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Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS

Guldborgsundvej 1 6705 Esbjerg Ø Central Business Registration No 35636587

Annual report 2017/18

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 28.08.2018

Name: Henrik Larsen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS Guldborgsundvej 1 6705 Esbjerg Ø

Central Business Registration No: 35636587

Registered in: Esbjerg

Financial year: 01.05.2017 - 30.04.2018

Executive Board

Niels Grening Langerhuus

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dokken 8 Postbox 200 6701 Esbjerg

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS for the financial year 01.05.2017 - 30.04.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.04.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.05.2017 - 30.04.2018.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Esbjerg, 28.08.2018

Executive Board

Niels Grening Langerhuus

Independent auditor's reports

To the shareholders of Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS Report on extended review of the financial statements

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS for the financial year 01.05.2017 - 30.04.2018. The financial statements, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and accounting policies, are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements. We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors.

This requires that we comply with the Danish Public Accountants Act and FSR – Danish Auditors' Code of Conduct and plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our opinion on the financial statements and that we perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our opinion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity personnel, performing analytical procedures and specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.04.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.05.2017 - 30.04.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's reports

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Esbjerg, 28.08.2018

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Henrik Harbo Andersen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) mne19699

Management commentary

Primary activities

The activity of the entity consist of construction and rent of the building and similar fields.

Development in activities and finances

In 2017/18 the entity realized a profit of 1,393 t.DKK. which is satisfying.

The equity of the entity amount to 3,903 t.DKK at 30th April 2018.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2017/18

	<u>Notes</u>	2017/18 DKK	2016/17 DKK
Gross profit		3,304,898	3,212,550
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses Operating profit/loss		(548,000) 2,756,898	(548,000) 2,664,550
Other financial expenses Profit/loss before tax	2	(939,277) 1,817,621	(979,537) 1,685,013
Tax on profit/loss for the year		(419,844)	(401,000)
Profit/loss for the year		1,397,777	1,284,013
Proposed distribution of profit/loss Retained earnings		1,397,777	1,284,013
		1,397,777	1,284,013

Balance sheet at 30.04.2018

	Notes_	2017/18 DKK	2016/17 DKK
Land and buildings Property, plant and equipment	3	44,263,890 44,263,890	42,367,970 42,367,970
Fixed assets		44,263,890	42,367,970
Cash		131,119	4,037
Current assets		131,119	4,037
Assets		44,395,009	42,372,007

Balance sheet at 30.04.2018

		2017/18	2016/17
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		100,000	100,000
Retained earnings		3,807,705	2,409,928
Equity		3,907,705	2,509,928
Deferred tax		1,475,000	1,185,000
Provisions		1,475,000	1,185,000
Mortgage debts		16,185,504	17,060,864
Bank loans		8,053,373	9,500,000
Deposits		1,650,000	1,650,000
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	4	25,888,877	28,210,864
Current portion of long-term liabilities other than	_	2 272 222	2 255 222
provisions	4	2,379,000	2,365,000
Payables to group enterprises		10,300,541	7,580,000
Joint taxation contribution payable		129,844	210,000
Other payables		314,042	311,215
Current liabilities other than provisions		13,123,427	10,466,215
Liabilities other than provisions		39,012,304	38,677,079
Equity and liabilities		44 202 000	42 272 227
Equity and nabilities		44,395,009	42,372,007
Staff costs	1		
Contingent liabilities	5		
Mortgages and securities	6		

Statement of changes in equity for 2017/18

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	100,000	2,409,928	2,509,928
Profit/loss for the year	0	1,397,777	1,397,777
Equity end of year	100,000	3,807,705	3,907,705

Notes

			2017/18	2016/17
1. Staff costs				
Average number of	employees		0	0_
			2017/18	2016/17
			DKK	DKK
2. Other financia	l expenses		-	
Financial expenses	from group enterprises	5	253,000	244,000
Interest expenses			683,277	735,537
Other financial exp	enses		3,000	0
			939,277	979,537
				Land and
				buildings
				DKK
3. Property, plan	t and equipment			
Cost beginning of y	/ear			43,509,402
Additions				2,443,920
Cost end of year				45,953,322
Depreciation and ir	mpairment losses begin	ning of the year		(1,141,432)
Depreciation for the	Depreciation for the year			(548,000)
Depreciation and	impairment losses e	end of the year		(1,689,432)
Carrying amount	end of year			44,263,890
	•			
	Instalments	Instalments	Instalments	
	within 12	within 12	beyond 12	
	months	months	months	Outstanding
	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	after 5 years
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
4. Liabilities				
other than				
provisions	070.000	0.55,000	16 105 504	10 777 110
Mortgage debts	879,000	865,000	16,185,504	12,777,140
Bank loans	1,500,000	1,500,000	8,053,373	2,000,000
Deposits	0	0	1,650,000	1,650,000
	2,379,000	2,365,000	25,888,877	16,427,140

Notes

5. Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Grening Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The total known net liability of the jointly taxed entities under the joint taxation arrangement is evident from the administration company's financial statements.

6. Mortgages and securities

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties.

Bank debt and bank debt in group enterprises are secured by way of a deposited mortgage deed registered to the mortgagor on plant of DKK 1.950.000 nominal.

The carrying amount of mortgaged bank loans amounts to DKK 10,504,373.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties amounts to DKK 44,263,890.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and other external expenses.

Revenue

The rent is recognized in the income statement concurrently with the let. The rent recognised net of VAT.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including office supplies.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation relating to property comprise depreciation for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises and amortisation of financial liabilities etc.

Accounting policies

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Interest expenses on loans for the financing of the manufacture of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other finance costs are recognised in the income statement.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings, office 50 years Buildings, stock and workshop 30 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Accounting policies

Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax