

Sampleflux ApS
Ole Suhrs Gade 14, 2. tv., 1354 København K
Company reg. no. 35 38 58 94
Annual report
2021

The annual report has been submitted and approved by the general meeting on 15 July 2022.

Rapacki Krzysztof
Chairman of the meeting

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Reports	
Management's statement	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Management's review	
Company information	5
Financial highlights	6
Management's review	7
Financial statements 1 January - 31 December 2021	
Accounting policies	8
Income statement	10
Balance sheet	11
Statement of changes in equity	13
Notes	14

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's statement

Today, the Executive Board has approved the annual report of Sampleflux ApS for the financial year 2021.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

København K, 15 July 2022

Executive board

Ramneek Gupta

Rapacki Krzysztof

Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of Sampleflux ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sampleflux ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Independent auditor's report

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Glostrup, 15 July 2022

PKF Munkebo Vindelev

State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 14 11 92 99

Kasper Vindelev
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne29389

Company information

The company

Sampleflux ApS
Ole Suhrs Gade 14, 2. tv.
1354 København K

Company reg. no. 35 38 58 94
Established: 17 June 2013
Domicile: City of Copenhagen
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December
9th financial year

Executive board

Ramneek Gupta
Rapacki Krzysztof

Auditors

PKF Munkebo Vindelev, Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab
Hovedvejen 56
2600 Glostrup

Bankers

Lån og Spar Bank, Højbro Plads 9-11, 1200 København K

Financial highlights

DKK in thousands.	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Income statement:					
Gross profit	-39	17	21	31	11
Profit from operating activities	-39	17	21	31	11
Net financials	-6	-10	-1	9	-2
Net profit or loss for the year	-45	4	15	31	7
Statement of financial position:					
Balance sheet total	235	273	318	399	366
Equity	112	197	232	337	306

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's activity is providing database solutions to hospitals and other research institutions.

Development in activities and financial matters

Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK -45.000 against DKK 4.000 last year. Management considers the net profit or loss for the year satisfactory.

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report for Sampleflux ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Income statement

Gross loss

Gross loss comprises the revenue and external costs.

The enterprise will be applying IAS 11 and IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Other external expenses comprise expenses incurred for administration.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, debt and transactions in foreign currency.

Accounting policies

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

Statement of financial position

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under equity.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Gross loss	-38.967	17.474
1 Other financial expenses	-5.797	-10.013
Pre-tax net profit or loss	-44.764	7.461
2 Tax on net profit or loss for the year	0	-3.146
Net profit or loss for the year	-44.764	4.315
Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
Dividend for the financial year	0	40.000
Allocated from retained earnings	-44.764	-35.685
Total allocations and transfers	-44.764	4.315

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current assets		
Trade receivables	17.668	141.080
3 Income tax receivables	4.000	0
Other receivables	7.650	8.197
Total receivables	<u>29.318</u>	<u>149.277</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>205.310</u>	<u>123.903</u>
Total current assets	<u>234.628</u>	<u>273.180</u>
Total assets	<u>234.628</u>	<u>273.180</u>

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Equity		
Contributed capital	80.000	80.000
Retained earnings	31.913	76.677
Proposed dividend for the financial year	0	40.000
Total equity	<u>111.913</u>	<u>196.677</u>
Liabilities other than provisions		
3 Income tax payable	0	22.331
Other payables	122.715	54.172
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>122.715</u>	<u>76.503</u>
Total liabilities other than provisions	<u>122.715</u>	<u>76.503</u>
Total equity and liabilities	<u>234.628</u>	<u>273.180</u>

4 Contingencies

Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the financial year	Total
Equity 1 January 2020	80.000	112.362	40.000	232.362
Distributed dividend	0	0	-40.000	-40.000
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-35.685	40.000	4.315
Equity 1 January 2021	80.000	76.677	40.000	196.677
Distributed dividend	0	0	-40.000	-40.000
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-44.764	0	-44.764
	80.000	31.913	0	111.913

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
1. Other financial expenses		
Other financial costs	5.797	10.013
	<u>5.797</u>	<u>10.013</u>
2. Tax on net profit or loss for the year		
Tax of the results for the year	0	3.146
	<u>0</u>	<u>3.146</u>
	<u>31/12 2021</u>	<u>31/12 2020</u>
3. Income tax receivables		
Income tax receivables 1 January 2021	-22.331	-17.560
Adjustment of previous years' tax	0	-5.625
Paid corporate tax concerning last year	<u>22.331</u>	<u>0</u>
Income tax receivables concerning previous years	0	-23.185
Calculated corporate tax for the present year	0	-3.146
Paid tax on account for the present year	<u>4.000</u>	<u>4.000</u>
	<u>4.000</u>	<u>-22.331</u>

4. Contingencies

Contingent assets

The company has a deferred tax asset of 9 T.DKK regarding losses brought forward. The tax asset has not been recognized in the balance sheet as it is uncertain when the loss can be utilized in the future earnings.