

Samlino.dk ApS

Sølvgade 10, 1.th.
1307 København K

CVR No. 36198273

Annual report 2023

1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

Adopted at the Annual General Meeting on 13
May 2024

Mikkel Jacobsen Jensen
Chairman

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Company details

Company

Samlino.dk ApS
Sølvgade 10, 1.th.
1307 København K

CVR No.: 36198273

Executive board

Mikkel Jacobsen Jensen

Auditors

inforevision
statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
Buddingevej 312
2860 Søborg
CVR No. 19263096

Michael Dam-Johansen, statsautoriseret revisor

Management's Review

Primary activities

The company's primary activities were to facilitate trade via the Internet and activities in connection here to.

Development in activities and finances

The results of the company's activities in the financial year amounted to a profit/loss of DKK 1.196.785 against DKK -268.837 in last financial year. The equity at the balance sheet date amounted to DKK 16.443.920.

Management consider the results as satisfactory.

Statement by Management

The Executive Board have today considered and adopted the annual report for 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 for Samlino.dk ApS.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

I believe that the Management's review contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

København K, 13 May 2024

Executive board

Mikkel Jacobsen Jensen

CEO

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder in Samlino.dk ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Samlino.dk ApS for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Independent auditor's report, continued

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Søborg, 13 May 2024

inforevision
Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
CVR No. 19263096

Michael Dam-Johansen
Statsautoriseret revisor
mne36161

Accounting policies

Information on reporting class

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with Danish financial statement legislation as well as generally accepted accounting principles.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing Reporting class B.

Some provisions from reporting class C has been adopted.

The accounting policies have not been changed from last year.

Generally regarding recognition and measurement

The financial statements have been prepared based on historical cost.

The income is recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the maturity period. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less any repayments and with addition/deduction of the cumulative amortisation of any difference between cost and the nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the maturity period.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the annual report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

The functional currency is Danish Kroner. All other currencies are considered foreign currencies.

Foreign currency translation

During the year, transactions in foreign currencies have been translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. If currency positions are considered hedge of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables and debt denominated in foreign currencies have been recognised at the exchange rate of the balance sheet date.

Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses have been recognised in the income statement under other financial income and expenses.

Accounting policies, continued

Income statement

The income statement has been classified by nature.

Gross profit

Gross profit/loss includes "Revenue", "Cost of sales", "Own work capitalised" and "External expenses".

Revenue

As income recognition criterion, the production criterion is applied so that revenue comprises the invoiced revenue for the year reduced by prepayments and with addition for work in progress measured at market value. Revenue is measured at fair value excl. VAT and less granted discounts.

Own work capitalised

Own work capitalised comprises work performed in the financial year on own assets which is capitalised as intangible assets. The basis of measurement is cost and comprise staff costs.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprise expenses incurred to earn revenue for the year.

External expenses

External expenses comprises Selling costs, Cost of premises and Administrative expenses.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries including holiday pay and pensions and other social security costs etc. to the company's employees.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses is recognised with amounts concerning the the financial year. Financial expenses comprise interest, realised and unrealised exchange losses, as well as interest surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Accounting policies, continued

Balance sheet

The balance sheet has been presented in account form.

Assets

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulate amortisation.

Cost comprises the acquisition price as well as costs directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be put into operation.

Development projects on clearly defined and identifiable products and processes, for which the technical rate of utilisation, adequate resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the company can be established, and where the intention is to manufacture, market or apply the product or process in question, are recognised as intangible assets.

Other development costs not meeting the criteria for capitalisation are recognised as costs in the income statement as incurred.

For own-developed development projects, capitalised after 1 January 2016 the carrying amount less deferred tax is transferred from "Retained earnings" to "Reserve for development expenditure" under equity. Carrying amounts which exist as a consequence of purchases of assets or enterprises' are not taken into the reserve.

Assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives:

| Category | Period |
|---|----------|
| Patents originating from development projects | 10 years |

As the intangible assets are not being traded in an active and effective market, no residual values after end of use are included when determining the amortisation period.

Profit/loss on sale has been included in the income statement under other operating income and other operating expenses.

The carrying amounts of intangible assets are reviewed annually for indication of impairment for losses, apart from what is expressed by usual amortisation. If this applies, impairment for loss is made of each asset or group of assets, respectively, to lower recoverable amount. As recoverable amount, the higher of expected net selling price and net present value is applied. The net present value is calculated as the present value of the expected cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets.

Impairment for loss for the year is recognised in the income statement as amortisation, depreciation and impairment for loss of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

Accounting policies, continued

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulate depreciation. The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life.

Cost comprises the acquisition price as well as costs directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be put into operation.

The costprice for an asset is divided into separate components, that are depreciated separately, if the useful life of the individual components is significantly different.

Depreciation is initiated when the assets are ready to be taken into operation. Assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives with following residual values:

| Category | Period | Residual value |
|---|---------|----------------|
| Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment | 3 years | 0% |

Minor purchases with useful lives below one year have been recognised as an expense in the income statement in external expenses.

