BLUE CUBE DENMARK ApS

c/o TMF, Købmagergade 60, 1. TV, 1150 København K CVR no. 35 37 64 61

Annual report 2020

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 25 May 2021

Chair of the meeting:

BLUE CUBE DENMARK ApS

Annual report 2020

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Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of BLUE CUBE DENMARK ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The annual report, which has not been audited, has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Executive Board has considered the criteria for omission of audit to be met.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 25 May 2021 Executive Board:

Thom M. Vernic Unio		
Teresa Marie Vermillion	Irene Franck	Ole Fynbo Hansen
Managing Director	Director	Director

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Copenhagen, 25 May 2021 Executive Board:

Teresa Marie Vermillion Managing Director Trene Franck Director Ole Fynbo Hansen Director

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Copenhagen, 25 May 2021 Executive Board:

Teresa Marie Vermillion Managing Director

Irene Franck Director Ole Fynbo Hansen Director

Management's review

Company details

Name BLUE CUBE DENMARK ApS

Address, Postal code, City c/o TMF, Købmagergade 60, 1. TV, 1150 København K

CVR no. 35 37 64 61
Established 13 June 2013
Registered office København

Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Executive Board Teresa Marie Vermillion, Managing Director

Irene Franck, Director Ole Fynbo Hansen, Director

Management's review

Business review

Blue Cube Denmark's main activities is selling epoxies globally on behalf of Blue Cube Germany to multinational customers active in coatings, wind, civil engineering applications etc. with the strategy of building long term business relations with both existing and new customers. The strategy of the company is to grow the business.

In 2020 the average number of staff (FTE) was 1, which is in line with the previous year. The employee has a shared responsibility for marketing and sales activites for the Blue Cube Group in Europe.

Financial review

In 2020, the company's revenue amounted to DKK 8.625.890 against DKK 11.020.957 last year. The income statement for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 5.074.096 against a profit of DKK 6.976.019 last year. The balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows an equity of DKK 130.115.

Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

Financial risks and use of financial instruments

There are no specific business risks for Blue Cube Denmark.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Outlook

In 2021, the company's revenue and profit will be comparable to 2020.

Income statement

Note	DKK	2020	2019
	Revenue Other external expenses	8,625,890 -354,227	11,020,957 -353,786
2	Gross profit Staff costs	8,271,663 -1,650,764	10,667,171 -1,752,419
3	Profit before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	6,620,899 31,537 -132,830	8,914,752 86,424 -50,474
4	Profit before tax Tax for the year	6,519,606 -1,445,510	8,950,702 -1,974,683
	Profit for the year	5,074,096	6,976,019
	Decommended appropriation of profit		
	Recommended appropriation of profit Extraordinary dividend distributed in the year Retained earnings/accumulated loss	6,600,000 -1,525,904 5,074,096	5,400,000 1,576,019 6,976,019
		3,014,070	0,710,017

Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2020	2019
	ASSETS Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Receivables from group enterprises Corporation tax receivable Other receivables	2,060,805 0 78,703	1,136,946 125,265 39,859
		2,139,508	1,302,070
	Cash	126,456	1,095,879
	Total non-fixed assets	2,265,964	2,397,949
	TOTAL ASSETS	2,265,964	2,397,949

Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2020	2019
5	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity Share capital Retained earnings Dividend proposed	80,000 50,115 0	80,000 1,576,019 0
	Total equity	130,115	1,656,019
6	Liabilities other than provisions Non-current liabilities other than provisions Other payables	419,282 419,282	168,213 168,213
	Current liabilities other than provisions Trade payables Corporation tax payable Other payables	74,684 1,181,296 460,587	88,143 0 485,574
		1,716,567	573,717
		2,135,849	741,930
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	2,265,964	2,397,949

¹ Accounting policies7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

⁸ Collateral

⁹ Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Dividend proposed	Total
Equity at 1 January 2019 Transfer through appropriation	80,000	0	6,005,038	6,085,038
of profit	0	1,576,019	0	1,576,019
Dividend distributed	0	0	-6,005,038	-6,005,038
Equity at 1 January 2020 Transfer through appropriation	80,000	1,576,019	0	1,656,019
of loss Proposed extraordinary dividend recognised under	0	-8,125,904	0	-8,125,904
equity	0	6,600,000	0	6,600,000
Equity at 31 December 2020	80,000	50,115	0	130,115

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of BLUE CUBE DENMARK ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Effective from the financial year 2020, the Company has implemented amending act no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Financial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods, is recognised in revenue when the most significant rewards and risks have been transferred to the buyer and provided the income can be measured reliably and payment is expected to be received. The date of the transfer of the most significant rewards and risks is based on standardised terms of delivery based on Incoterms® 2010.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

Equity

Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income Tax

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Notes to the financial statements

Other social security costs 132,572 128,786 1,650,764 1,752,419 Average number of full-time employees 1 1 3 Financial income Interest income, group entities Exchange gain 8,336 83,210 Exchange gain 23,201 3,214 4 Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the year O 3,131 0 3,131 Tax adjustments, prior years 0 3,079 5 Share capital Analysis of the share capital: 80,000 shares of DKK 1.00 nominal value each 80,000 80,000		DKK	2020	2019
3 Financial income Interest income, group entities 8,336 83,210 23,201 3,214 31,537 86,424 4 Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year 0 -3,131 Tax adjustments, prior years 0 3,079 1,445,510 1,974,683 5 Share capital Analysis of the share capital: 80,000 shares of DKK 1.00 nominal value each 80,000 80,000	2	Wages/salaries	132,572	1,623,633 128,786 1,752,419
Interest income, group entities		Average number of full-time employees	1	1
Estimated tax charge for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the year Tax adjustments, prior years 5 Share capital Analysis of the share capital: 80,000 shares of DKK 1.00 nominal value each 1,445,510 1,974,735 0 -3,131 1,445,510 1,974,683	3	Interest income, group entities	23,201	83,210 3,214 86,424
Analysis of the share capital: 80,000 shares of DKK 1.00 nominal value each 80,000 80,000	4	Estimated tax charge for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the year	0	1,974,735 -3,131 3,079 1,974,683
	5	Analysis of the share capital:	80 000	80 000
		25,222 2 25 2 2100		80,000

The Company's share capital has remained DKK 80,000 over the past 5 years.

6 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Other payables - long term consists of frozen vacation pay, it likely will be paid within 5 years after the balance sheet date.

7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other contingent liabilities

The company was subject to the Danish scheme of jointly taxation an unlimited jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax until 5 October 2015.

The company was jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxes group entities for payment of income taxes, taxes of dividends, interest and royalties.

Notes to the financial statements

8 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2020.

9 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile
Nedastra Holding B.V.	Axelsedam 3 a, 4531 HH
	Terneuzen, Holland