

**Aktieselskabet af 20. maj  
2013  
Købmagergade 60 3. sal  
1150 Copenhagen K  
Central Business Registration No  
35379789**

**Annual report 2017**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 09.05.2018

**Chairman of the General Meeting**

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Name: Christian Mourier

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## Entity details

### Entity

Aktieselskabet af 20. maj 2013  
Købmagergade 60 3. sal  
1150 Copenhagen K

Central Business Registration No: 35379789  
Founded: 19.06.2013  
Registered in: Copenhagen K  
Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

### Board of Directors

Lars Torpe Christoffersen, Chairman  
Anders la Cour  
Christian Swane Mourier  
Susanne Jung la Cour

### Executive Board

Anders la Cour, CEO

### Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Weidekampsgade 6  
Mailbox 1600  
0900 Copenhagen C

## Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Aktieselskabet af 20. maj 2013 for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 09.05.2018

### Executive Board

Anders la Cour  
CEO

### Board of Directors

Lars Torpe Christoffersen  
Chairman

Anders la Cour

Christian Swane Mourier

Susanne Jung la Cour

## Independent auditor's report

### To the owners of Aktieselskabet af 20. maj 2013

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Aktieselskabet af 20. maj 2013 for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

## Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Independent auditor's report**

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 09.05.2018

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Jesper Jørgensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification number (MNE) mne9664

## Management commentary

### Primary activities

The company's main activity is to invest in companies involved in financial activities.

### Development in activities and finances

Profit for the year amounted to a loss of DKK 1,176 thousand, which is in line with expectations.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.



## Income statement for 2017

<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2016</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
<b>Gross loss</b>	<b>(1.174.261)</b>	<b>(30)</b>
Other financial expenses	(2.186)	(1)
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>	<b>(1.176.447)</b>	<b>(31)</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	0	0
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>	<b>(1.176.447)</b>	<b>(31)</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit/loss</b>		
Retained earnings	(1.176.447)	(31)
	<b>(1.176.447)</b>	<b>(31)</b>

**Balance sheet at 31.12.2017**

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>	<u>2016 DKK'000</u>
Investments in associates		102.726.636	99.131
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>	1	<b>102.726.636</b>	<b>99.131</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>102.726.636</b>	<b>99.131</b>
Cash		3.281	309
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>3.281</b>	<b>309</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>102.729.917</b>	<b>99.440</b>

**Balance sheet at 31.12.2017**

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>	<u>2016 DKK'000</u>
Contributed capital	2	792.280	783
Retained earnings		<u>100.942.496</u>	<u>98.532</u>
<b>Equity</b>		<b><u>101.734.776</u></b>	<b><u>99.315</u></b>
Other payables		<u>995.141</u>	<u>125</u>
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b><u>995.141</u></b>	<b><u>125</u></b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b><u>995.141</u></b>	<b><u>125</u></b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b><u>102.729.917</u></b>	<b><u>99.440</u></b>

## Statement of changes in equity for 2017

	<b>Contributed capital DKK</b>	<b>Retained earnings DKK</b>	<b>Total DKK</b>
Equity beginning of year	783.081	98.532.161	99.315.242
Increase of capital	9.199	3.586.782	3.595.981
Profit/loss for the year	0	(1.176.447)	(1.176.447)
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>792.280</b>	<b>100.942.496</b>	<b>101.734.776</b>

## Notes

	<b>Investments in associates DKK</b>
	<u>DKK</u>
<b>1. Fixed asset investments</b>	
Cost beginning of year	99.130.655
Additions	<u>3.595.981</u>
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b><u>102.726.636</u></b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b><u>102.726.636</u></b>

	<b>Equity inte- rest %</b>	<b>Equity DKK</b>	<b>Profit/loss DKK</b>
<u>Registered in</u>	<u>Corpo- rate form</u>		
Investments in associates comprise:			
Saxo Payments A/S	Gentofte	A/S	45,0
		44.042.000	(58.616.000)

	<b>Number</b>	<b>Par value DKK</b>	<b>Nominal value DKK</b>
	<u>Number</u>	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>
<b>2. Contributed capital</b>			
Share class A	268.255	1	268.255
Share class B	488.861	1	488.861
Share class C	<u>35.164</u>	1	<u>35.164</u>
	<b><u>792.280</u></b>		<b><u>792.280</u></b>

## Accounting policies

### Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

### Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

### Income statement

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including administrative expenses.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and net capital losses on transactions in foreign currencies.

## Accounting policies

### **Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

### **Balance sheet**

#### **Investments in associates**

Investments in associates are measured at cost and are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### **Cash**

Cash comprises bank deposits.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.