# Newscycle Denmark ApS

Tuborg Boulevard 12, 3., 2900 Hellerup CVR no. 35 38 46 93

# Annual report 2020

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 12 July 2021

Chair of the meeting:

-DocuSigned by: Scott Koussler Scott Roessier





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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Newscycle Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Hellerup, 12 July 2021 Executive Board:

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Jeffrey Paul Neunsinger

—DocuSigned by: Scott Rousslur

Scott Edward Roessler

Board of Directors:

DocuSigned by: Scott Roussle

Scott Edward Roessler Chair

DocuSigned by:

Jeffrey Paul Neunsinger



## Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Newscycle Denmark ApS

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Newscycle Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.



Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aalborg, 12 July 2021 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30/70 02 28

Søren V. Nejmann State Authorised Public Accountant mne32775

Henrik K. Andersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne36193



## Management's review

Company details

Name Address, Postal code, City

CVR no. Established Registered office Financial year

Telephone

Board of Directors

Executive Board

Auditors

Newscycle Denmark ApS Tuborg Boulevard 12, 3., 2900 Hellerup

35 38 46 93 25 June 2013 Gentofte 1 January - 31 December

+45 96 31 42 00

Scott Edward Roessler, Chair Jeffrey Paul Neunsinger

Jeffrey Paul Neunsinger Scott Edward Roessler

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Vestre Havnepromenade 1A, 9000 Aalborg, Denmark



## Management's review

**Business review** 

Newscycle Denmark ApS is a holding company with the purpose of owning shares in Naviga A/S

## Financial review

The income statement for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 1,899 thousand against a loss of DKK 2,675 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 24,490 thousand.

## Material misstatements

During the year, it was established that a foreign exchange valuation was mistakenly made in a prior year. As a result of the mistake, the Company's foreign exchange valuation and intercompany in prior financial years are recognised at too high amounts, and the financial statements for 2019 do not give a true and fair view. Therefore, the error has been corrected as a material misstatement by restating comparatives and opening equity figures in the current-year financial statements.

In consequence of the restatement, profit/loss for year 2019 has been adversely affected by DKK 3,097 thousand. Intercompany payables have been adversely affected by DKK –12,202 thousand and equity has been adversely affected by DKK 12,202 thousand.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

## Outlook

The management does not consider covid-19 to have a material impact on next years result.



## Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2020	2019
_	Gross loss Financial income Financial expenses	-25 2,846 -922	-31 2,419 -5,063
	Profit/loss for the year	1,899	-2,675
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss	<u> </u>	-2,675 -2,675
		1,077	-2,075



## Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2020	2019
5	ASSETS Fixed assets Investments		
-	Investments in group entities	40,387	40,387
		40,387	40,387
	Total fixed assets	40,387	40,387
	Non-fixed assets		
	Receivables from group entities	16,417	17,459
		16,417	17,459
	Total non-fixed assets	16,417	17,459
	TOTAL ASSETS	56,804	57,846



## Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2020	2019
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity Share capital Retained earnings	171 24,319	171 13,720
	Total equity	24,490	13,891
	Liabilities other than provisions Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Payables to group entities	32,288	43,929
	Other payables	26	26
		32,314	43,955
		32,314	43,955
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	56,804	57,846

Accounting policies
Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

8 Collateral



# Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

## Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2019	171	4,193	4,364
Correction of material misstatement	0	12,202	12,202
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-2,675	-2,675
Equity at 1 January 2020	171	13,720	13,891
Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	1,899	1,899
Contribution from group	0	8,700	8,700
Equity at 31 December 2020	171	24,319	24,490



## Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Newscycle Denmark ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

In accordance with section 110(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, consolidated financial statements have not been prepared.

Effective from the financial year 2020, the Company has implemented amending act no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Financial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Material misstatements

During the year, it was established that a foreign exchange valuation was mistakenly made in a prior year. As a result of the mistake, the Company's foreign exchange valuation and intercompany in prior financial years are recognised at too high amounts, and the financial statements for 2019 do not give a true and fair view. Therefore, the error has been corrected as a material misstatement by restating comparatives and opening equity figures in the current-year financial statements.

In consequence of the restatement, profit/loss for year 2019 has been adversely affected by DKK 3,097 thousand. Intercompany payables have been adversely affected by DKK –12,202 thousand and equity has been adversely affected by DKK 12,202 thousand. Reference is also made to the comments in the Management's review.

## Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

## Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## Income statement

## Gross loss

The items other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to administration etc.



## Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

## Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

## Тах

The parent company is covered by the Danish rules on mandatory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are included in the joint taxation arrangement from the date at which they are included in the consolidated financial statements and up to the date when they are no longer consolidated.

The parent company acts as management company for the joint taxation arrangement and consequently settles all corporate income tax payments with the tax authorities.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the Danish corporate income tax charge is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use the tax losses to reduce their own taxable income.

#### Balance sheet

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost, which includes the cost of acquisition calculated at fair value plus direct costs of acquisition. If there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. Where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to such lower value.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

Every year, investments in subsidiaries are reviewed for impairment. Where there is indication of impairment, an impairment test is made for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively, generating independent cash flows. The assets are written down to the higher of the value in use and the net selling price of the asset or group of assets (recoverable amount) if it is lower than the carrying amount.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.



Notes to the financial statements

	DKK'000	2020	2019
2	Financial income Interest receivable, group entities Other financial income	683 2,163	0 2,419
		2,846	2,419
3	Financial expenses Interest expenses, group entities	<u> </u>	5,063

## 4 Tax for the year

## 5 Investments

Name	Domicile	Interest	Equity DKK'000	Profit/loss DKK'000
Subsidiaries				
Naviga A/S	Denmark	100.00%	0	0

6 Deferred tax

The Company has tax losses at a carrying amount of DKK 56 million. As it is uncertain if these tax losses can be utilised within a foreseeable future, their carrying amount has not been recognised in the financial statements.

7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

## Other contingent liabilities

As management company, the Company is jointly taxed with other Danish group entities and is jointly and severally with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends falling due for payment.

8 Collateral

The Company has placed its shares in the subsidiary Naviga A/S as security for loans to other companies in the group.