REVISIONS FIRMAET EDELBO

STATSAUTORISERET REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB

Bio Circle Surface Technology ApS

Stegshavevej 7 5750 Ringe

CVR-nr. 35664270

Annual report for the financial year 1 Januar - 31 December 2022

Precented anadopted at the Annual General Meeting on 28. april 2023

Carsten Højsgaard Bødker Dirigent



KOGTVEDLUND

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Contents

Management's Statement	3
Independent Auditors' Report	۷
Company Information	6
Management's Review	7
Accounting Policies	8
Income Statement	11
Balance Sheet	12
Statement of changes in Equity	14
Notes	15

Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Bio Circle Surface Technology ApS for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Ringe, 28 April 2023

Executive Board

Carsten Højsgaard Bødker

CEO

Supervisory Board

Ulrich Berens

Mikael Linn Højsgaard Bødker

Carsten Højsgaard Bødker

Independent Auditors' Report

To the shareholders of Bio Circle Surface Technology ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bio Circle Surface Technology ApS for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibility under those standards and requirements are further described in our auditors' report under "Auditors' responsibility for the audit of the financial statements". As required by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we are independent of the Company, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management considers necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to either liquidate the Company or suspend operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is no guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and can be considered material if it would be reasonable to expect that these - either individually or collectively - could influence the economic decisions taken by the users of financial statements on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain an attitude of professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for a material misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or override of internal control.
- · Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that

Independent Auditors' Report

are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- Evaluate whether the accounting policies used are appropriate and whether the accounting estimates and the related disclosures made by Management are reasonable.
- Conclude on whether Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements is appropriate and, based on the audit evidence obtained, conclude on whether a material uncertainty exists relating to events or conditions, which could cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may imply that the Company can no longer remain a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including note disclosures, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control which we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of opinion providing assurance regarding the Management's review.

Our responsibility in connection with our audit of the financial statements is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or with the knowledge we have gained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review meets the disclosure requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our procedures, we are of the opinion that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act. In our opinion, the Management's review is not materially misstated.

Svendborg, 28 April 2023

RevisionsFirmaet Edelbo Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR-no. 35486178

statsautoriseret revisor

mne31470

Company details

Company Bio Circle Surface Technology ApS

Stegshavevej 7

5750 Ringe

CVR No. 35664270

Date of formation 4 February 2014

Financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022

Supervisory Board Ulrich Berens

Mikael Linn Højsgaard Bødker Carsten Højsgaard Bødker

Executive Board Carsten Højsgaard Bødker, CEO

Auditors RevisionsFirmaet Edelbo

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

"Kogtvedlund" Kogtvedparken 17 5700 Svendborg CVR-no.: 35486178

Contacts Morten Troels Pedersen, statsautoriseret revisor

Malene Stempin, revisorassistent

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist op offering innovative products whitin surface treatment.

Development in activities and financial matters

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022 shows a result of DKK 1.318.789 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2022 a balance sheet total of DKK 8.046.846 and an equity of DKK 3.271.123.

Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The Annual Report of Bio Circle Surface Technology ApS for 2022 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the Income Statement under Financial Income and Expenses.

General Information

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Income Statement

Gross profit/loss

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the Income Statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods is recognised in the Income Statement from the date of delivery and when the risk has passed on to the buyer if it is possible to calculate the income reliably. The revenue is calculated exclusive of VAT, charges and discounts.

Accounting Policies

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the principal activity of the Company.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses regarding sale and administration.

Amortisation and impairment of tangible and intangible assets

Amortisation and impairment of intangible and tangible assets has been performed based on a continuing assessment of the useful life of the assets in the Company. Non-current assets are amortised on a straight line basis, based on cost, on the basis of the following assessment of useful life and residual values:

		Residual
	Useful life	value
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-10 years	0%

Profit or loss resulting from the sale of intangible or tangible assets is determined as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of sale, and is recognised in the Income Statement under other operating income or expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement with the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, debt and foreign currency transactions, dividends received from other equity investments, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and allowances under the tax repayment scheme.

Tax on net profit/loss for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Balance Sheet

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are measured at cost plus revaluations, if any, and less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Cost comprises the purchase price and costs directly attributable to the purchase until the date when the asset is available for use.

Tangible assets that are leased and meet the conditions for financial leasing are treated according to the same guidelines as those applying to purchased assets.

The cost of financially leased assets is measured at the lower value of the purchase prices according to the leases and the present value of the lease payments, determined on the basis of the interest rate implicit in the leases.

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incident to the ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases. Payments relating to operating leases and any other rent agreements are recognised in the Income Statement over the tern of the lease. The Company's aggregate liabilities relating to operationg leases and other rent agreements are disclosed under "Contingent liabilities".

Accounting Policies

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost on the basis of the FIFO principle or at the net realisable value if the latter is lower.

