

Hairclinic Group ApS

c/o Hårklinikken ApS, Amaliegade 42, 1256 København K

Company reg. no. 35 39 70 51

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2015

The annual report has been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 9 June 2016.

Mette Marie Louise Skjøth Chairman of the meeting

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.





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Management's report

The executive board has today presented the annual report of Hairclinic Group ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2015.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position as on 31 December 2015 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2015.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Copenhagen, 6 June 2016

Executive board

Lars Skjøth

Mette Marie Louise Skjøth



The independent auditor's reports

To the shareholder of Hairclinic Group ApS

Report on the annual accounts

We have audited the annual accounts of Hairclinic Group ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2015, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The management's responsibility for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Furthermore, the management is responsible for such internal control as it determines necessary in order to prepare annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the annual accounts based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and additional requirements under Danish audit regulation. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts are free from material misstatements.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the annual accounts. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the management, as well as the overall presentation of the annual accounts.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The audit has not resulted in any qualification.



The independent auditor's reports

Opinion

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2015 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2015 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Statement on the management's review

Pursuant to the Danish Financial Statements Act, we have read the management's review. We have not performed any further procedures in addition to the audit of the annual accounts. On this basis, it is our opinion that the information provided in the management's review is consistent with the annual accounts.

Copenhagen, 6 June 2016

Christensen Kjærulff

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab CVR-nr. 15 91 56 41

Elan Schapiro State Authorised Public Accountant



Company data

The company Hairclinic Group ApS

c/o Hårklinikken ApS

Amaliegade 42 1256 København K

Company reg. no.: 35 39 70 51
Established: 5 July 2013
Domicile: Copenhagen

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Executive board Lars Skjøth

Mette Marie Louise Skjøth

Auditors Christensen Kjærulff, Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab

Parent company EMKL Holding ApS

Subsidiaries HK Koncept og Produkt ApS, Copenhagen

Harklinikken LLC, USA

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Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The principal activities of the company are, directly and indirectly as a holding company, trading and industry, financing and investment as well as other activities related thereto.

The company is the parent company of HK Koncept og Produkt ApS. HK Koncept og produkt ApS' principal activities are to hold and develop recipes, concepts, trademarks and intangible rights, as well as production, licensing and sales of products, trademarks and rights and other activities related thereto.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year is TDKK -13 against TDKK -10 last year. The results from ordinary activities after tax are TDKK -6.094 against TDKK -8.675 last year. The management consider the results satisfactory.

The development of the company's activities and financial matters are shown in the following profit and loss account and the balance sheet.

The management's purpose in relation to the foundation of the company in 2013 was to place the acquired IP rights in a group structure that is attractive to investors. Given that the treatment soloution, acquired by the subsidiary, HK Koncept og Produkt ApS, is unique and leading globally in a very large and growing market and the interest shown, especially from competing enterprises in the cosmetics and pharmaceutical industries, the management has great expectations to the potential.

In 2015, HK Koncept og Produkt ApS achieved a substantial growth in sales of products for Hårklinikken, both in Dubai, the US and Denmark. It is among other things a consequence of the introduction of new innovative products and launching a new design. The management expect significant growth in product sales in 2016 and 2017, when several new products are being launched. Especially, the US market seems to expand, and the cooperation with the Icelandic company, Bioeffect will start to affect the sales. In the financial year, the company has acquired the US subsidiary, Harklinikken LLC.

Special risks

Price risks

The company's equity is negative, TDKK 14.688 at 31 December 2015. Equity is expected to be restored over the years by dividend payments from group enterprises. In this connection, the company's main creditor has issued a letter of subordination for the company's debt TDKK 198.233 for the benefit of other creditors.

Events subsequent to the financial year

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position of the company.



Profit and loss account

Amounts concerning 2015: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2014: DKK in thousands.

<u>Note</u>	1/1 2015 - 31/12 2015	5/7 2013 - 31/12 2014
Gross loss	-13.000	-10
Other financial income from group enterprises	49.737	21
1 Other financial costs	-7.849.072	-11.133
Results before tax	-7.812.335	-11.122
2 Tax on ordinary results	1.718.714	2.447
Results for the year	-6.093.621	-8.675
Proposed distribution of the results:		
Allocated from results brought forward	-6.093.621	-8.675
Distribution in total	-6.093.621	-8.675



Balance sheet 31 December

Amounts concerning 2015: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2014: DKK in thousands.

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Not	<u>e</u>	2015	2014
	Fixed assets		
3	Equity investments in group enterprises	180.681.641	180.080
	Financial fixed assets in total	180.681.641	180.080
	Fixed assets in total	180.681.641	180.080
	Current assets		
	Amounts owed by group enterprises	1.940.612	1.221
	Deferred tax assets	4.165.446	2.447
	Debtors in total	6.106.058	3.668
	Current assets in total	6.106.058	3.668
	Assets in total	186.787.699	183.748



Balance sheet 31 December

Amounts concerning 2015: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2014: DKK in thousands.

Equity and liabilities

	Equity and habilities		
Not	<u>e</u>	2015	2014
	Equity		
4	Contributed capital	80.000	80
5	Results brought forward	-14.768.398	-8.675
	Equity in total	-14.688.398	-8.595
	Liabilities		
	Debt to group enterprises	3.219.763	1.221
	Long-term liabilities in total	3.219.763	1.221
	Trade creditors	23.000	10
	Other debts	198.233.334	191.112
	Short-term liabilities in total	198.256.334	191.122
	Liabilities in total	201.476.097	192.343
	Equity and liabilities in total	186.787.699	183.748

6 Mortgage and securities

7 Contingencies



Notes

	ounts concerning 2015: DKK. Ounts concerning 2014: DKK in the	ousands.			
				1/1 2015 - 31/12 2015	5/7 2013 - 31/12 2014
1.	Other financial costs				
	Financial costs, group enterprise	S		87.839	21
	Other financial costs			7.761.233	11.112
				7.849.072	11.133
2.	Tay on audinawy vasults				
2.	Tax on ordinary results Adjustment for the year of defer	rad tax		-1.718.714	-2.447
	Adjustification the year of defer	ieu iax		-1.718.714 -1.718.714	-2.447
3.	Equity investments in group er	nterprises			
	Acquisition sum, opening balance	e 1 January 201	5	180.080.000	0
	Additions during the year			601.641	180.080
	Cost 31 December 2015			180.681.641	180.080
	Book value 31 December 2015			180.681.641	180.080
	The financial highlights for the	e enterprises ac	ccording to the la	ntest approved an	nual reports
		Share of ownership	Equity	Results for the year	Book value at Hairclinic Group ApS
	HK Koncept og Produkt ApS, Copenhagen	100 %	162.212.470	-906.265	180.080.000
	Harklinikken LLC, USA	85 %	-8.250.062	-4.876.282	601.641
	*		153.962.408	-5.782.547	180.681.641
4.	Contributed capital				
	Contributed capital 1 January 20	15		80.000	80
				80.000	80



Notes

Amounts concerning 2015: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2014: DKK in thousands.

		31/12 2015	31/12 2014
5.	Results brought forward		
	Results brought forward 1 January 2015	-8.674.777	0
	Profit or loss for the year brought forward	-6.093.621	-8.675
		-14.768.398	-8.675

6. Mortgage and securities

For bank debts, net TDKK 2.302, in Skjøth Holding ApS and Hårklinikken ApS, the company has provided security in company assets of the group enterprise, HK Koncept og produkt ApS.

7. Contingencies

Joint taxation

EMKL Holding ApS being the administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.

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Accounting policies used

The annual report for Hairclinic Group ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain fixed asset investments and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which method a fixed, effective interest is recognised during the useful life of the asset or the liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost with deduction of any payments and additions/deductions of the accrued amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way capital losses and capital profits are spread over the useful life.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

Translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Debtors, creditors, and other monetary items in foreign currency, which are not settled at the date of the balance sheet, are translated by using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of establishment of the receivable or the payable is recognised in the profit and loss account under financial income and financial costs.



Accounting policies used

The profit and loss account

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution, sales, advertisement, administration, premises, loss on debtors, and operational leasing costs.

Net financials

Net financials include interest income, interest expenses, and realised and unrealised capital gains and losses on financial assets and liabilities. Net financials are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts concerning the financial year.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

The balance sheet

Financial fixed assets

Equity investments in group enterprises

Equity investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. In case the recoverable amount is lower than the cost, writedown takes place to this lower value.

Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Equity - dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under the equity. Proposed dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of approval by the general meeting.

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.



Accounting policies used

According to the rules of joint taxation, Hairclinic Group ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. In the period 2014 to 2016, the corporate tax rate will be reduced gradually from 25 % to 22 %, which will affect the deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets. Unless a recognition with a different tax rate than 22 % will result in a significant material deviation in the estimated deferred tax liability or tax asset, deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognised by 22 %.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.