Patrizia Hovedgade ApS

c/o Cobblestone A/S, Gammel Køge Landevej 57, 3. 2500 Valby Denmark

CVR no. 35 67 28 34

Annual report 2019

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on

25 May 2020

Louise Hertz

chairman

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Copenhagen, 25 May 2020

Executive Board:

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Patrizia Hovedgade ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Dominik Josef Röhrich		
Board of Directors:		
Sebastian Hubertus Lohmer Chairman	Jan Michael Wangermann	Dominik Josef Röhrich
Louise Hertz		



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Patrizia Hovedgade ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Patrizia Hovedgade ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that



Independent auditor's report

are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 25 May 2020 **KPMG**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Michael Tuborg State Authorised Public Accountant mne24621

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Management's review

Company details

Patrizia Hovedgade ApS c/o Cobblestone A/S, Gammel Køge Landevej 57, 3. 2500 Valby Denmark

CVR no.: 35 67 28 34

Financial year: 1 January – 31 December

Board of Directors

Sebastian Hubertus Lohmer, Chairman Jan Michael Wangermann Dominik Josef Röhrich Louise Hertz

Executive Board

Dominik Josef Röhrich

Auditor

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfærgevej 28 DK-2100 Copenhagen Denmark

Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

The Company owns and manages the property Lyngby Hovedgade 49 B, 2800 Kgs. Lyngby (Denmark), and conducts activities associated therewith.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2019 shows a profit of DKK 1,553 thousand and the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2019 shows equity of DKK 34,512 thousand.

Events after the balance sheet date

After the balance sheet date, the virus COVID-19 has been declared a pandemic by the WHO, which affects the world and our society, including the real estate business.

At the current stage, Management assess that the effects from COVID-19 will not have a material impact on the Company's rental income nor its financial position.

There have been no other significant events after the end of the financial year.

Income statement

DKK'000	Note	2019	2018
Gross profit		7,772	7,144
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		-1,448	-1,444
Operating profit		6,324	5,700
Financial expenses	3	-4,334	-4,305
Profit before tax		1,990	1,395
Tax on profit for the year	4	-437	-307
Profit for the year		1,553	1,088
Proposed profit appropriation			
Retained earnings		1,553	1,088
		1,553	1,088

Balance sheet

DKK'000 N	lote	2019	2018
ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5		
Investment properties	•	126,359	127,807
Total fixed assets		126,359	127,807
Current assets			
Receivables			
Other receivables		8	37
Cash at bank and in hand	_	20,792	16,749
Total current assets		20,800	16,786
TOTAL ASSETS		147,159	144,593

Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	2019	2018
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity			
Contributed capital		100	100
Retained earnings		34,412	32,860
Total equity		34,512	32,960
Provisions			
Provisions for deferred tax		1,991	1,554
Total provisions		1,991	1,554
Liabilities other than provisions			
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	6		
Mortgage loan		61,697	61,640
Payables to shareholder		46,805	46,805
Deposits		600	707
		109,102	109,152
Current liabilities other than provisions		,	
Prepayments received from tenants		15	15
Trade payables		415	82
Other payables		421	830
Deposits		703	0
		1,554	927
Total liabilities other than provisions		110,656	110,079
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		147,159	144,593
Average number of full-time employees	2		
Mortgages and collateral	7		
Related party disclosures	8		

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2019	100	32,859	32,959
Transferred over the profit appropriation	0	1,553	1,553
Equity at 31 December 2019	100	34,412	34,512

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Patrizia Hovedgade ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entites under the Danish Financial Statements Act with option from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Income statement

Gross profit

Pursuant to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has decided only to disclose gross profit. The financial statements items revenue and other external costs are aggregated in the financial statement item gross profit.

Revenue

Revenue, comprising rental income, is recognised in the period to which it relates.

Other external costs

Other external expenses comprise costs incurred during the period as a result of the rental of the Company's properties and administration.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses and exchange rate adjustments.

Tax on profit for the year

Tax for the year comprises current corporation tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognised in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquistion until the date on which the asset is available for use. Indirect production overheads and borrowings costs are net recognised in cost.

Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

Patrizia Hovedgade ApS

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Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

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1 Accounting policies (continued)

The basis of depreciation is cost less any projected residual value after the end of the useful life. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Building 75 years Technical installations 25 years

The residual value of the building is 50%.

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Land is not depreciated.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of investment properties is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets, including forecast net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in bank and in hand.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability at the date when they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected payment for the year is disclosed as a separate item under equity.

Liabilities other than provisions

Payable to credit institutes are recognised at cost at the date of borrowing equivalent to proceeds received less transaction costs paid.

Subsequently, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill non-deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where the temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss or taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement or equity, respectively.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid rent from the tenants.

Notes

2	Average number of full-time employees DKK'000	2019	2018
	Average number of full-time employees	0	0
3	Financial expenses	0040	0040
	DKK'000	2019	2018
	Interest expense to shareholder Mortgage loan	2,574	2,574
	Other financial costs	1,593 167	1,593 138
	Cities initiations costs	4,334	4,305
4	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	DKK'000	2019	2018
	Change in deferred tax	437	307
		437	307
5	Property, plant and equipment		
	DKK'000		Investment properties
	Cost at 1 January 2019		134,687
	Cost at 31 December 2019		134,687
	Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January 2019 Depreciation for the year		-6,880 -1,448
	Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2019		-8,328
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2019		126,359
6	Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
	·		Outstanding
	DKK'000	Total debt at 31/12 2019	debt after five years
	Payables to shareholder	46,805	0
	Mortgage loan	61,697	51,147
	Deposits	600	600
		109,102	51,747

Notes

7 Mortgages and collateral

Investment properties with a carrying amount of DKK 126,359 thousand at 31 December 2019 have been provided as collateral for mortgage loan of DKK 61,697 thousand.

8 Related party disclosures

Patrizia Hovedgade ApS is included in the consolidated financial statement of Patrizia Immobilien Kapitalverwaltungsgesellschaft mbH, Hamburg, Germany, in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.