Raw materials and consumables are measured at cost, comprising purchase price plus delivery costs.

Receivables

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Accrued income, assets

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Equity

Proposed dividend for the year is recognised as a separate item in equity.

Financial liabilities

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Current tax liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the Balance Sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

Income Statement

	Note	2022 kr.	2021 kr.
Gross profit		7.724.367	6.397.544
Employee benefits expense Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		-5.884.772 -105.091	-5.171.623
Profit from ordinary operating activities	_	1.734.504	-72.340 1.153.581
Other finance income	2	521	21.784
Finance expences	3	-34.800	-51.395
Profit from orninary activities before tax		1.700.225	1.123.970
Tax expense on ordinary activities	r <u></u>	-381.436	-254.412
Profit) 	1.318.789	869.558
Proposed distribution of results			
Proposed dividend recognized under equity		1.250.000	750.000
Retained earnings		68.789	119.558
Distribution of profit	-	1.318.789	869.558

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

Assets	Note	2022 kr.	2021 kr.
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	4	154.583	52.622
Leasehold improvements	5	46.811	87.868
Property, plant and equipment) 	201.394	140.490
Deposits, investments		114.000	45.000
Investments		114.000	45.000
Fixed assets	_	315.394	185.490
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		2.447.454	2.168.503
Inventories	_	2.447.454	2.168.503
Short-term trade receivables		3.524.816	2.912.563
Short-term tax receivables		0	6.659
Other short-term receivables		19.752	10.030
Deferred income		590.119	272.661
Receivables	-	4.134.688	3.201.913
Cash and cash equivalents		1.149.311	1.208.826
Current assets	9;	7.731.453	6.579.242
Assets	:	8.046.846	6.764.732

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

Liabilities and equity	Note	2022 kr.	2021 kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Contributed capital		80.000	80.000
Retained earnings		1.941.123	1.872.333
Proposed dividend recognised in equity		1.250.000	750.000
Equity	-	3.271.123	2.702.333
	-	012711120	2.702.555
Provisions for deferred tax		22.698	3.303
Provisions	_	22.698	3.303
	() -		•
Other payables		243.263	308.286
Long-term liabilities other than provisions	6	243.263	308.286
Debt to banks		47.915	13.692
Trade payables		348.058	341.302
Payables to group enterprises		2.850.234	2.498.711
Tax payables		42.234	0
Other payables		1.221.321	897.105
Short-term liabilities other than provisions	_	4.509.762	3.750.810
Liabilities other than providing within the landing		4 752 025	4.050.004
Liabilities other than provisions within the business	_	4.753.025	4.059.096
Liabilities and equity		8.046.846	6.764.732
Contingent liabilities	7		
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	8		

Statement of changes in Equity

	Contributed	Retained	Proposed dividend recognised	
	capital	earnings	in equity	Total
Equity 1 January 2022	80.000	1.872.334	750.000	2.702.334
Dividend paid	0	0	-750.000	-750.000
Profit (loss)	0	68.789	1.250.000	1.318.789
Equity 31 December 2022	80.000	1.941.123	1.250.000	3.271.123

The share capital has remained unchanged for the last 5 years.

Notes

	2022	2021
1. Employee benefits expense		
Wages and salaries	5.361.162	4.761.772
Post-employement benefit expense	431.291	330.495
Social security contributions	92.318	79.356
%── 	5.884.771	5.171.623
Average number of employees	11	9
2. Other finance income		
Other finance income	521	01.704
- Cities and the citi	521 521	21.784 21.784
3. Finance expenses		
Other finance expenses	34.800	51.395
_	34.800	51.395
4. Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment		
Cost at the beginning of the year	163.047	209.076
Addition during the year, incl. improvements	221.623	158.208
Disposal during the year	-55.628	-204.237
Cost at the end of the year	329.042	163.047
Depreciation and amortisation at the beginning of the year	-110.425	-96.935
Amortisation for the year	-64.034	-31.282
Reversal of impairment losses and amortisation of disposed assets	04.034	17.792
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-174.459	-110.425
Carrying amount at the end of the year	154.583	52.622
5. Leasehold improvements		
Cost at the beginning of the year	185.588	185.587
Cost at the end of the year	185.588	185.587
Depreciation and amortisation at the beginning of the year	-97.719	-56.661
Amortisation for the year	-41.058	-41.058
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-138.777	-97.719
Carrying amount at the end of the year	46.811	87.868

Notes

2022 2021

6. Long-term liabilities

	Due	Due	Due
	after 1 year	within 1 year	after 5 years
Other payables	243.263	0	0
	243.263	0	0

7. Contingent liabilities

The company has a leasing debt with a residual maturity of 6-46 måneder. The total leasing debt of 31 of december 2022 is 2.372.029 kr.

A leas has been signed with notice of termination of 6 months. The obligation of this amounts to 90.000 kr.

8. Collaterals and securities

No securities or mortgages exist at the balance sheet date.