Church Denmark ApS

c/o Church's Copenhagen Illum, Østergade 52, 1100

CVR no. 35 66 54 20

Annual report

for the year 1 January - 31 December 2022

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 2 May 2023

Chair of the meeting:

Denni Manzatto

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Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of Church Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report, which has not been audited, has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Executive Board has considered the criteria for omission of audit to be met.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

It is proposed to the annual general meeting that the financial statements for 2023 should not be audited.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 2 May 2023 Executive Board:

Denni Manzatto

Hamun Shah

Denni Manzatto

Hamun Shah

The general meeting has decided that the financial statements for the coming financial year will not be audited.

Independent auditor's report on the compilation of financial statements

To the general management of Church Denmark ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Church Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 based on the Company's bookkeeping and other information provided.

The financial statements comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410 *Compilation Engagements*.

We have applied our expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist you in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant requirements in the Danish Auditors Act and International Ethics Standards Board for Professional Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 2 May 2023 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

ennk.

Henrik Pedersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne35456

Management's review

Company details	
Name	Church Denmark ApS
Address, Postal code, City	c/o Church's Copenhagen Illum, Østergade 52, 1100
CVR no.	35 66 54 20
Established	10 February 2014
Registered office	København K
Financial year	1 January - 31 December
Executive Board	Denni Manzatto Hamun Shah

Management commentary

Business review

The Company's activities comprise sales of Church products in Copenhagen, Denmark.

Financial review

The income statement for 2022 shows a profit of DKK 44 thousand against a profit of DKK 29 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of DKK 3,757 thousand.

Events after the balance sheet date

Management expects to merge the company with Prada Denmark ApS during 2023. No other significant subsequent events.

Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2022	2021
3 4	Gross profit Staff costs Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Other operating expenses	1,667 -1,215 -205 -188	1,634 -1,120 -475 0
	Profit before net financials Financial expenses	59 -3	39 -1
5	Profit before tax Tax for the year	56 -12	38 -9
	Profit for the year	44	29
	Recommended appropriation of profit		
	Retained earnings	44	29
		44	29

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2022	2021
6	ASSETS Fixed assets Property, plant and equipment		
0	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	0	393
	Leasehold improvements	0	0
		0	
		0	393
	Total fixed assets		
		0	393
	Non-fixed assets Inventories		
		202	2 207
	Finished goods and goods for resale	282	2,287
		282	2,287
	Receivables		
	Trade receivables	323	817
	Receivable from associates	3,836	769
	Deferred Tax	500	512
	Prepayments	0	4
		4,659	2,102
	Cash	420	256
	Total non-fixed assets	5,361	4,645
	TOTAL ASSETS	5,361	5,038

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2022	2021
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity Share capital	50	50
	Retained earnings	3,707	3,663
	Total equity	3,757	3,713
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Current liabilities other than provisions Trade payables	402	11
	Payables to group enterprises	837	704
	Other payables	365	610
		1,604	1,325
	Total liabilities other than provisions	1,604	1,325
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	5,361	5,038

Accounting policies
Other operating income

7 Collateral

8 Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	50	3,634	3,684
Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	29	29
Equity at 1 January 2022	50	3,663	3,713
Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	44	44
Equity at 31 December 2022	50	3,707	3,757

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Church Denmark ApS for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the sale of finished goods, is recognised in revenue when the most significant rewards and risks have been transferred to the buyer and provided the income can be measured reliably and payment is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Gross profit

The items revenue, change in inventories of finished goods and and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other operating income

Other operating income and operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, including gains or losses on the sale of fixed assets.

Grants received from the Danish government relating to COVID-19 compensation packages are recognized as part of other operating income.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of goods used in generating the year's revenue.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. Fixtures and fittings are depreciated over the terms of the lease. Other assets are depreciated over 5 years.

Fixtures and fittings, other plant and	3-5 years
equipment	
Leasehold improvements	3-5 years

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. Fixtures and fittings are depreciated over the terms of the lease. Other assets are depreciated over 5 years.

Depreciation is based on the residual value of the asset and is reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the acquisition date and are reassessed annually. Where the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, no further depreciation charges are recognised.

In the case of changes in the depreciation period or the residual value, the effect on the depreciation charges is recognised prospectively as a change in accounting estimates.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, including losses on the sale of fixed assets.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Тах

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Leases

The Company has chosen IAS 17 as interpretation for classification and recognition of leases.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the weighted average cost method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

Goods for resale are measured at cost, which comprises the cost of acquisition plus delivery costs as well as other expenses directly attributable to the acquisition.

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Notes to the financial statements

	DKK'000	2022	2021
2	Other operating income		
	Covid-19 furlough compensation	0	239
	Covid-19 fixed costs compensation	0	260
		0	499
	DKK'000	2022	2021
3	Staff costs		
	Wages/salaries	1,190	1,097
	Other social security costs	25	23
		1,215	1,120
	Average number of full-time employees	4	3
4	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	205	475
		205	475
5	Tax for the year		
	Deferred tax adjustments in the year	12	9
		12	9

Requisitioning of the parent

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

6 Property, plant and equipment

	Fixtures and fittings, other		
DKK'000	plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
Cost at 1 January 2022 Disposals	2,601 -2,601	81 0	2,682 -2,601
Cost at 31 December 2022	0	81	81
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2022 Depreciation Reversal of accumulated depreciation and impairment of assets disposed	2,208 205 -2,413	81 0 0	2,289 205 -2,413
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2022	0	81	81
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	0	0	0

7 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2022.

8 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	company's consolidated financial statements
Prada S.p.A	Via Fogozzaro 28, 20135 Milano, Italy	https://www.pradagroup.co m/content/dam/pradagrou p/documents/Shareholderi nformation/2022/inglese/a nnual-report-2021/e- Annual%20Report%202021 .df.pdf

Ownership

The following shareholders are registered in the Company's register of shareholders as holding minimum 5% of the share capital:

Name	Domicile
Church & Co. Ltd.	St James, Northampton NN5 5JB St James, England