statsautoriseret revisionsfirma Stationspladsen 1 og 3 3000 Helsingær CVR nr. 30 19 52 64

TIF. 4921 8700 Fax 4921 8750 www.kallermann.dk

Captrain Denmark ApS
Jernbanegade 7 A
6330 Padborg

Central Business Registration No. 35 40 69 56

Annual report 2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on $28/\sqrt{2019}$

Christina Bon Dunaun

Chairman of the General Meeting



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STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Captrain Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by the EU and Danish information requirements according to the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2018 and of its financial performance for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Padborg, 25 March 2019

Management

Henrik Günther Helmut Würdemann

Chief Executive Officer

C. By Liceum.
Christina Bruckmann

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the shareholders of Captrain Denmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Captrain Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by the EU and Danish information requirements according to the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the result of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by the EU and Danish information requirements according to the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by the EU and Danish information requirements according to the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by the EU and Danish information requirements according to the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by the EU and Danish information requirements according to the Danish Financial Statements Act will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users of accounting information taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or
error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
the Company's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing
 the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a
 going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our
 auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to
 modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
 report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going
 concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Elsinore, 25 March 2019 CVR no 30 19 52 64

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Peter Kallermann State Authorised Public Accountant

MNE-no.: mne8285

MANAGEMENT COMMENTARY

COMPANY DETAILS

Company Captrain Denmark ApS

Jernbanegade 7 A 6330 Padborg

Central Business Registration No.:

35 40 69 56

Established:

20.07.2013

Registered in: Financial year:

Aabenraa 01.01.-31.12.

Executive Board

Henrik Günther Helmut Würdemann

Company auditors

Kallermann Revision A/S - statsautoriseret revisionsfirma

Stationspladsen 1 og 3 DK-3000 Elsinore

Denmark

MANAGEMENT COMMENTARY

Primary activities

The Company's activities comprise freight and transport of goods by railway and other activities in this connection. The Company has decided to cease operations by the end of 2018.

Development in activities and finances

The loss for the year amounts to 8.212.680 DKK, which is in accordance with the Management's expectations.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

The financial report is not affected by uncertainty in recognition and measurement.

Unusual circumstances

No unusual circumstances have occurred during the financial year.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Outlook

The Company has no actual plans for activities in 2019.

ANNUAL REPORT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Captrain Denmark ApS is a limited liability company situated in Denmark.

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by EU and other Danish information requirements in the Danish Financial Statements act, governing reporting class B enterprises with additional choice of a few rules from class C enterprises.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Basis of preparation

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner.

The annual report is prepared after the historic principle.

The accounting policies described below have been used consistently in the financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

INCOME STATEMENT

Revenue

Revenue from the invoiced sale of goods transportation is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk have passed to the buyer before the year end.

Contract work in progress is included in revenue based on the stage of completion so that revenue corresponds to the selling price of the work performed in the financial year (the percentage-of-completion method).

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and expenses comprise income and expenses of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Company's primary activities, including profit and loss in running sales and renewal of property, plant and equipment and public subsidies etc. Profit and loss on selling property, plant and equipment are made up as sales price with deduction of sales costs and accounting value on the sales time.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for distribution, sale, marketing, administration, premises, bad debts, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security costs, pension contributions, etc for the Company's staff.

Financial income and expenses

These items comprise interest income and expenses, the interest portion of finance lease payments, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation premium or allowance on mortgage debt etc as well as tax surcharge and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

ANNUAL REPORT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Income taxes

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

BALANCE SHEET

Intangible assets

Licences

Licences are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. Lincences are amortised on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the patent, and licenses are amortised over the term of license, however not exceeding 5 years.

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost comprises the acquisition price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Cost comprises the acquisition price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the time when it is ready to be put into operation. Concerning self-constructed assets the cost comprises direct and indirectly expenses to materials, components, subcontractors, wages and borrowing costs from specific and general borrowing, which directly relate to the construction of the single asset.

Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment, 5 years Leasehold improvement, 5 years

The basis of depreciation is based on the residual value of the asset at the end of its useful life and is reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the time of acquisition and are reassessed every year. Where the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, no further depreciation charges are recognised.

In case of changes in the depreciation period or the residual value, the effect on the amortisation charges is recognised prospectively as a change in accounting estimates.

The depreciations are recognised in the income statement.

ANNUAL REPORT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost. Receivables are measured at amortised cost or at a lower net realisable value, which equals nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Depreciations on loss are recognised on basis of an individual valuation of the single receivable and for the receivables from sales as well as a general depreciation based on the Company's experiences from previous years.

Contract work in progress

Contract work in progress is measured at the selling price of the work carried out at the balance sheet date. The selling price is measured based on the stage of completion and the total estimated income from the individual contracts in progress.

Usually, the stage of completion is determined as the ratio between actual and total budgeted consumption of resources.

If the selling price cannot be made up reliably, it is measured at the lower of costs incurred and net realisable value

When it is probable that the total cost exceed the total income from contracts the expected loss is included in the contract at once.

Each contract in progress is recognised in the balance sheet under receivables or liabilities other than provisions, depending on whether the net value, calculated as the selling price less prepayments received, is positive or negative.

Costs of sales work and of securing contracts as well as financing costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Other financial liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement is presented using the indirect method and shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as the Company's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of enterprises, activities and fixed asset investments as well as purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, including acquisition of assets held under finance leases.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the Company's share capital and related costs as well as the raising of loans, inception of finance leases, instalments on interest-bearing debt, purchase of treasury shares, and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities with an insignificant price risk less short-term bank debt.

INCOME STATEMENT FOR 2018

	Notes	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
Revenue	1	17.233.941	18.063.399
Other operating income	2	297.472	20.275.392
Costs from raw materials and consumables		-9.663.388	-12.682.403
Other external expenses		-1.625.271	-2.089.500
Other operating expenses		-81.596	0
Staff costs	3	-10.427.484	-9.534.923
Operating profit/loss before depreciations		-4.266.326	14.031.965
Depreciations other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		-36.749	-48.691
Operating profit/loss		-4.303.075	13.983.274
Financial expenses	4	-418.605	-701.176
Profit/loss before tax		-4.721.680	13.282.098
Tax on profit for the year	5	-3.491.000	1.477.000
PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR		-8.212.680	14.759.098
Description of the Charles			
Proposed distribution of profit/loss Retained earnings		-8.212.680	14.759.098
-		-8.212.680	14.759.098

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
ASSETS			
Licences	6	0	42.241
Intangible assets		0	42.241
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	7	0	16.895
Leasehold improvements	7	0	76.106
Property, plant and equipment		0	93.001
Deposits		133.150	134.150
Deferred tax assets	11	0	3.491.000
Other long-term assets		133.150	3.625.150
LONG-TERM ASSETS		133.150	3.760.392
Trade and other receivables	8	1.477.610	5.411.631
Contract work in progress	9	0	306.032
Prepayments		26.688	88.647
Receivables		1.504.298	5.806.310
Cash		14.294.449	15.534.561
SHORT-TERM ASSETS		15.798.747	21.340.871
ASSETS		15.931.897	25.101.263
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital	10	80.000	80.000
Retained earnings		-629.518	7.583.162
EQUITY		-549.518	7.663.162
Loan from shareholder	12	13.449.779	13.449.779
Non-current liabilities		13.449.779	13.449.779
NON-current habitates			:
Trade payables		597.291	3.316.530
Other payables		2.434.345	671.792
Current liabilities		3.031.636	3.988.322
TOTAL LIABILITIES		16.481.415	17.438.101
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		15.931.897	<u>25.101.263</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR 2018

	Share capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed dividend for the financial year DKK	Total DKK
Equity 01.01.2018	80.000	7.583.162	0	7.663.162
Profit/loss for the year	0	-8.212.680	0	-8.212.680
EQUITY AT 31.12.2018	80.000	-629.518	0	-549.518

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR 2018

	Notes	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
Operating profit/loss before depreciations		-4.266.326	14.031.965
Working capital changes	13	3.345.329	-133.317
		-920.997	13.898.648
Loss of assets		71.490	0
Financial expenses paid		-418.605	-701.176
Cash flows from operating activities		-1.268.112	13.197.472
Deposits		1.000	-3.150
Disposal long-term assets		27.000	0
Loans from related parties		0	-2.997.305
Cash flows from investing activities		28.000	-3.000.455
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		-1.240.112	10.197.017
Cash and cash equivalents at 01.01.2018		15.534.561	5.337.544
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31.12.2018		14.294.449	<u>15.534.561</u>

NOTES

	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
1. Revenue		
Denmark, service rendered	3.678.376	2.736.041
Foreign countries, service rendered	13.555.565	15.327.358
	<u>17.233.941</u>	18.063.399
2. Other operating income		
Administration fee	44	4.285
Environment subsidy	264.223	271.107
Remission of debt	0	20.000.000
Sale of fixture	23.100	0
Profit on sale of assets	10.105	,0
	297.472	20.275.392
(4)		
3. Staff costs		
Salaries and wages	8.374.351	6.963.863
Pension costs	1.042.412	1.140.906
Other social security costs	89.222	78.952
Other staff costs	921.499	1.351.202
	10.427.484	9.534.923
Average number of employees	9	10
4. Financial expenses	337.702	589.074
Financial expenses associated company	80.903	112.102
Other financial expenses		
	418.605	701.176
5. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax	0	0
Change in deferred tax	3.491.000	-1.477.000
change in acterieu tax	3.491.000	-1.477.000
	3.431.000	-1.4//.000

NOTES

		Licences DKK
6. Intangible assets		
Cost at 01.01.2018		84.483
Additions		0
Disposals		-84.483
Cost at 31.12.2018		0
Depreciation and impairment losses at 01.01.2018		-42.242
Depreciation for the year		-16.896
Reimbursed depreciation		59.138
Depreciation and impairment losses at 31.12.2018		0
Carrying amount at 31.12.2018		0
	Leasehold	Other
	improvements	fixtures etc
	DKK	DKK
7. Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		
Cost at 01.01.2018	99.268	59.680
Additions	0	0
Disposals	-99.268	-59.680
Cost at 31.12.2018	0	0
Depreciation and impairment losses at 01.01.2018	-23.162	-42.785
Depreciation for the year	-19.853	0
Reimbursed depreciations	43.015	42.785
Depreciation and impairment losses at 31.12.2018	0	0
Carrying amount at 31.12.2018	0	0
	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
		UKK
8. Trade and other receivables	700 004	4 605 400
Trade receivables	796.681	4.605.490
Other receivables	680.929	806.141
	1.477.610	5.411.631

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ANNUAL REPORT

NOTES

	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
9. Contract work in progress		
Selling price of completed work	0	306.032
	0	306.032
Net value is recognized in the balance sheet as follows:		
Contract work in progress	0	306.032
Prepayments received from customers	0	0
	0	306.032
10. Share capital		
Share capital consists of 800 shares at 100 DKK, which are fully paid.		
Share capital	80.000	80.000
Share capital at 31.12.2018	80.000	80.000
11. Deferred tax		
Deferred tax is incumbent on the following financial statement items:		
Tax loss carry-forwards	0	-3.503.000
Plant, property and equipment	0	5.000
Intangible assets	0	7.000
	<u> </u>	-3.491.000
Net value is recognized in the balance sheet as follows:		
Deferred tax assets	0	-3.503.000
Deferred tax liabilities	0	12.000
	0	3.491.000
	Deferred tax	Deferred tax
	assets DKK	liabilities DKK
Deferred tax at 01.01.2018	-	
Changes in the year	3.491.000 -3.491.000	0
Deferred tax at 31.12.2018	-	
Deferred tax at 51.12.2018	0	0

Deferred tax is calculated at a rate of 22 per cent.

NOTES

	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
12. Long-term liabilities other than provisions		
Debt associated company	13.449.779	13.449.779
Long-term portion of long-term liabilities other than provisions	13.449.779	13.449.779
Debt to associated company expires at 30 October 2019 but will automatically be prolonged with 1 year if it is not annulled.		
13. Working capital changes		
Change in receivables	4.302.012	-2.079.041
Change in trade payables et cetera	-956.683	1.945.724
	3.345.329	-133.317

14. Related parties

Related parties with a controlling interest

The following related parties have a controlling interest in Captrain Denmark ApS:

Captrain Deutschland GmbH, Germany, main capital owner

15. Ownership

The Company has registered the following shareholders to hold more than 5 per cent of the voting share capital or of the nominal value of the share capital:

Captrain Deutschland GmbH, Georgenstrasse 22, D-10117 Berlin, Germany

16. Consolidation

Captrain Denmark ApS is included in the consolidated financial statements of Transport Ferroviaire Holding S.A.S., France.

The biggest consolidation circle, which is making the consolidated statements, in which Captrain Denmark ApS is included in, is:

Societé Nationale des Chemins de fer Français

EPIC (SNCF) registered in Trade register of Paris, No.B. 552.049.447, Headquarter in 34 rue du Commandant Mouchotte, F-75014 Paris, France.

	2018	2017
	DKK	DKK
17. Fees to auditors appointed by the Company in general meeting		
Statutory audit services	41.000	40.000
Other assurance engagements	19.700	0
Other services	169.173	221.520
	229.873	261.520