# Stena Marine Management ApS

Tuborg Boulevard 12, DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2020

CVR No 36 09 04 21

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 30/06 2021

Morten Rich Chairman of the General Meeting



# **Contents**

	Page
Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Company Information	
Company Information	4
Financial Statements	
Income Statement 1 January - 31 December	5
Balance Sheet 31 December	6
Statement of Changes in Equity	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8



# **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Stena Marine Management ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 30 June 2021

#### **Executive Board**

Sindo Dominic Fernandez-Ares CEO

#### **Board of Directors**

Mats Carlsson Sindo Dominic Fernandez-Arez Chairman Margareta Jensen-Dickson

Ambjörn Fröjd



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholder of Stena Marine Management ApS

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Stena Marine Management ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the



# **Independent Auditor's Report**

audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events
  in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 30 June 2021 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

René Otto Poulsen State Authorised Public Accountant mne26718



# **Company Information**

**The Company** Stena Marine Management ApS

Tuborg Boulevard 12 DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No: 36 09 04 21

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

**Board of Directors** Mats Carlsson, Chairman

Sindo Dominic Fernandez-Arez Margareta Jensen-Dickson

Ambjörn Fröjd

**Executive Board** Sindo Dominic Fernandez-Ares

**Auditors** PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



# **Income Statement 1 January - 31 December**

	Note	2020	2019
		EUR	EUR
Gross profit/loss		8.106.455	7.567.589
Staff expenses	2	-8.286.762	-7.491.033
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-180.307	76.556
Financial income	3	3.277	1.761
Financial expenses	4	-29.227	-16.996
Profit/loss before tax		-206.257	61.321
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	25.116	-38.501
Net profit/loss for the year	-	-181.141	22.820
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings	_	-181.141	22.820
		-181.141	22.820



# **Balance Sheet 31 December**

	Note	2020	2019
		EUR	EUR
Assets			
Trade receivables		53.931	42.970
Receivables from group enterprises		1.653.395	3.311.121
Other receivables	_	0	9.509
Receivables	_	1.707.326	3.363.600
Cash at bank and in hand	-	404.378	790.036
Currents assets	_	2.111.704	4.153.636
Assets	_	2.111.704	4.153.636
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital	6	13.400	13.400
Retained earnings	_	563.136	744.277
Equity	_	576.536	757.677
Trade payables		5.393	180.781
Payables to group enterprises		269.066	2.403.618
Other payables	_	1.260.709	811.560
Short-term debt	_	1.535.168	3.395.959
Debt	-	1.535.168	3.395.959
Liabilities and equity	-	2.111.704	4.153.636
Subsequent events	9		
Key activities	1		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	7		
Related parties	8		
Accounting Policies	10		



# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	EUR	EUR	EUR
Equity at 1 January	13.400	744.277	757.677
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-181.141	-181.141
Equity at 31 December	13.400	563.136	576.536



#### 1 Key activities

The key acitivity of the company is rental of ship personnel to group companies. The objects of the Company are to conduct shipping operations, ship agency and chartering and management thereof and other activities related thereto as well as owning and managing real estate and securities including shares in commercial companies or holding companies of such companies.

2020	2019
EUR	EUR
7.595.838	6.792.875
456.917	457.299
129.413	132.240
104.594	108.619
8.286.762	7.491.033
0	0
	7.595.838 456.917 129.413 104.594 8.286.762

The company rents ship personnel to the parent company, which indirectly has all obligations attached thereto, as a result, the number of employees is stated excluding personnel rented to the parent company. As these employees are included in the number of employees in the parent company.

#### 3 Financial income

	Other financial income	3.277	1.761
		3.277	1.761
4	Financial expenses		
	Other financial expenses	8.119	16.699
	Exchange loss	21.108	297



16.996

29.227

		2020	2019
5	Tax on profit/loss for the year	EUR	EUR
	Current tax for the year	-19.426	11.189
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-5.690	27.312
		-25.116	38.501

#### 6 Equity

The share capital consists of 13,400 shares of a nominal value of EUR 1. No shares carry any special rights.

#### 7 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### **Contingent liabilities**

The Danish group enterprises are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed income of the Group and for Danish taxes at source such as dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and withholding tax.

There are no security and contingent liabilitites at 31 December 2020.

#### 8 Related parties

The company is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements for Stena AB.

Name	Place of registered office	
Stena AB	(Gothenburg, Sweden)	

The Group Annual Report of Stena AB may be obtained at the following address:

www.stena.com

#### 9 Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



#### 10 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Stena Marine Management ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in EUR.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### **Translation policies**

Euro is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.



10 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Income Statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the services sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise rent and administrative expenses.

#### **Gross profit/loss**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenses.

#### Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses other than production wages, since the key activity of the company consists of rental of ship personnel, where the receiving group company has the obligations for the personnel. The average number of employees is exluding rented ship personnel.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.



10 Accounting Policies (continued)

## **Balance Sheet**

#### Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions for estimated bad debts are made.

#### **Current tax receivables and liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### **Financial debts**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

