

EPI-USE Denmark ApS

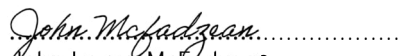
Ny Carlsberg Vej 80, 1799 Copenhagen V

CVR no. 35 86 74 57

Annual report 2022/23

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 30 August 2023

Chair of the meeting:


John Logan McFadzean

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of EPI-USE Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 28 February 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023.


Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 30 August 2023
Executive Board:


Keld Johan Ebbesen
CEO

Board of Directors:


John Logan McPadzean
Chairman


Koen Nicolaas M. Goyvaerts


Keld Johan Ebbesen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of EPI-USE Denmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of EPI-USE Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 28 February 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 30 August 2023
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 30 70 02 28



Martin Alsbaek
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne28627

Management's review

Company details

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Name | EPI-USE Denmark ApS |
| Address, Postal code, City | Ny Carlsberg Vej 80, 1799 Copenhagen V |
| CVR no. | 35 86 74 57 |
| Established | 10 June 2014 |
| Registered office | Copenhagen |
| Financial year | 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023 |
| Website | www.epiuse.com |
| Telephone | +45 33 28 43 27 |
| Board of Directors | John Logan McFadzean, Chairman Koen Nicolaas M. Goyvaerts Keld Johan Ebbesen |
| Executive Board | Keld Johan Ebbesen, CEO |
| Auditors | EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark |

Management's review

Business review

EPI-USE Denmark ApS principal activity is to provide technology based services and sale of computer software and related activities.

Financial review

The income statement for 2022/23 shows a profit of DKK 3,906,777 against a profit of DKK 3,550,832 last year, and the balance sheet at 28 February 2023 shows a negative equity of DKK 20,729,892.

Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year as satisfactory.

The Company's ability to continue operations and meet its obligations as they fall due depends on continued funding from the parent company. The ultimate parent company in the group has guaranteed to provide the funding required to continue operations at least until the date for the general meeting where the Annual Report for 2023/24 will be approved, against which background Management has presented the financial statement on a going concern assumption.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Income statement

| Note | DKK | <u>2022/23</u> | <u>2021/22</u> |
|------|--|------------------|------------------|
| | Gross profit | 18,795,755 | 16,055,942 |
| 2 | Staff costs | -14,622,863 | -12,364,842 |
| | Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment | -108,864 | -37,765 |
| | Profit before net financials | 4,064,028 | 3,653,335 |
| 3 | Financial income | 95,327 | 10,421 |
| 4 | Financial expenses | -252,578 | -112,924 |
| | Profit before tax | 3,906,777 | 3,550,832 |
| | Tax for the year | 0 | 0 |
| | Profit for the year | <u>3,906,777</u> | <u>3,550,832</u> |
| | Recommended appropriation of profit | | |
| | Retained earnings | <u>3,906,777</u> | <u>3,550,832</u> |

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Balance sheet

| Note | DKK | <u>2022/23</u> | <u>2021/22</u> |
|------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | ASSETS | | |
| | Fixed assets | | |
| 5 | Property, plant and equipment | | |
| | Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment | 244,576 | 170,850 |
| | | <u>244,576</u> | <u>170,850</u> |
| 6 | Investments | | |
| | Deposits | 2,575 | 23,263 |
| | | <u>2,575</u> | <u>23,263</u> |
| | Total fixed assets | <u>247,151</u> | <u>194,113</u> |
| | Non-fixed assets | | |
| | Receivables | | |
| | Trade receivables | 12,951,569 | 5,468,341 |
| | Contract assets | 1,748,723 | 759,899 |
| | Receivables from group enterprises | 1,959,818 | 1,347,174 |
| | Other receivables | 88,665 | 9,824 |
| | Prepayments | 300,742 | 158,748 |
| | | <u>17,049,517</u> | <u>7,743,986</u> |
| | Cash | 3,336,942 | 3,201,050 |
| | Total non-fixed assets | <u>20,386,459</u> | <u>10,945,036</u> |
| | TOTAL ASSETS | <u><u>20,633,610</u></u> | <u><u>11,139,149</u></u> |

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Balance sheet

| Note | DKK | <u>2022/23</u> | <u>2021/22</u> |
|------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | |
| | Equity | | |
| | Share capital | 60,000 | 60,000 |
| | Retained earnings | <u>-20,789,892</u> | <u>-24,696,669</u> |
| | Total equity | <u>-20,729,892</u> | <u>-24,636,669</u> |
| | Liabilities other than provisions | | |
| | Current liabilities other than provisions | | |
| | Bank debt | 26,885 | 4,929 |
| | Trade payables | 1,998,278 | 633,032 |
| | Payables to group enterprises | 32,438,646 | 31,693,046 |
| | Other payables | 4,906,199 | 1,976,854 |
| | Deferred income | <u>1,993,494</u> | <u>1,467,957</u> |
| | | <u>41,363,502</u> | <u>35,775,818</u> |
| | Total liabilities other than provisions | <u>41,363,502</u> | <u>35,775,818</u> |
| | TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | <u><u>20,633,610</u></u> | <u><u>11,139,149</u></u> |

- 1 Accounting policies
- 7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 8 Contingent assets
- 9 Collateral
- 10 Related parties

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Statement of changes in equity

| DKK | Share capital | Retained earnings | Total |
|--|---------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Equity at 1 March 2021 | 60,000 | -28,247,501 | -28,187,501 |
| Transfer through appropriation of profit | 0 | 3,550,832 | 3,550,832 |
| Equity at 1 March 2022 | 60,000 | -24,696,669 | -24,636,669 |
| Transfer through appropriation of profit | 0 | 3,906,777 | 3,906,777 |
| Equity at 28 February 2023 | 60,000 | -20,789,892 | -20,729,892 |

The Company's ability to continue operations and meet its obligations as they fall due depends on continued funding from the parent company. The ultimate parent company in the group has guaranteed to provide the funding required to continue operations at least until the date for the general meeting where the Annual Report for 2023/24 will be approved, against which background Management has presented the financial statement on a going concern assumption.

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of EPI-USE Denmark ApS for 2022/23 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

In accordance with section 110(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

In accordance with the Danish Business Authority's clarification in May 2021, financial statement items regarding equity investments in associates have been renamed to equity investments in participating interests as the financial statement items must be designated as such when the entity only holds equity investments in associates.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the rendering of services is recognised as revenue as the services are rendered, implying that revenue corresponds to the market value of the services rendered in the year.

Income from contract work is recognised as revenue at the time of delivery and the transfer of the risk to the buyer.

Gross profit

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items 'Revenue', 'Cost of sales', 'Other external expenses' and 'Other operating income' are consolidated into one item designated 'Gross profit'.

External expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

| | |
|--|---------|
| Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment | 3 years |
|--|---------|

Depreciation is based on the residual value of the asset and is reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the acquisition date and are reassessed annually. Where the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, no further depreciation charges are recognised.

In the case of changes in the depreciation period or the residual value, the effect on the depreciation charges is recognised prospectively as a change in accounting estimates.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Deposits

Deposits are measured at cost.

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Investments in group entities

Investments in group entities and associates are measured at cost, which includes the cost of acquisition calculated at fair value plus direct costs of acquisition. If there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. Where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to such lower value.

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Contract assets

Service supplies and contract work in progress for third parties are measured at the market value of the work performed less progress billings. The market value is calculated based on the stage of completion at the balance sheet date and the total expected income from the relevant contract. The stage of completion is calculated based on the expenses incurred relative to the expected total expenses relating to the relevant contract.

Where the outcome of contract work in progress cannot be estimated reliably, the market value is measured at the expenses incurred in so far as they are expected to be paid by the purchaser.

Where the total expenses relating to the work in progress are expected to exceed the total market value, the expected loss is recognised as a loss-making agreement under "Provisions" and is expensed in the income statement.

The value of work in progress less progress billings is classified as assets when the selling price exceeds progress billings and as liabilities when progress billings exceed the market value.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised as a liability comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial reporting years.

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Notes to the financial statements

| | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| | DKK | <u>2022/23</u> | <u>2021/22</u> | | | |
| 2 | Staff costs | | | | | |
| | Wages/salaries | 13,405,101 | 11,562,449 | | | |
| | Pensions | 1,078,838 | 672,918 | | | |
| | Other social security costs | 138,924 | 129,475 | | | |
| | | <u>14,622,863</u> | <u>12,364,842</u> | | | |
| | Average number of full-time employees | <u>18</u> | <u>14</u> | | | |
| 3 | Financial income | | | | | |
| | Exchange adjustments | 95,327 | 10,421 | | | |
| | | <u>95,327</u> | <u>10,421</u> | | | |
| 4 | Financial expenses | | | | | |
| | Exchange adjustments | 207,759 | 61,050 | | | |
| | Other financial expenses | 44,819 | 51,874 | | | |
| | | <u>252,578</u> | <u>112,924</u> | | | |
| 5 | Property, plant and equipment | | | | | |
| | DKK | | <u>Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment</u> | | | |
| | Cost at 1 March 2022 | | 622,605 | | | |
| | Additions | | 182,590 | | | |
| | Cost at 28 February 2023 | | <u>805,195</u> | | | |
| | Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 March 2022 | | 451,755 | | | |
| | Depreciation | | 108,864 | | | |
| | Impairment losses and depreciation at 28 February 2023 | | <u>560,619</u> | | | |
| | Carrying amount at 28 February 2023 | | <u>244,576</u> | | | |
| 6 | Investments | | | | | |
| | Group entities | | | | | |
| | <u>Name</u> | <u>Legal form</u> | <u>Domicile</u> | <u>Interest</u> | <u>Equity DKK</u> | <u>Profit/loss DKK</u> |
| | EPI-USE | | | | | |
| | Finland OY OY | | Finland | 100.00% | -4,279,724 | 944,936 |

Financial information for EPI-USE Finland OY is non audit information.

Financial statements 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

Notes to the financial statements

7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, EPI-USE Nordic & Baltic Holding ApS, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends falling due for payment.

Other financial obligations

Other rent and lease liabilities:

| DKK | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Rent and lease liabilities | <u>30,378</u> | <u>106,890</u> |

8 Contingent assets

The Company has tax loss carryforwards totalling DKK 27.438 thousand. The nominal value thereof is 22%, totalling DKK 6.032 thousand. DKK 0 of the amount has been recognised in the balance sheet due to the uncertainty as to application of the tax losses.

9 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 28 February 2023.

10 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

| Parent | Domicile | Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements |
|-------------------------|--------------|--|
| EPI-USE Systems Limited | Grand Cayman | At the parent company address |