



## Euro Economics II ApS

Amaliegade 22, 1.  
1256 København K  
CVR No. 36074698

## Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the  
annual report on 20.06.2022

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**Claus Molbech Bendtsen**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# Entity details

## Entity

Euro Economics II ApS

Amaliegade 22, 1.

1256 København K

Business Registration No.: 36074698

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

## Executive Board

Claus Molbech Bendtsen

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

City Tower, Værkmestergade 2

8000 Aarhus C

# Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Euro Economics II ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 20.06.2022

**Executive Board**

**Claus Molbech Bendtsen**

# Independent auditor's extended review report

## To the shareholders of Euro Economics II ApS

### Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Euro Economics II ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity

personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 20.06.2022

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR No. 33963556

#### **Morten Gade Steinmetz**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne34145

#### **Sune Pagh Sølvsteen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne47819

# Management commentary

## Primary activities

The Company's activity consists of acquiring and operating real estate.

## Development in activities and finances

Profit for the year of DKK 7,970k is considered satisfactory.

## Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

The Company's investment properties are measured at fair value. The fair value of the investment properties are recognized at DKK 227,800k. Revaluations and impairment losses of investment properties are based on accounting judgements based on market value calculations of the net rent.

The required rate of return is set so that it is considered to reflect the market's actual required rate of return on similar properties. There is uncertainty related to determining the required rate of return and an increase in this of 0.5 percentage points will reduce the fair value by approx. DKK 32.1m as per the mentioning in the annual report's notes for investment properties.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# Income statement for 2021

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>5,699,728</b>	<b>5,320,815</b>
Fair value adjustments of investment property		6,139,546	29,989,287
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>11,839,274</b>	<b>35,310,102</b>
Other financial income		0	6,160
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(642,323)	(721,457)
Other financial expenses		(978,880)	(1,249,960)
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>10,218,071</b>	<b>33,344,845</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	(2,248,151)	(7,319,732)
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>7,969,920</b>	<b>26,025,113</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>			
Retained earnings		7,969,920	26,025,113
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		<b>7,969,920</b>	<b>26,025,113</b>



# Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

## Assets

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Investment property		227,800,000	221,500,000
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>	2	<b>227,800,000</b>	<b>221,500,000</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>227,800,000</b>	<b>221,500,000</b>
Trade receivables		0	40,968
Receivables from group enterprises		74,573	22,500
Other receivables		26,154	281,479
Prepayments		63,400	1,819
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>164,127</b>	<b>346,766</b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b>231,485</b>	<b>359,994</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>395,612</b>	<b>706,760</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>228,195,612</b>	<b>222,206,760</b>

**Equity and liabilities**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2021 DKK</b>	<b>2020 DKK</b>
Contributed capital		80,000	80,000
Retained earnings		96,945,922	88,976,002
<b>Equity</b>		<b>97,025,922</b>	<b>89,056,002</b>
Deferred tax		25,635,000	24,042,000
<b>Provisions</b>		<b>25,635,000</b>	<b>24,042,000</b>
Mortgage debt		83,351,875	85,469,018
<b>Non-current liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>83,351,875</b>	<b>85,469,018</b>
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	3	2,333,948	2,105,701
Bank loans		0	43,864
Deposits		1,969,646	1,909,603
Prepayments received from customers		1,038,457	1,022,917
Trade payables		422,821	284,245
Payables to group enterprises		15,676,579	17,540,787
Joint taxation contribution payable		655,151	496,732
Other payables		86,213	235,891
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>22,182,815</b>	<b>23,639,740</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>105,534,690</b>	<b>109,108,758</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>228,195,612</b>	<b>222,206,760</b>
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# Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	<b>Contributed capital DKK</b>	<b>Retained earnings DKK</b>	<b>Total DKK</b>
Equity beginning of year	80,000	88,976,002	89,056,002
Profit/loss for the year	0	7,969,920	7,969,920
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>80,000</b>	<b>96,945,922</b>	<b>97,025,922</b>

# Notes

## 1 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Current tax	655,151	496,732
Change in deferred tax	1,593,000	6,823,000
	<b>2,248,151</b>	<b>7,319,732</b>

## 2 Property, plant and equipment

	Investment property DKK
Cost beginning of year	118,503,907
Additions	160,454
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>118,664,361</b>
Fair value adjustments beginning of year	102,996,093
Fair value adjustments for the year	6,139,546
<b>Fair value adjustments end of year</b>	<b>109,135,639</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>227,800,000</b>

Revaluations and impairment losses of investment properties are based on accounting judgements using market value calculations of the net rent.

