KK Wind Solutions International ApS

Bøgildvej 3, DK-7430 Ikast

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2022

CVR No 35 65 18 29

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 20/4 2023

Allan Gabriel Zandberg Chairman of the General Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of KK Wind Solutions International ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2022 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2022.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Ikast, 20 April 2023

Executive Board

Mauricio Fernando Quintana CEO Søren Bæk Just



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of KK Wind Solutions International ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of KK Wind Solutions International ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstate-



Independent Auditor's Report

ment, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the



Independent Auditor's Report

disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aarhus, 20 April 2023 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Claus Lyngsø Sørensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne34539 Thomas Bernth Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne47814



Company Information

The Company KK Wind Solutions International ApS

Bøgildvej 3 DK-7430 Ikast

CVR No: 35 65 18 29

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Ikast-Brande

Executive Board Mauricio Fernando Quintana

Søren Bæk Just

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Nobelparken

Jens Chr. Skous Vej 1 DK-8000 Aarhus C



Management's Review

Key activities

KK Wind Solutions International ApS' main activity is to own shares in companies.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2022 shows a profit of kDKK 49, and at 31 December 2022 the balance sheet of the Company shows negative equity of kDKK 532.

Increasing and profitable activity is expected to continue in KK Wind Solutions India Ptv. Ltd. in the coming years and consequently the company is expected to improve earnings in the coming years through dividends from KK Wind Solutions India Ptv. Ltd., whereby the company's capital is expected to be re-established.



Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2022 kDKK	2021 kDKK
Gross profit/loss		0	0
Administrative expenses	-		-245
Operating profit/loss		-19	-245
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-19	-245
Financial income	2	1.167	1.181
Financial expenses	3	-1.033	-966
Profit/loss before tax	_	115	-30
Tax on profit/loss for the year	_	-66	15
Net profit/loss for the year	-	49	-15
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings	_	49	-15
	_	49	-15



Balance Sheet 31 December

	Note	2022 kDKK	2021 kDKK
Assets		KDKK	KDKK
Investments in subsidiaries	4	9.214	4.968
Receivables from group enterprises	5	35.830	38.330
Fixed asset investments	- -	45.044	43.298
Fixed assets	-	45.044	43.298
Cash at bank and in hand	-	20	2.097
Currents assets	-	20	2.097
Assets	-	45.064	45.395
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		50	50
Retained earnings	_	-582	-631
Equity	-	-532	-581
Trade payables		10	0
Payables to group enterprises		45.551	45.958
Corporation tax		25	0
Other payables	_	10	18
Short-term debt	-	45.596	45.976
Debt	-	45.596	45.976
Liabilities and equity	-	45.064	45.395
Staff	1		
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Statement of Changes in Equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	kDKK	kDKK	kDKK
Equity at 1 January	50	-631	-581
Net profit/loss for the year	0	49	49
Equity at 31 December	50	-582	-532



				2022	2021
1	Staff			kDKK	kDKK
	Average number of employees		_	0	0
2	Financial income				
	Interest received from group enterprises			1.160	1.180
	Exchange gains			7	1
			_	1.167	1.181
3	Financial expenses				
	Interest paid to group enterprises			940	943
	Other financial expenses			93	23
			_	1.033	966
4	Investments in subsidiaries				
	Cost at 1 January			4.968	4.968
	Additions for the year			4.246	0
	Carrying amount at 31 December		_	9.214	4.968
	Investments in subsidiaries are specified	as follows:			
	Name	Place of registered office	Votes and ownership	Equity	Net profit/loss for the year
		Bengaluru,			
	KK Wind Solutions India PVT, LTD	India	99,99%	6.651	6.217

The figures presented within this disclosures are obtained from the latest approved financial statement as of 31 March 2022.



5 Other fixed asset investments

	Receivables from group enterprises
Cost at 1 January	38.330
Disposals for the year	-2.500
Cost at 31 December	35.830
Carrying amount at 31 December	35.830

6 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of A.P. MØLLER HOLDING A/S, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

7 Related parties

39 06 70 48.

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Name
Place of registered office

KK Wind Solutions Holding A/S, business registration no.

Ikast, Denmark



8 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of KK Wind Solutions International ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2022 are presented in kDKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements of KK Wind Solutions Holding A/S, business registration no. 39 of 70 48, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.



8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income Statement

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses comprise expenses for Management, administrative staff, office expenses, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with A.P. MØLLER HOLDING A/S. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of receivables.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