Profit/loss on sale or retirement has been included in the income statement under other operating income and other operating expenses.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed annually for indication of impairment for losses, apart from what is expressed by usual depreciation. If this applies, impairment for loss is made of each asset or group of assets, respectively, to lower recoverable amount. As recoverable amount, the higher of expected net selling price and net present value is applied. The net present value is calculated as the present value of the expected cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets.

Impairment for loss for the year is recognised in the income statement as amortisation, depreciation and impairment for loss of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Accounting policies, continued

Equity and liabilities

Equity

Reserve for development expenditure comprise capitalised development expenses from 1 January 2016. The reserve cannot be used for dividends or for elimination of negative retained earnings. The reserve is reduced or dissolved due to amortisation or divestment by transferring the amount from the reserve to retained earnings.

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Deferred tax and corporation tax

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method. Provision has been made for deferred tax by 22% on all temporary differences between carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is also measures with respect of the planned use of the asset and the settlement of the liability.

The tax value of the tax losses to be carried forward are included in the calculation of deferred taxes if it is probable that the losses can be used. Deferred tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

The company is jointly taxed with other Danish group enterprises with Samlino Group A/S as Management company. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated among the group enterprises in ratio to their taxable income according to the rules on full allocation with a refund for tax losses of the Danish Corporation Tax Act.

Joint tax contributions between the jointly taxed companies which have not been settled at the balance sheet date are classified as joint tax contributions in receivables or liabilities other than provisions.

Financial debts

Short-term debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Income statement

| | Note | 2023 DKK | 2022 DKK |
|---|------|------------------|------------------|
| Gross profit | | 7.336.406 | 5.097.656 |
| Staff costs | 1 | -3.814.416 | -1.829.438 |
| Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) | | 3.521.990 | 3.268.218 |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets | | -2.002.346 | -3.190.267 |
| Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) | | 1.519.644 | 77.951 |
| Finance expenses | 2 | -322.859 | -346.788 |
| Profit/loss before tax | | 1.196.785 | -268.837 |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/loss for the year | | 1.196.785 | -268.837 |

Proposed distribution of profit and loss

| | 2023 DKK | 2022 DKK |
|---|------------------|-----------------|
| Proposed distribution of profit and loss for the year : | | |
| Transferred to retained earnings | 1.196.785 | -268.837 |
| Profit/loss for the year | 1.196.785 | -268.837 |

Assets

| | Note | 31/12-2023 DKK | 31/12-2022 DKK |
|---|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Patents originating from development projects | | 18.884.353 | 18.105.990 |
| Intangible assets | 4 | 18.884.353 | 18.105.990 |
| Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment | | 35.562 | 24.313 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 5 , 7 | 35.562 | 24.313 |
| Fixed assets | | 18.919.915 | 18.130.303 |
| Trade receivables | | 1.910.148 | 1.278.295 |
| Receivables from group enterprises | | 0 | 2.149.659 |
| Prepayments | | 740.252 | 81.455 |
| Receivables | | 2.650.400 | 3.509.409 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 1.321.350 | 974.985 |
| Current assets | | 3.971.750 | 4.484.394 |
| Total assets | | 22.891.665 | 22.614.697 |

Equity and liabilities

| | Note | 31/12-2023 DKK | 31/12-2022 DKK |
|--|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Contributed capital | | 400.000 | 400.000 |
| Reserve for development expenditure | | 14.729.795 | 14.122.672 |
| Retained earnings | | 1.314.125 | 724.463 |
| Equity | | 16.443.920 | 15.247.135 |
| Payables to group enterprises | | 1.663.009 | 0 |
| Other payables | | 164.416 | 883.449 |
| Long-term liabilities other than provisions | 6 | 1.827.425 | 883.449 |
| Short-term part of long-term liabilities other than provisions | | 0 | 2.955.149 |
| Trade payables | | 2.686.833 | 1.378.479 |
| Payables to group enterprises | | 30.134 | 1.227.830 |
| Other payables | | 1.903.353 | 922.655 |
| Short-term liabilities other than provisions | | 4.620.320 | 6.484.113 |
| Liabilities other than provisions | | 6.447.745 | 7.367.562 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 22.891.665 | 22.614.697 |
| Assets charged and collateral | 7 | | |
| Contingent assets | 8 | | |
| Contingent liabilities | 9 | | |
| Group relations | 10 | | |

Statement of changes in equity

| | Reserve for development expenditure | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Contributed capital | development expenditure | Retained earnings | Total |
| | DKK | DKK | DKK | DKK |
| Equity at 1 January 2022 | 400.000 | 14.375.058 | 740.914 | 15.515.972 |
| Distributed profit/loss for the year | | | -268.837 | -268.837 |
| Transferred to reserve for development expenditure for the year | | -252.386 | 252.386 | 0 |
| Equity at 1 January 2023 | 400.000 | 14.122.672 | 724.463 | 15.247.135 |
| Distributed profit/loss for the year | | | 1.196.785 | 1.196.785 |
| Transferred to reserve for development expenditure for the year | | 607.123 | -607.123 | 0 |
| Equity at 31 December 2023 | 400.000 | 14.729.795 | 1.314.125 | 16.443.920 |

The company have issued share options to a former CEO that can be subscribed in the company at a nominal amount of up to 8,000.

