
KK Wind Solutions International ApS

Bøgildvej 3, DK-7430 Ikast

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2020

CVR No 35 65 18 29

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted at
the Annual General
Meeting of the Company on
21/04 2021

Allan Gabriel Zandberg
Chairman of the General
Meeting



Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Company Information	
Company Information	5
Management's Review	6
Financial Statements	
Income Statement 1 January - 31 December	7
Balance Sheet 31 December	8
Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10

Management's Statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of KK Wind Solutions International ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Ikast, 21 April 2021

Executive Board

Chlinton Arendahl Nielsen
CEO

Søren Bæk Just

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of KK Wind Solutions International ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of KK Wind Solutions International ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstate-

Independent Auditor's Report

ment, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events

Independent Auditor's Report

in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aarhus, 21 April 2021

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Mads Melgaard
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne34354

Claus Lyngsø Sørensen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne34539

Company Information

The Company

KK Wind Solutions International ApS
Bøgildvej 3
DK-7430 Ikast

CVR No: 35 65 18 29

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Municipality of reg. office: Ikast-Brande

Executive Board

Chlinton Arendahl Nielsen
Søren Bæk Just

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Nobelparken
Jens Chr. Skous Vej 1
DK-8000 Aarhus C

Management's Review

Key activities

KK Wind Solutions International ApS' main activity is to own shares in companies.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2020 shows a loss of kDKK 288, and at 31 December 2020 the balance sheet of the Company shows negative equity of kDKK 566.

Increasing and profitable activity is expected to continue in KK Wind Solutions India Pvt. Ltd. in the coming years and consequently the company is expected to improve earnings in the coming years through dividends from KK Wind Solutions India Pvt. Ltd., whereby the company's capital is expected to be re-established.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2020 kDKK	2019 kDKK
Administrative expenses		-118	-110
Operating profit/loss		-118	-110
Financial income	1	1.204	891
Financial expenses	2	-1.353	-769
Profit/loss before tax		-267	12
Tax on profit/loss for the year		-21	-3
Net profit/loss for the year		-288	9

Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings		-288	9
		-288	9

Balance Sheet 31 December

	Note	2020 kDKK	2019 kDKK
Assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	3	4.968	4.968
Receivables from group enterprises	4	40.000	40.018
Fixed asset investments		44.968	44.986
Fixed assets		44.968	44.986
Cash at bank and in hand		2.092	1.033
Currents assets		2.092	1.033
Assets		47.060	46.019
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		50	50
Retained earnings		-616	-328
Equity		-566	-278
Payables to group enterprises		47.577	46.274
Corporation tax		0	3
Other payables		49	20
Short-term debt		47.626	46.297
Debt		47.626	46.297
Liabilities and equity		47.060	46.019
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	5		
Related parties	6		
Accounting Policies	7		

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital kDKK	Retained earnings kDKK	Total kDKK
Equity at 1 January	50	-328	-278
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-288	-288
Equity at 31 December	50	-616	-566

Notes to the Financial Statements

	2020 kDKK	2019 kDKK
1 Financial income		
Interest received from group enterprises	1.203	889
Exchange gains	1	2
	1.204	891
2 Financial expenses		
Interest paid to group enterprises	1.336	759
Other financial expenses	17	10
	1.353	769
3 Investments in subsidiaries		
Cost at 1 January	4.968	4.968
Cost at 31 December	4.968	4.968
Carrying amount at 31 December	4.968	4.968

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Votes and ownership	Equity	Net profit/loss for the year
KK Wind Solutions India PVT, LTD	Bengaluru, India	99,9%	-4.558	2.062

The figures presented within this disclosures are obtained from the latest approved financial statement as of 31 March 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Other fixed asset investments

	Receivables from group enterprises kDKK
Cost at 1 January	40.018
Disposals for the year	-18
Cost at 31 December	<u>40.000</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December	<u>40.000</u>

5 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of A.P. Møller Holding A/S, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on un-earned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

6 Related parties

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Name	Place of registered office
KK Wind Solutions Holding A/S, business registration no. 39067048.	Ikast, Denmark

Notes to the Financial Statements

7 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of KK Wind Solutions International ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in kDKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements of KK Wind Solutions Holding A/S, business registration no. 39067048 and A.P. MØLLER OG HUSTRU CHASTINE MC-KINNEY MØLLERS FOND TIL ALMENE FORMAAL, business registration no. 11666779., the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt

Notes to the Financial Statements

7 Accounting Policies (continued)

arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income Statement

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses comprise expenses for Management, administrative staff, office expenses, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of receivables.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

7 Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.