Deloitte.



Ikeyvet ApS

Jagtvej 5 3480 Fredensborg CVR No. 35040013

Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 20.03.2024

Karsten Thuren Key

Chairman of the General Meeting

Ikeyvet ApS | Contents

Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2023	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2023	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2023	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	15

Entity details

Entity

Ikeyvet ApS Jagtvej 5 3480 Fredensborg

Business Registration No.: 35040013

Registered office: Fredensborg

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

Executive Board

Karsten Thuren Key

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Tværkajen 5 P. O. Box 10 5100 Odense

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Ikeyvet ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Fredensborg, 20.03.2024

Executive Board

Karsten Thuren Key

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Ikeyvet ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ikeyvet ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other matter

Effective from the current financial year, the Entity has opted to have its financial statements audited. We point out that, as also disclosed in the financial statements, the comparative figures in the financial statements were subjected to extended review and have therefore not been audited in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material

misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Odense, 20.03.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Michael Bach

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne19691

Abdul Wahab Ashraf

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne46664

Management commentary

Primary activities

The company's purpose is to run a veterinary practice and other related or derivative activities.

Development in activities and finances

The company's income statement for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 shows a result of DKK 3,101k, and the company's balance as of 31 December 2023 shows an equity of DKK 7,705k.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		10,655,977	10,966,994
Staff costs	1	(6,405,556)	(6,132,736)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		(297,490)	(365,743)
Operating profit/loss		3,952,931	4,468,515
Other financial income		30,147	0
Other financial expenses	2	(202)	(37,467)
Profit/loss before tax		3,982,876	4,431,048
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(881,560)	(1,040,991)
Profit/loss for the year		3,101,316	3,390,057
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		5,000,000	1,700,000
Retained earnings		(1,898,684)	1,690,057
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		3,101,316	3,390,057

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		1,170,958	638,400
Leasehold improvements		680,130	765,666
Property, plant and equipment	4	1,851,088	1,404,066
Deposits		0	41,100
Financial assets	5	0	41,100
Fixed assets		1,851,088	1,445,166
Raw materials and consumables		1,115,635	810,097
Inventories		1,115,635	810,097
Trade receivables		1,251,247	823,639
Deferred tax		0	39,312
Other receivables		0	38,182
Prepayments		8,935	110,271
Receivables		1,260,182	1,011,404
Cash		6,702,183	5,096,129
Current assets		9,078,000	6,917,630
Assets		10,929,088	8,362,796

Equity and liabilities

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		146,000	146,000
Retained earnings		2,559,150	4,457,834
Proposed dividend		5,000,000	1,700,000
Equity		7,705,150	6,303,834
Deferred tax		15,918	0
Provisions		15,918	0
Trade payables		355,979	306,368
Payables to group enterprises		375,112	0
Payables to owners and management		0	9,727
Income tax payable		826,330	1,014,792
Other payables	6	1,650,599	728,075
Current liabilities other than provisions		3,208,020	2,058,962
Liabilities other than provisions		3,208,020	2,058,962
Equity and liabilities		10,929,088	8,362,796
Contingent liabilities	7		
Assets charged and collateral	8		
Group relations	9		

Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed	Retained	Proposed	
	capital	earnings	dividend	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	146,000	4,457,834	1,700,000	6,303,834
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	(1,700,000)	(1,700,000)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(1,898,684)	5,000,000	3,101,316
Equity end of year	146,000	2,559,150	5,000,000	7,705,150

Ikeyvet ApS | Notes 12

Notes

1 Staff costs

1 Starr costs		
	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	5,295,652	5,616,481
Pension costs	749,937	365,368
Other social security costs	140,963	72,566
Other staff costs	219,004	78,321
	6,405,556	6,132,736
Average number of full-time employees	9	9
2 Other financial expenses	2022	2022
	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	0	4,193
Other interest expenses	75	33,052
Exchange rate adjustments	127	222
	202	37,467
3 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	826,330	1,014,792
Change in deferred tax	55,230	8,480
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	17,719
	881,560	1,040,991

Ikeyvet ApS | Notes

4 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures	
	and fittings,	
	tools and	Leasehold
	equipment improvement	
	DKK	DKK
Cost beginning of year	3,886,601	1,368,489
Additions	744,512	0
Disposals	(2,751,051)	0
Cost end of year	1,880,062	1,368,489
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(3,248,201)	(602,823)
Depreciation for the year	(211,954)	(85,536)
Reversal regarding disposals	2,751,051	0
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(709,104)	(688,359)
Carrying amount end of year	1,170,958	680,130

5 Financial assets

	Deposits
	DKK
Cost beginning of year	41,100
Disposals	(41,100)
Cost end of year	0
Carrying amount end of year	0

6 Other payables

Other payables consists VAT and duties, wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs and other payables.

7 Contingent liabilities

Rent of premises amounts to DKK 396,000 annually. The agreement can be terminated by both parties with 12 months' notice. The maximum obligation amounts to DKK 396,000. The contingent liability for rental of operating assets amounts to DKK 409,320.

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Altano Denmark A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

Ikeyvet ApS | Notes

8 Assets charged and collateral

A company pledge of DKK 500,000 has been provided as security for the balance with the bank.

The pledge includes the following assets at accounting value on the balance sheet date:

Property, plant and equipment: t.kr. 1.851 Inventories: t.kr. 1,116 Trade receivables: t.kr. 1,251

9 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Altano Denmark A/S

Rugårdsvej 696,

5462 Morud

Denmark

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for normal inventory writedowns.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5-8 years
Leasehold improvements	16 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.