# **EnergyCodes.DK ApS**

Inge Lehmanns Gade 10, 8000 Aarhus C CVR no. 36 18 44 50

## Annual report 2022

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 15 June 2023
Chairman:
Stig Ionas Stenheck

### EnergyCodes.DK ApS

Annual report 2022

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### Statement by Management on the annual report

Today the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of EnergyCodes.DK ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Executive Board:		
Morten Nissen Nielsen		
Board of Directors:		
Stig Jonas Stenbeck Chairman	Helle Herk-Hansen	Klaus Jurgen Lindberg
Branislav Slavic	Morten Nissen Nielsen	

#### **Independent auditor's report**

#### To the shareholders of EnergyCodes.DK ApS

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of EnergyCodes.DK ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

#### Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are

considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aarhus, den 15/06 2023 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

Claus Dalager State Authorised Public Accountant mne26745 Thomas Riis State Authorised Public Accountant mne32174

## Management' review

#### **Management commentary**

#### **Business review**

The company's purpose is IT development within the energy sector.

### Development in activities and financial affairs

The Company has continued its operations. It has invested in further developing the platform during 2021.

No significant one-off events occurred in the financial year that needs to be included in the management commentary.

The performance and results for the year are considered satisfactory.

#### **Events after reporting date**

No events have occurred after the reporting date that may materially affect the financial position of the company.

### **Income statement**

Note	DKK	2022	2021
	Gross profit/loss Financial income Financial expenses	106,069 0 -33,081	<b>58,601</b> 3,411,315 -9,059
2	Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year	7 <b>2,988</b> -16,061	<b>3,460,85</b> 7 -10,329
	Profit/loss for the year	56,927	3,450,528
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Dividend proposed for the year	-6	
	Transferred to reserves under equity	56,927	3,450,528
		56,927	3,450,528

## **Balance sheet**

2021	2022	DKK	Note
		ASSETS Financial assets	
_	_	Investments in group entities	_
0	0	Other securities and investments	3
0	0		
0	0	<b>Total non-current assets</b>	
		Current assets Receivables	
129,825	145,249	Trade receivables	
608,052	120,314	Receivables from group enterprises	
0	0	Joint Taxation contribution	4
0	0	Other receivables	
737,877	265,563		
5,118,606	4,918,659	Cash	
5,856,483	5,184,222	Total current assets	
5,856,483	5,184,222	TOTAL ASSETS	

### **Balance sheet**

Note	DKK	2022	2021
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	Share capital	50,000	50,000
	Retained earnings	3,650,006	3,593,079
	Total equity	3,700,006	3,643,079
	Current liabilities		
	Payables to group enterprises	1,155,708	1,633,117
	Corporation tax payable	16,061	10,329
	Other payables	312.447	238,599
	Deferred income	0	331,359
	Total current liabilities	1,484,216	2,213,404
	Total liabilities	1.484,216	2,213,404
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	5,184,222	5,856,483

- 1 Accounting policies4 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.5 Related parties

## Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021 Transfer, see "Appropriation of	50,000	142,550	192,550
profit/loss"	0	3,450,529	3,450,529
<b>Equity at 1 January 2022</b> Transfer, see "Appropriation of	50,000	3,593,079	3,643,079
profit/loss"	0	56,927	56,927
Equity at 31 December 2022	50,000	3,700,006	3,700,006

#### **Notes**

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of EnergyCodes.DK ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies as last year.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross margin**

Gross margin comprise revenue and other external expenses in accordance to the Danish Financial Statements Act section 32.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognized in revenue when transfer and risks to the buyer has taken place. Revenue is measured at fair value of the agreed consideration exclusive of VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, operating leases, etc.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, charges in respect of finance leases, realised and unrealised gains and losses on securities, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

Dividend from investments in group entities is recognised in the income statement in the year of declaration.

#### Tax for the year

Tax for the year comprises current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognised in equity is recognised directly in equity.

#### **Notes**

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial assets

Investments in group entities are measured at cost. Cost includes the consideration measured at fair value plus direct purchase costs. In case of evidence of impairment, an impairment test must be conducted. Investments are written down to the lower of the carrying amount and the recoverable amount.

#### Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on prior-year taxable income and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which they are expected to be utilised, either through elimination against tax on future earnings or through a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable values.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities comprising amounts owed to credit institutions, trade payables and payables to group enterprises are recognised at the date of borrowing at cost, corresponding to the proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

#### **Notes**

		2022	2021
2	Tax for the year		
	Estimated tax on the taxable income for the year	16,061	10,329
		16,061	10,329
3	Other securities and investments	2022	2021
		2022	2021
	Cost at 1 January	0	88,685
	Disposals	0	-88,685
	Cost at 31 December	0	0
	Carrying amount at 31 December	0	0

#### 4 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

#### **Contingent liabilities**

The Company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation with the Danish companies subject to control by Vattenfall AB.

The Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit making and loss making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full obsorption).

The Company is joint taxed with the other Danish group entities. The Company is jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total income tax and must comply with any obligations to withhold tax at source on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies.

#### 5 Related parties

Vindstød A/S' related parties comprise the following:

#### Parties exercising control and issuer of consolidated financial statements

Related party	Domicile	Basis for control
Vattenfall AB	Stockholm, Sweden	Ultimate Parent