As described under accounting policies, investment properties are measured at fair value using the return-based model. The average required rate of return of the Company's properties is 3.00% at 31.12.2021 and 3,25% at 31.12.2020. An increase of the required rate of return of 0.5 percentage points would reduce the total fair value by DKK 32.1 m. A reduction of the required rate of return of 0.5 percentage points would increase the value by DKK 45.0 m.

The size of the properties is 6791 m<sup>2</sup>, primarily consisting of residential rentals and commercial rentals. The properties is situated in Copenhagen. The actual rent per m<sup>2</sup> of properties amounts to DKK 1,108 against DKK 1,060 last year.

In the financial year, there has been minor vacancy as a result of vacating and moving in.

The Company has signed leases with tenants, which are terminable at three months' notice.

The fair value of the Company's investment properties amounts to DKK 227,800k at the balance sheet date against DKK 221,500k last year. This yields a change in the fair value of DKK 6,140k, which is recognised directly in the income statement.

No external valuation expert has been engaged to determine the fair value.

### 3 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due within 12 months 2021 DKK	Due within 12 months 2020 DKK	Due after more than 12 months 2021 DKK	Outstanding after 5 years 2021 DKK
Mortgage debt	2,333,948	2,105,701	83,351,875	78,933,972
	<b>2,333,948</b>	<b>2,105,701</b>	<b>83,351,875</b>	<b>78,933,972</b>

### 4 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Euro Economics ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

### 5 Assets charged and collateral

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is DKK 227,800k.

The company guarantees for all mortgage debt of the group enterprises below:

Euro Economics ApS - Central Business Registration No 32763138  
Euro Economics I ApS - Central Business Registration No 36730862  
Euro Economics III ApS - Central Business Registration No 3278882  
Euro Economics IV ApS - Central Business Registration No 37362670  
Euro Economics V ApS - Central Business Registration No 37546208  
Euro Economics VI ApS - Central Business Registration No 38133365  
Euro Economics VII ApS - Central Business Registration No 38428276  
Euro Economics VIII ApS - Central Business Registration No 38472739  
Euro Economics IX ApS - Central Business Registration No 38667629  
Euro Economics X ApS - Central Business Registration No 20805285  
Euro Economics XI ApS - Central Business Registration No 40304118  
Euro Economics XII ApS - Central Business Registration No 40475370

The company has provided a guarantee for a maximum of DKK 4.000k to the company Euro Economic XII ApS's commitment with their bank.

## **6 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Euro Economics ApS

Amaliegade 22, 1

1256 København K

Central Business Registration No 32763138

# Accounting policies

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

## Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Income statement

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and other external expenses.

### Revenue

Revenue consists of rental income from renting of tenancy to businesses and private. Rental income is recognized in the income statement according to the maturity principle.

### Fair value adjustments of investment property

Fair value adjustments of investment property comprise adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment properties measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income.

**Financial expenses from group enterprises**

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

**Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses etc.

**Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

**Balance sheet****Investment property**

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost consisting of the acquisition price of the properties plus directly related acquisition costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which is equivalent to the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer at the balance sheet date.

Fair value is determined by applying the yield-based model as the calculated value in use of expected cash flows from each property. The calculation is based on budgeted net earnings for the next year that has been adjusted to normal earnings, and using a required yield rate that reflects current market yield rates for similar properties. The value is adjusted for factors not reflected in normal earnings, for example, actual vacancy rate, major refurbishments etc.

The financial year's adjustments of the properties' fair value are recognised in the income statement.

**Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

**Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

**Cash**

Cash comprises bank deposits.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.



**Mortgage debt**

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

**Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

**Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

**Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable**

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax.