Amager Strandvej 390, st,

2770 Kastrup

CVR No. 35400974

# Annual Report 2021

8. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 6 July 2022

> Atif Mohammad Chairman

# Contents

Management's Statement	3
Auditors' Report on Compilation of Financial Statements	4
Company Information	5
Management's Review	6
Accounting Policies	7
Income Statement	10
Balance Sheet	11
Notes	13

### **Management's Statement**

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of BY NORDIC ApS for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statement have been met.

The Annual General Meeting of the Company decides that the Financial Statements for next year are not to be audited. The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statements have been met.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Kastrup, 6 July 2022

**Executive Board** 

Atif Mohammad Manager

## Auditors' Report on Compilation of Financial Statements

#### To the Management of BY NORDIC ApS

We have compiled the accompanying financial statements of BY NORDIC ApS for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021 based on the information you have provided.

These financial statements comprise a summary of significant accounting Policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with International Standard on Related Services 4410 (Revised), Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist you in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statement Act. We have complied with relevant requirements under the Danish Act on Approved auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statement and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Accounts Act.

Valby, 6 July 2022

RH Revision Statsautoriseret Revisionsanpartsselskab CVR-no. 32319998

Poul Mahrt State Authorised Public Accountant mne10279

# **Company details**

Company	BY NORDIC ApS Amager Strandvej 390, st, 2770 Kastrup
email	amk@bynordic.eu
CVR No.	35400974
Date of formation	11 July 2013
Executive Board	Atif Mohammad, Manager
Auditors	RH Revision Statsautoriseret Revisionsanpartsselskab
	Roskildevej 201
	2500 Valby
	CVR-no.: 32319998

### **Management's Review**

#### The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist in conducting business with import, export, distribution and sale of fish products including salmon and delicacy products including food and beverages and related activities....

#### Insecurity regarding recognition or measurement

There is no material insecurity regarding recognition or measurement.

#### **Exceptional circumstances**

No exceptional circumstances have affected recognition or measurement.

#### Development in the activities and the financial situation of the Company Development in activities and the financial situation

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021 shows a result of DKK 36.670 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2021 a balance sheet total of DKK 62.955 and an equity of DKK -2.023.656.

#### Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

#### **Expectations for the future**

The Company expects its operations to develop positively next year.

### **Accounting Policies**

#### **Reporting Class**

The annual report of BY NORDIC ApS for 2021 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

#### **Reporting currency**

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner.

#### **General information**

#### **Basis of recognition and measurement**

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortized cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortization, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the financial statement, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the buyer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised excluding VAT and all discounts granted are recognised in revenue.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, operating leasing expenses etc.

Profit or loss resulting from the sale of intangible assets or property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of sale, and is recognised in the income statement under other operating income or expenses.

### **Accounting Policies**

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement based at the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment of tax scheme.

Dividends from other investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

#### Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is calculated taking into consideration the residual value of the asset at the end of its useful life, reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the data of acquisition. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, depreciation is discontinued.

In case of changes in depreciation period or residual value, the effect of a change in depreciation period is recognised prospectively in accounting estimates.

Cost includes the purchase price and expenses directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use. The cost of self-constructed assets includes costs for materials, components, subcontractors, direct payroll costs and indirect production costs.

The cost of composite asset is disaggregated into components, which are separately depreciated if the useful lives of the individual component differ.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

#### Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

# **Accounting Policies**

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the capitalized value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortized cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

#### **Other payables**

Other payables are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

#### **Contingent assets and liabilities**

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

## **Income Statement**

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Gross profit		46.989	-28.382
Profit from ordinary operating activities		46.989	-28.382
Finance expenses	1	-1	-82.137
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		46.988	-110.519
Tax expense on ordinary activities	2	-10.318	0
Profit		36.670	-110.519
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		36.670	-110.519
Distribution of profit		36.670	-110.519

# Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Assets			
Short-term trade receivables		29.134	11.866
Short-term receivables from group enterprises		31.919	31.919
Other short-term receivables		0	9.877
Receivables		61.053	53.662
Cash and cash equivalents		1.902	0
Current assets		62.955	53.662
Assets		62.955	53.662

# Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Contributed capital	3	80.000	80.000
Retained earnings	4	-2.103.656	-2.140.326
Equity		-2.023.656	-2.060.326
Payables to group enterprises		124.000	117.000
Long-term liabilities other than provisions		124.000	117.000
Debt to banks		0	51
Trade payables		0	36.962
Tax payables to group enterprises		10.318	0
Other payables		81.460	89.142
Payables to shareholders and management		1.870.833	1.870.833
Short-term liabilities other than provisions	_	1.962.611	1.996.988
Liabilities other than provisions within the business		2.086.611	2.113.988
Liabilities and equity		62.955	53.662
Contingent liabilities	5		

6

Contingent liabilities	
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	

### Notes

	2021	2020
1. Finance expenses		
Other finance expenses	1	82.137
	1	82.137
2. Tax expense		
Selskabsskat, Aktuel	10.318	0
	10.318	0
3. Contributed capital		
Balance at the beginning of the year	80.000	80.000
Balance at the end of the year	80.000	80.000
The share capital has remained unchanged for the last 5 years.		
4. Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-2.140.326	-2.029.807
Additions during the year	36.670	-110.519
Balance at the end of the year	-2.103.656	-2.140.326

# 5. Contingent liabilities

No contingent liabilities exist at the balance sheet date.

# 6. Collaterals and securities

No securities or mortgages exist at the balance sheet date.