



CHRISTENSEN

KJÆRULFF

PERSONLIGT ENGAGEMENT

STATSAUTORISERET  
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# Copenhagen Arctic A/S

Sankt Annae Plads 11, 1., 1250 København K

**Company reg. no. 35 68 24 81**

## **Annual report**

**1 January - 31 December 2018**

The annual report has been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 25 June 2019.

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Casper Moltke-Leth  
Chairman of the meeting



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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.



## **Management's report**

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The board of directors and the executive board have today presented the annual report of Copenhagen Arctic A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the company's results of its activities and cash flows in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Copenhagen, 24 June 2019

### **Executive board**

Jeppe Handwerk  
CEO

Carsten Balleby

### **Board of directors**

Casper Moltke-Leth  
Chairman

Jeppe Handwerk

Meta Birgitte Zachau Handwerk



## Independent auditor's report

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**To the shareholders of Copenhagen Arctic A/S**

### Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of Copenhagen Arctic A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.



## Independent auditor's report

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As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.



## **Independent auditor's report**

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In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 24 June 2019

**Christensen Kjærulff**

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab  
Company reg. no. 15 91 56 41

Elan Schapiro

State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne33765



## **Company data**

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**The company**

Copenhagen Arctic A/S  
Sankt Annæ Plads 11, 1.  
1250 København K

Company reg. no. 35 68 24 81  
Established: 5 March 2014  
Domicile: Copenhagen  
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

**Board of directors**

Casper Moltke-Leth, Chairman  
Jeppe Handwerk  
Meta Birgitte Zachau Handwerk

**Executive board**

Jeppe Handwerk, CEO  
Carsten Balleby

**Auditors**

Christensen Kjærulff  
Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab  
Store Kongensgade 68  
1264 København K

**Parent company**

Copenhagen Group A/S



## Financial highlights

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DKK in thousands.

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|  | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|------|------|------|
|--|------|------|------|

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### Profit and loss account:

|                                   |     |     |      |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Gross profit                      | -9  | -16 | -296 |
| Results from operating activities | -9  | -16 | -296 |
| Net financials                    | -1  | -1  | -1   |
| Results for the year              | 276 | 177 | -231 |

### Balance sheet:

|                   |       |     |     |
|-------------------|-------|-----|-----|
| Balance sheet sum | 1.258 | 982 | 805 |
| Equity            | 1.253 | 977 | 800 |

### Cash flow:

|                      |     |      |      |
|----------------------|-----|------|------|
| Operating activities | 80  | 246  | -83  |
| Financing activities | -81 | -247 | -273 |
| Cash flow in total   | -1  | -1   | -357 |

### Key figures in %:

|                |      |      |      |
|----------------|------|------|------|
| Solvency ratio | 99,6 | 99,5 | 99,4 |
|----------------|------|------|------|

The calculation of key figures and ratios follow the Danish Association of Finance Analysts' recommendations.



## Management's review

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### The principal activities of the company

Copenhagen Arctic was established in 2014 as a Joint Venture between Copenhagen Group and DynCorp International with the sole purpose of tendering for the contract for the operation and maintenance of Thule Air Base in Greenland for the US Airforce.

Copenhagen Arctic was not awarded the contract for the Thule Air Base back in November 2014, but has since spent two years and a vast amount of money in pursuing the contract in the US court system.

In June 2016, the court case was finally settled by the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. Unfortunately, Copenhagen Arctic lost the case with the Court of Appeals despite winning it a year prior with the United States Court of Federal Claims.

In December 2017, Copenhagen Group bought DynCorp International's shareholding making it the sole owner of Copenhagen Arctic.

Copenhagen Arctic is utilised for projects and sales activities related to the Nordic Arctic region.

### Development in activities and financial matters

No revenue reported for 2018, but deferred tax assets have been utilised by other separate legal entities within Copenhagen Group.

Copenhagen Arctic continues to carry a loss following the expensive US court case.

### The expected development

Despite losing the court case, we still expect the contract for the Thule Air Base to be re-tendered within the next few years; hence, Copenhagen Arctic remains an active business unit.

We also intend to pursue other business opportunities in the Nordic Arctic region during the next few years for which we will utilise Copenhagen Arctic as the operating business unit to the extent possible.

### Risk Management

Proper management of risks is extremely important to us, since our corporate set-up and customer database do not lend us much room for manoeuvring with respect to social acceptability and financial credibility.

Before bidding for a new potential contract we conduct an internal assessment of the customer and scope of work to ensure it meets our obligations to UN Global Compact to which we are a long-standing signatory.

Our suppliers undergo the same level of scrutiny, in particular with respect to ISO 9001 on quality, ISO 14001 on environment and OHSAS 18001 on occupational health and safety.

