# Storm Bird Partners ApS

c/o Harbour House Sundkrogsgade 21, 2100 Copenhagen

CVR no. 35 47 88 76

# Annual report 2016

Approved at the annual general meeting of shareholders on 31 May 2017

Chairman:

Anders Albæk Solem

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# Statement by the Executive Board

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Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of Storm Bird Partners ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

Further, in my opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

I recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2017 Executive Board:

Junji Suzuki Director

#### Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Storm Bird Partners ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Storm Bird Partners ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

### Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our procedures, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2017

Ernst & Young

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Anders Flymer-Dindler

State Authorised Public Accountant

# Company details

Name

Address, Postal code, City

Storm Bird Partners ApS

c/o Harbour House

Sundkrogsgade 21, 2100 Copenhagen

CVR no.

Registered office

Financial year

35 47 88 76

Copenhagen 1 January - 31 December

**Executive Board** 

Junji Suzuki, Director

**Auditors** 

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Osvald Helmuths Vej 4, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark

# Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2016	2015
2	Other operating income Other external expenses	228 -804	575 -1,109
3 4	Gross margin Financial income Financial expenses	-576 2,381 -199	-534 6,283 -2,322
5	Profit before tax Tax for the year	1,606 -376	3,427 -859
	Profit for the year	1,230	2,568
	Recommended appropriation of profit		
	Retained earnings	1,230	2,568
		1,230	2,568

# Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2016	2015
	ASSETS Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Prepayments	14	14
		14	14
	Securities and investments		(yana managa aya aya aya aya aya
	Other securities and investments	48,173	43,259
		48,173	43,259
	Cash	3,428	7,651
	Total non-fixed assets	51,615	50,924
	TOTAL ASSETS	51,615	50,924
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
6	Share capital	81	81
	Share premium account	43,816	43,816
	Retained earnings	7,387	6,157
	Total equity Liabilities	51,284	50,054
	Current liabilities		
	Trade payables	-66	11
	Income taxes payable	347	805
	Other payables	50	54
		331	870
	Total liabilities other than provisions	331	870
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	51,615	50,924

<sup>1</sup> Accounting policies7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.8 Related parties

# Statement of changes in equity

		Share premium	Retained	
DKK'000	Share capital	account	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2015 Transfer through appropriation	81	43,816	3,589	47,486
of profit	0	0	2,568	2,568
Equity at 1 January 2016 Transfer through appropriation	81	43,816	6,157	50,054
of profit	0	0	1,230	1,230
Equity at 31 December 2016	81	43,816	7,387	51,284

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Storm Bird Partners ApS for 2016 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

#### Changes to presentation and disclosures only

Effective 1 January 2016, the Company has implemented act no. 738 of 1 June 2015 with amendments to the Danish Financial Statements Act. As the implementation of the amendment act has no impact in terms of value on the income statement or the balance sheet in the financial year, nor on the comparative figures, the financial statements have been prepared based on the same accounting policies as last year.

The amendment act has solely implied new or changed presentation and disclosure requirements, which have been incorporated in the financial statements.

### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

#### Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Danish kroner at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Danish kroner at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as financial income/expenses.

### Income statement

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the entity's core activities, including dividend income from securities and investments.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to management fee, auditors and administration.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial reporting period. The items comprise interest income and expenses, e.g. from group entities and associates, declared dividends from other securities and investments, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to other securities and investments, exchange gains and losses and amortisation of financial assets and liabilities.

#### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Balance sheet

#### Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

#### Securities and investments

Securities and investments consisting in listed shares and bonds are measured at fair value (market price) at the balance sheet date. Investments not admitted to trading on an active market are measured at cost.

#### Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

#### Equity

#### Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

#### Other payables

Other payables consist of trade payables and other payables. The balances are measured at net realisable value.

#### 2 Other operating income

Other operating income includes dividend income from investments of DKK 228 thousand.

### Notes to the financial statements

	DKK'000	2016	2015
3	Financial income Exchange gain	285	70
	Other financial income	2,096	6,213
		2,381	6,283
	Other financial income consists of unrealised and realised gain on inv	restments.	
	DKK'000	2016	2015
4	Financial expenses		
	Bank interest expenses and fees	9	19
	Exchange losses	190	2,303
		199	2,322
	DKK'000	2016	2015
5	Tax for the year		
	Estimated tax charge for the year	347	805
	Tax adjustments, prior years	29	54
		376	859
	DKK'000	2016	2015
6	Share capital		
	Analysis of the share capital:		
	81,000 shares of DKK 1.00 nominal value each	81	81
	·	81	81
	•		

# 7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

# Other contingent liabilities

At year-end, no other contingent liabilities exist, including the Company's joint and several liability.

# Notes to the financial statements

# 8 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
The Ultimate Parent Company: The Evergreen Trust Ltd	3076 Sir Francis Drake's Highway P.O. Box 3463 Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	The consolidated financial statements are available at the Company's address
The Parent Company: Rivergold Finance Ltd	3076 Sir Francis Drake's HighwayP.O. Box 3463 Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	