Based on the support from the parent company the annual report for 2022 has been prepared under the going concern assumption.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Income statement

Note	DKK	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	<b>Gross profit</b>	477,280	641,220
	Amortisation/depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment	-600,665	-541,495
	<b>Profit/loss before net financials</b>	-123,385	99,725
	Financial income, group enterprises	111,563	104,894
	Financial income	3,035	15,972
	Financial expenses, group enterprises	-838,736	-785,397
	Financial expenses	-289,862	-108,032
	<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>	-1,137,385	-672,838
	Tax for the year	250,891	150,455
	<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>	<u>-886,494</u>	<u>-522,383</u>
	 <b>Recommended appropriation of profit/loss</b>		
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-886,494	-522,383
		<u>-886,494</u>	<u>-522,383</u>



## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2022	2021
	<b>ASSETS</b>		
	<b>Fixed assets</b>		
	<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>		
	Land and buildings	31,952,262	30,975,094
		<u>31,952,262</u>	<u>30,975,094</u>
	<b>Total fixed assets</b>	<u>31,952,262</u>	<u>30,975,094</u>
	<b>Non-fixed assets</b>		
	<b>Receivables</b>		
	Receivables from group entities	2,348,017	2,226,057
	Joint taxation contribution receivable	265,329	127,634
	Other receivables	171,092	117,774
	Prepaid expenses	30,703	10,317
		<u>2,815,141</u>	<u>2,481,782</u>
	<b>Total non-fixed assets</b>	<u>2,815,141</u>	<u>2,481,782</u>
	<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u>34,767,403</u>	<u>33,456,876</u>
	<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		
	<b>Equity</b>		
	Share capital	50,000	50,000
	Retained earnings	-6,592,787	-5,706,293
	<b>Total equity</b>	<u>-6,542,787</u>	<u>-5,656,293</u>
	<b>Provisions</b>		
	Deferred tax	420,187	405,749
	<b>Total provisions</b>	<u>420,187</u>	<u>405,749</u>
	<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		
4	<b>Non-current liabilities other than provisions</b>		
	Mortgage debt	21,316,669	21,350,331
	Deposits	880,886	815,307
		<u>22,197,555</u>	<u>22,165,638</u>
	<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		
4	<b>Current portion of long-term liabilities</b>	38,738	59,656
	Trade payables	297,334	99,269
	Payables to group entities	18,157,884	16,230,278
	Other payables	198,492	152,579
		<u>18,692,448</u>	<u>16,541,782</u>
	<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<u>40,890,003</u>	<u>38,707,420</u>
	<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>	<u>34,767,403</u>	<u>33,456,876</u>

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Going concern uncertainties
- 3 Staff costs
- 5 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 6 Collateral
- 7 Related parties

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	50,000	-5,183,910	-5,133,910
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-522,383	-522,383
<b>Equity at 1 January 2022</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>-5,706,293</b>	<b>-5,656,293</b>
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-886,494	-886,494
<b>Equity at 31 December 2022</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>-6,592,787</b>	<b>-6,542,787</b>

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Peter Fabers Gade ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Income statement

##### Revenue

Rent comprises rental income from the leases of properties. Rent is recognised on an accruals basis.

Rent is measured net of all types of discounts/rebates granted. Also, rent is measured net of VAT and other indirect taxes charged on behalf of third parties.

##### Gross profit

The items revenue, other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

##### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to advertising, administration, bad debts etc.

##### Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of buildings.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Buildings	50 years
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Land is not depreciated.

##### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year.

##### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its group entities are jointly taxed. The income tax charge is allocated between profit making and loss making entities in proportion to their taxable income.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

#### Balance sheet

##### Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

##### Impairment of fixed assets

Property, plant and equipment are subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation. Impairment tests are conducted in respect of individual assets or groups of assets generating separate cash flows when there is indications of impairment. The assets are written down to the higher of the value in use and net realisable value (recoverable amount) of the asset or group of assets if this is lower than the carrying amount.

##### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value. Provisions are made for bad debts on the basis of objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables are impaired. Provisions are made to the lower of the net realisable value and the carrying amount.

##### Provisions

Provisions comprise anticipated expenses relating to warranty commitments, onerous contracts, restructurings, etc. Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions are measured at net realisable value or at fair value if the obligation is expected to be settled far into the future.

##### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Provisions for deferred tax are calculated, based on the liability method, of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax values, with the exception of temporary differences occurring at the time of acquisition of assets and liabilities neither affecting the results of operations nor the taxable income, as well as temporary differences on non-amortisable goodwill.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

#### 2 Going concern uncertainties

Equity and reserves are negative at DKK 6,543 thousand.

The company has lost the share capital. The share capital is expected to be recovered by future positive income.

The company is partly financed by loans from the group entities.

Neptune Kiwi Holding ApS has declared that, if necessary, it will support Peter Fabers Gade ApS financially in 2023 to enable the company to meet all its obligations as they fall due.

Based on the support from the parent company the annual report for 2022 has been prepared under the going concern assumption.

#### 3 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

#### 4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Of the long-term liabilities, DKK 21,199 thousand falls due for payment after more than 5 years after the balance sheet date.

#### 5 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

##### Other contingent liabilities

Guarantee has been provided in respect of mortgage loans and bank commitment in sister companies in the Neptune Kiwi ApS Group.

The company is jointly taxed with other group entities, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxes group entities for payment of income taxes onwards as well as withholding taxes on interest and dividends falling due for payment.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 6 Collateral

As security for the company's mortgage debt, the company has placed assets with carrying amount of DKK 31,952 thousand.

#### 7 Related parties

##### Information about consolidated financial statements

<u>Parent</u>	<u>Domicile</u>	<u>Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements</u>
Neptune Ejendomme ApS	Trianglen 4, 3. tv Copenhagen	<a href="http://www.cvr.dk">www.cvr.dk</a>