To hedge our financial risks, we aim to quote customers in the same currency as that quoted to us by our suppliers. Our business transactions are, for the most part, also restricted to DKK, EUR and USD; hence, the biggest risk relates to fluctuations in the USD exchange rate towards EUR and DKK.



## **Management's review**

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The vast majority of our contracts are with stable national governments and reputable international organisations; hence, a loss on debtors or a long delay in payments by a customer is rarely a problem for us.

### **Events subsequent to the financial year**

No events have occurred subsequent to the end of the fiscal year 2018, which could be of significant detriment to the Copenhagen Arctic's financial position.



## Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

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All amounts in DKK.

| Note                        | 2018           | 2017           |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Other external costs        | -8.500         | -16.050        |
| <b>Gross results</b>        | <b>-8.500</b>  | <b>-16.050</b> |
| Other financial costs       | -951           | -600           |
| <b>Results before tax</b>   | <b>-9.451</b>  | <b>-16.650</b> |
| 1 Tax on ordinary results   | 285.395        | 193.674        |
| <b>Results for the year</b> | <b>275.944</b> | <b>177.024</b> |

### Proposed distribution of the results:

|                                      |                |                |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Allocated to results brought forward | 275.944        | 177.024        |
| <b>Distribution in total</b>         | <b>275.944</b> | <b>177.024</b> |



## Balance sheet 31 December

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All amounts in DKK.

| <b>Assets</b>                  |                                   | <b>2018</b>      | <b>2017</b>    |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| <u>Note</u>                    |                                   |                  |                |
| <b>Current assets</b>          |                                   |                  |                |
|                                | Amounts owed by group enterprises | 600.863          | 519.820        |
| 2                              | Deferred tax assets               | 573.684          | 290.379        |
|                                | Receivable corporate tax          | 2.090            | 89.544         |
|                                | Debtors in total                  | <u>1.176.637</u> | <u>899.743</u> |
|                                | Available funds                   | <u>81.246</u>    | <u>82.196</u>  |
| <b>Current assets in total</b> |                                   | <b>1.257.883</b> | <b>981.939</b> |
| <b>Assets in total</b>         |                                   | <b>1.257.883</b> | <b>981.939</b> |



## Balance sheet 31 December

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All amounts in DKK.

### Equity and liabilities

| Note                                   | 2018             | 2017           |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| <b>Equity</b>                          |                  |                |
| 3 Contributed capital                  |                  |                |
| Results brought forward                | 252.883          | -23.061        |
| <b>Equity in total</b>                 | <b>1.252.883</b> | <b>976.939</b> |
| <br><b>Liabilities</b>                 |                  |                |
| Trade creditors                        | 5.000            | 5.000          |
| Short-term liabilities in total        | 5.000            | 5.000          |
| <b>Liabilities in total</b>            | <b>5.000</b>     | <b>5.000</b>   |
| <b>Equity and liabilities in total</b> | <b>1.257.883</b> | <b>981.939</b> |

### 4 Contingencies



## **Statement of changes in equity**

All amounts in DKK.

|   | <b>Contributed capital</b> | <b>Results brought forward</b> | <b>In total</b>  |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Equity 1 January 2017                       | 1.000.000                  | -200.085                       | 799.915          |
| Profit or loss for the year brought forward | 0                          | 177.024                        | 177.024          |
| Equity 1 January 2018                       | 1.000.000                  | -23.061                        | 976.939          |
| Profit or loss for the year brought forward | 0                          | 275.944                        | 275.944          |
|   | <b>1.000.000</b>           | <b>252.883</b>                 | <b>1.252.883</b> |



## Cash flow statement 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

| Note  | 2018           | 2017            |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| Results for the year                                      | 275.944        | 177.024         |
| 5 Adjustments   | -284.444       | -193.074        |
| Cash flow from operating activities before net financials | -8.500         | -16.050         |
| Interest paid and similar amounts                         | -951           | -600            |
| Cash flow from ordinary activities                        | -9.451         | -16.650         |
| Corporate tax paid  | 89.544         | 262.671         |
| <b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>                | <b>80.093</b>  | <b>246.021</b>  |
| Other cash flows from financing activities                | -81.043        | -246.621        |
| <b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>                | <b>-81.043</b> | <b>-246.621</b> |
| <b>Changes in available funds</b>                         | <b>-950</b>    | <b>-600</b>     |
| Available funds 1 January 2018                            | 82.196         | 82.796          |
| <b>Available funds 31 December 2018</b>                   | <b>81.246</b>  | <b>82.196</b>   |
| <b>Available funds</b>                                    |                |                 |
| Available funds   | 81.246         | 82.196          |
| <b>Available funds 31 December 2018</b>                   | <b>81.246</b>  | <b>82.196</b>   |



## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

|  | 2018                    | 2017                    |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>1. Tax on ordinary results</b>                |                         |                         |
| Group joint taxation                             | -2.090                  | -89.544                 |
| Adjustment for the year of deferred tax          | <u>-283.305</u>         | <u>-104.130</u>         |
|  | <b><u>-285.395</u></b>  | <b><u>-193.674</u></b>  |
| <b>2. Deferred tax assets</b>                    |                         |                         |
| Deferred tax assets 1 January 2018               | 290.379                 | 186.249                 |
| Adjustment for the year of deferred tax          | <u>283.305</u>          | <u>104.130</u>          |
|  | <b><u>573.684</u></b>   | <b><u>290.379</u></b>   |
| The following items are subject to deferred tax: |                         |                         |
| Losses brought forward from previous years       | <u>573.684</u>          | <u>290.379</u>          |
|  | <b><u>573.684</u></b>   | <b><u>290.379</u></b>   |
| <b>3. Contributed capital</b>                    |                         |                         |
| Contributed capital 1 January 2018               | <u>1.000.000</u>        | <u>1.000.000</u>        |
|  | <b><u>1.000.000</u></b> | <b><u>1.000.000</u></b> |

The share capital consists of 1.000 shares, each with a nominal value of DKK 1.000.

During the last 5 years, there has been the following changes to the contributed capital:

The company has in 2015 increased the contributed capital from DKK 500.000 to DKK 1.000.000.

## 4. Contingencies

### Joint taxation

Handwerk Holding A/S, company reg. no 33055889 being the administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.



## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

|                         | 2018                   | 2017                   |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>5. Adjustments</b>   |                        |                        |
| Other financial costs   | 951                    | 600                    |
| Tax on ordinary results | <u>-285.395</u>        | <u>-193.674</u>        |
|                         | <b><u>-284.444</u></b> | <b><u>-193.074</u></b> |



## **Accounting policies used**

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The annual report for Copenhagen Arctic A/S is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

### **Recognition and measurement in general**

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

### **Translation of foreign currency**

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Debtors, creditors, and other monetary items in foreign currency are translated by using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or the recognition in the latest annual accounts of the amount owed or the liability is recognised in the profit and loss account under financial income and expenses.

### **The profit and loss account**

#### **Other external costs**

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.



## Accounting policies used

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### Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

### Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

## The balance sheet

### Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

### Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

### Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

According to the rules of joint taxation, Copenhagen Arctic A/S is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.



## **Accounting policies used**

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Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

### **Liabilities**

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

### **The cash flow statement**

The cash flow statement shows the cash flow of the company for the year, divided in cash flows deriving from operating activities, investment activities, and financing activities, respectively, the changes in the liabilities, and the available funds at the beginning and the end of the year respectively.

The effect of cash flow deriving from purchase and sale of enterprises appears separately under cash flow from investment activities. In the cash flow statement, cash flow deriving from purchased enterprises is recognised as of the date of acquisition, and cash flow deriving from sold enterprises is recognised until the sales date.

#### **Cash flow from operating activities**

Cash flow from operating activities are calculated as the results for the year adjusted for non-cash operating items, the change in the working capital, and corporate tax paid.

#### **Cash flow from investment activities**

Cash flow from investment activities comprises payments in connection with the acquisition and sale of enterprises and activities as well as the acquisition and sale of intangible and tangible fixed assets and fixed asset investments respectively.

#### **Cash flow from financing activities**

Cash flow from financing activities comprises changes in the size or the composition of the share capital and the costs in this connection. Furthermore, these activities comprise borrowings, instalments on interestbearing debt, and payment of dividend to the shareholders.

#### **Available funds**

Available funds comprise cash funds with deduction of short-term bank debt and short-term securities with a term of less than 3 months which can easily be converted into cash funds and on which only an insignificant risk of value changes exists.

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## Meta Birgitte Zachau Handwerk

Bestyrelsesmedlem

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IP: 185.170.xxx.xxx

2019-06-25 12:00:16Z

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## Casper Moltke-Leth

Bestyrelsesformand

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2019-06-25 12:19:39Z

NEM ID 

## Carsten Balleby

Direktør

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IP: 212.98.xxx.xxx

2019-06-25 12:22:52Z

NEM ID 

## Jeppe Handwerk

Adm. direktør

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2019-06-26 06:15:29Z

NEM ID 

## Jeppe Handwerk

Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-687043937713

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2019-06-26 06:15:29Z

NEM ID 

## Elan Schapiro

Statsautoriseret revisor

På vegne af: CHRISTENSEN KJÆRULFF STATSAUTORISERET

REVISIONSAKTIESELSKAB

Serienummer: CVR:15915641-RID:1174558287756

IP: 176.23.xxx.xxx

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## Casper Moltke-Leth

Dirigent

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