

#### www.addea.dk

addea københavn amaliegade 35, 1 1256 københavn k

addea roskilde skomagergade 13, 1 4000 roskilde

info@addea.dk (+45) 70 20 07 68

# A-Safe Scandinavia ApS

Havremarken 4 8 3650 Ølstykke CVR no. 35 25 29 32

## Annual report for 2015

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 31 May 2016

Søren Snoer Jensen Chairman

# Contents

Page
------

Management's Statement and Auditors' Report	
Statement by management on the annual report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Management´s Review	
Company details	4
Management's review	5
Financial Statements	
Accounting policies	6
Income statement 1 January - 31 December	10
Balance sheet at 31 December	11
Statement of changes in equity	13
Notes to the annual report	14

### Statement by management on the annual report

Today, the board of directors and the executive board have discussed and approved the annual report of A-Safe Scandinavia ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2015.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2015 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2015.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

We recommend the adoption of the annual report at the annual general meeting.

Ølstykke, 31 May 2016

#### **Executive Board**

Søren Snoer Jensen

#### Supervisory Board

James Smith chairman

Luke Smith

## Independent auditor's report

### *To the Shareholder of A-Safe Scandinavia ApS* **Report on the financial statements**

We have audited the financial statements of A-Safe Scandinavia ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2015, which comprise summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and additional requirements under Danish Audit regulation. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The audit has not resulted in any qualification.

## Independent auditor's report

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statement give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2015 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2015 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Statement on management's review

Pursuant to the Danish Financial Statements Act, we have read the management's review. We have not performed any further procedures in addition to the audit of the financial statements. On this basis, it is our opinion that the information provided in the management's review is consistent with the financial statements.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2016

Addea Audit ApS Statsautoriseret revisionsanpartsselskab CVR-no.36 07 49 81

John Petersson State Authorised Public Accountant

# Company details

The company	A-Safe Scandinavia ApS Havremarken 4 8 3650 Ølstykke		
	CVR no.: 35 25 29 32 Financial year: 1 January - 31 Decembe Incorporated: 1 June 2013 Domicile: Egedal		
Board of directors	James Smith, chairman Luke Smith,		
Executive board	Søren Snoer Jensen		
Auditors	Addea Audit ApS Statsautoriseret revisionsanpartsselskab Amaliegade 35, 1. 1256 København K		

## **Management's review**

### Selskabets business activities

The Company's objective is trade, installation and maintenance of systems for ensuring property, staff etc. and to carry on other related activities.

### Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2015 shows a profit of DKK 349,884, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2015 shows equity of DKK 162,037.

### Post balance sheet events

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the Company's financial position.

The annual report of A-Safe Scandinavia ApS for 2015 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those applies last year.

The annual report for 2015 is presented in Danish kroner

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company's and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company's and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

#### **Gross profit**

The Company uses the regulations in the Danish Financial Statements Act §32, after which the Company's revenue is not stated.

Gross profit comprise costs of sales and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

#### Cost of goods

Cost of goods include the raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

#### Other external costs

Other external costs include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest, capital and exchange gains and losses on securities, debts and foreign currency transactions and allowances under the tax prepayment scheme, etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, including changes arising from changes in tax rates, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

### **Balance sheet**

#### Tangible assets

Items of Tangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use.

Where individual parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost is divided into separate parts, which are depreciated separately.

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life of the asset based on the following expected useful lives:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other fixtures, tools and equipment	3-5 years	0%

Gains or losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses, respectively.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise costs incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the taxation rules and taxation rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

#### Liabilities

Other debts are measured at net realisable value.

### **Deferred income**

Deferred income comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent reporting years.

### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign-exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

# Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2015 kr.	2014 kr.
Gross profit		2.586.442	1.384.911
Staff costs	1	-2.126.929	-1.519.413
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation		459.513	-134.502
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangil assets and property, plant and equipment	ble	-4.641	0
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		454.872	-134.502
Financial income	2	27.320	695
Financial costs	3	-29.404	-21.527
Profit/loss before tax		452.788	-155.334
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	-102.904	21.505
Net profit/loss for the year		349.884	-133.829
Retained earnings		349.884	-133.829
		349.884	-133.829

# **Balance sheet at 31 December**

	Note	2015 kr.	2014 kr.
Assets			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		9.281	0
Tangible assets	5	9.281	0
Deposits		18.982	18.252
Fixed asset investments		18.982	18.252
Fixed assets total		28.263	18.252
Trade receivables		1.834.412	1.416.166
Deferred tax asset		3.251	106.155
Prepayments		60.618	74.928
Receivables		1.898.281	1.597.249
Cash at bank and in hand		325.302	1.240.491
Current assets total		2.223.583	2.837.740
Assets total		2.251.846	2.855.992

# Balance sheet at 31 December

	Note	2015 kr.	2014 kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Selskabskapital Retained earnings		200.000 -37.963	200.000 -387.847
Equity total	6	162.037	-187.847
Trade payables Payables to shareholders and management Other payables Deferred income Short-term debt		194.374 1.080.537 528.950 285.948 <b>2.089.809</b>	87.858 2.134.205 367.662 454.114 <b>3.043.839</b>
Debt total		2.089.809	3.043.839
Liabilities and equity total		2.251.846	2.855.992
Rental agreements and lease commitments	7		

# Equity

	Selskabs- kapital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2015 Net profit/loss for the year	200.000 0	-387.847 349.884	-187.847 349.884
Equity at 31 December 2015	200.000	-37.963	162.037

# Notes to the annual report

	2015 kr.	2014 kr.
1 Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	1.918.778	1.475.006
Pensions	145.292	35.991
Other social security costs	17.302	8.416
Other staff costs	45.557	0
	2.126.929	1.519.413
2 Financial income		
Exchange gains	27.320	695
	27.320	695
3 Financial costs		
Other financial costs	29.404	21.527
	29.404	21.527
4 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Deferred tax for the year	102.904	-21.505
	102.904	-21.505

### 5 Tangible assets

	Other
	fixtures and
	fittings, tools
	and
	equipment
Cost at 1 January 2015	0
Additions for the year	13.922
Cost at 31 December 2015	13.922
Depreciation for the year	4.641
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2015	4.641
Carrying amount at 31 December 2015	9.281

# 6 Equity

The share capital consists of 200 shares of a nominal value of kr. 200. No shares carry any special rights.

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.

7	<b>Rental agreements and lease commitments</b> Operating lease commitments. Total future lease payments:	2015 kr.	2014 kr.
	Within 1 year Between 1 and 5 years	83.797 <u>14.714</u> <b>98.511</b>	0 0 0
	Rental commitments, non-termination 12 months	75.928	0