

# EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S

c/o Harbour House Sundkrogsgade 21, DK-2100 Copenhagen CVR no. 35 39 94 61

# Annual report for 2023

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 29 February 2024

Anni Pogo Zoroghljan chairman



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### Statement by management on the annual report

The management has today discussed and approved the annual report of EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

I recommend the adoption of the annual report at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 29 February 2024

On behalf of the General Partner: Verdane Capital VIII GP ApS

Peter Juel-Berg



### Independent auditor's report

# To the Shareholders of EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the financial statements of EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.



### Independent auditor's report

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
  preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
  uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's
  ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or,
  if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit
  evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may
  cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 29 February 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Niels Henrik B. Mikkelsen State Authorised Public Accountant mne16675 Martin Birch State Authorised Public Accountant mne42825



# Company details

The company	EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S Sundkrogsgade 21 c/o Harbour House DK-2100 Copenhagen		
	CVR no.:	35 39 94 61	
	Reporting period:	1 January - 31 December 2023	
	Domicile:	Copenhagen	
On behalf of the General Part- ner: Verdane Capital VIII GP ApS	Peter Juel-Berg		
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup		



### Management's review

### **Business review**

The company contributes venture capital to competitive enterprises.

### **Unusual matters**

The company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and the results of its operations for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 are not affected by any unusual matters.

### **Financial review**

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023 shows a loss of TEUR 772, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of TEUR 8.652.

### Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

### Special risks apart from generally occuring risks in industry

### **Operating risks**

The objective of the company is to contribute venture capital to competitive enterprises through the investment in EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S. The most important risk factor is therefore changes in the value of investments made in the underlying portfolio companies of EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VI-II K/S.

### **Financial risks**

The company's investment is in Scandinavia and a negative event in Scandinavian capital markets would most likely affect the financing and/or exit possibilities in general.

### **Currency** risks

EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S' investments are primarily made in Scandinavian companies. Given that the Company is a EUR vehicle, there is an exchange risk related to the relationship between EUR and the Scandinavian currencies.

### Interest-rate risks

The company is less sensitive to changes in the interest level. Cash carries current interest at fixed-term deposits.

### Credit risks

The main focus in EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S in the future will be to financially support Verdane Capital VIII K/S. The main focus in EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S in the future will be to support the existing investment portfolio and to drive succesful exits.



# Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2023 TEUR	2022 TEUR
Value adjustments of investments		716	685
Other external expenses		-24	-40
Gross profit		692	645
Financial income		2	3
Impairment losses on financial assets		-1.445	0
Financial expenses		-21	-18
Profit/loss for the year	_	-772	630

# Distribution of profit

Retained earnings	-772	630
	-772	630



# Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2023	2022
		TEUR	TEUR
Assets			
Other investments		8.652	10.097
Fixed asset investments		8.652	10.097
Total non-current assets		8.652	10.097
Prepayments		0	3
Receivables		0	3
Cash at bank and in hand		19	59
Total current assets		19	62
Total assets	_	8.671	10.159



# Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2023	2022 TEUR
Equity and liabilities			
Contributed Capital		-11.482	-10.767
Retained earnings		20.134	20.906
Equity	2	8.652	10.139
Trade payables		3	3
Payables to affiliates		17	17
Other payables	_	-1	0
Total current liabilities	_	19	20
Total liabilities	_	19	20
Total equity and liabilities	=	8.671	10.159
Staff costs	1		



# Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed Capital	Retained ear- nings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023	-10.767	20.906	10.139
Cash capital reduction	-715	0	-715
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-772	-772
Equity at 31 December 2023	-11.482	20.134	8.652



## Notes

		2023	2022
		TEUR	TEUR
1	Staff costs		
	Average number of employees	0	0

# 2 Equity

Limited Partners' and General Partners' total committed capital is MEUR 20 of which MEUR 0 is not yet called at 31 December 2023.



## Accounting policies

The annual report of EUR Feeder Verdane Capital VIII K/S for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2023 is presented in TEUR.

### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

### **Income statement**

### Value adjustments of investments

The value adjustment of the investment into the portfolio company comprises value adjustment realised and unrealised gain and loss on sale and dividends received from the investment.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration, etc.



### Accounting policies

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses, etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is not independently liable to tax and consequently tax has not been recognized.

### **Balance sheet**

### **Other investments**

The investment in the portfolio company is measured according to the guidelines of the "International Private Equity and Venture Capital" (IPEV) "Valuation Guidelines" which is why the investment is recognised at cost price at the balance sheet date in accordance with the Danish Financial Statement Act §37 and §41.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

### Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

### Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

### Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the date of the transaction.



Accounting policies

Receivables, liabilities and other items in foreign currencies which have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

Realised and unrealised exchange rate adjustments are included in the income statement as financial income/expenses.