Notes

1. Staff costs

| | 2023 DKK | 2022 DKK |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Wages and salaries | 3.689.858 | 1.788.229 |
| Other social security costs | 17.069 | 28.004 |
| Other staff cost | 107.489 | 13.205 |
| Total | 3.814.416 | 1.829.438 |
| Average number of full-time employees | 5 | 4 |

2. Finance expenses

| | 2023 DKK | 2022 DKK |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Financial expenses to group enterprises | 9.780 | 3.089 |
| Other financial expenses | 313.079 | 343.699 |
| Total | 322.859 | 346.788 |

3. Tax expense

| | Deferred tax DKK | Tax on profit/loss for the year DKK |
|---|------------------------|--|
| Payables at 1 January 2023 | 0 | 0 |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | 0 | 0 |
| Payables at 31 December 2023 | 0 | 0 |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year recognised in the income statement | 0 | 0 |

Notes, continued

4. Intangible assets

| | Patents originating from development projects | | 2022 DKK |
|---|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Total DKK | 2022 DKK | |
| Cost at 1 January 2023 | 19.803.745 | 19.803.745 | 32.171.799 |
| Additions for the year | 2.758.737 | 2.758.737 | 2.826.221 |
| Disposals for the year | 0 | 0 | -15.194.275 |
| Cost at 31 December 2023 | 22.562.482 | 22.562.482 | 19.803.745 |
| Amortisation and impairment losses at 1 January 2023 | -1.697.755 | -1.697.755 | -13.742.237 |
| Amortisation for the year | -1.980.374 | -1.980.374 | -1.697.753 |
| Impairment losses for the year | 0 | 0 | -1.452.040 |
| Reversal regarding disposals for the year | 0 | 0 | 15.194.275 |
| Amortisation and impairment losses at 31 December 2023 | -3.678.129 | -3.678.129 | -1.697.755 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December 2023 | 18.884.353 | 18.884.353 | 18.105.990 |

The development projects consist of the development of the Samlino.dk site, which is a marketplace that connects consumers with banks, insurance companies, telecom providers, etc. in the industry. Our IT development efforts consist of optimizing and improving the platform experience and constantly adding more partners. The systems contribute to the progress in the revenue for new and existing customers.

Notes, continued

5. Property, plant and equipment

| | Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment | Total | 2022 |
|---|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| | DKK | DKK | DKK |
| Cost at 1 January 2023 | 138.689 | 138.689 | 129.636 |
| Additions for the year | 33.222 | 33.222 | 9.053 |
| Cost at 31 December 2023 | 171.911 | 171.911 | 138.689 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January 2023 | -114.376 | -114.376 | -73.903 |
| Depreciation for the year | -21.973 | -21.973 | -40.473 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2023 | -136.349 | -136.349 | -114.376 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December 2023 | 35.562 | 35.562 | 24.313 |

6. Long-term liabilities

| | 31/12-2023 | 31/12-2022 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | DKK | DKK |
| Liabilities in total: | | |
| Payables to group enterprises | 1.663.009 | 0 |
| Other payables | 164.416 | 3.838.598 |
| Total | 1.827.425 | 3.838.598 |
| Current portion of non-current liabilities: | | |
| Other payables | 0 | 2.955.149 |
| Total | 0 | 2.955.149 |

7. Assets charged and collateral

| | 2023 | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Nominal value of the collateral/debt | Booked value of assets deposited as security |
| | DKK | DKK |
| Company pledges in the Company's property, plant and equipment / intangible assets / trade receivables as security for accounts with external funds. | 7.500.000 | 20.830.063 |

Notes, continued

8. Contingent assets

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| | DKK | DKK |
| Unrecognised deferred tax assets due to tax losses carried forward and tax depreciation below accounting depreciation on fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment | 6.038.799 | 6.312.966 |

9. Contingent liabilities

Samlino.dk ApS are jointly tax with other group companies and are severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc. of the group. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of tax on interest, dividend tax and tax on royalty payments. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the company's liability.

10. Group relations

Consolidated Financial Statements The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company of the largest group:

Samlino Group A/S, København K

The consolidated report of the parent company may be obtained at the parent company website www.cvr.dk.

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"Med min underskrift bekræfter jeg indholdet og alle datoer i dette dokument."

Mikkel Jacobsen Jensen

Adm. direktør

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Michael Dam-Johansen

inforevision statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab CVR: 19263096

Statsautoriseret revisor

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Mikkel Jacobsen Jensen

Dirigent

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