# Eurofins Genomics Holding Denmark A/S

Smedeskovvej 38, DK-8464 Galten

## Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2018

CVR No 35 03 95 03

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 29-05-2019

Svend Aage Linde Chairman

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## **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Eurofins Genomics Holding Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2018 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2018.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Galten, 29th May 2019

**Executive Board** 

Svend Aage Linde

**Board of Directors** 

Bruno Francis Claude Poddevin Chairman Stefania Pcolova

Svend Aage Linde

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholder of Eurofins Genomics Holding Denmark A/S

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Eurofins Genomics Holding Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

#### **Basis for the Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aarhus, 29-05-2019

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

OVR No 33 77 12 31

Henrik Trangeled Kristensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne23333

Henrik Berring Rasmussen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne34157

## **Company Information**

The Company Eurofins Genomics Holding Denmark A/S

Smedeskovvej 38 DK-8464 Galten

CVR No: 35 03 95 03

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Skanderborg

**Board of Directors** Bruno Francis Claude Poddevin, Chairman

Stefania Pcolova Svend Aage Linde

**Executive Board** Svend Aage Linde

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Nobelparken

Jens Chr. Skous Vej 1 DK-8000 Aarhus C

## **Management's Review**

#### Main activity

The main activity of the Company is to manage investments in subsidiaries.

#### Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2018 shows a loss of DKK 18.201.405, which is considered unsatisfactory.

The value of Company's participation in the subsidiary Genoskan A/S has been written down from the original acquisition costs to the net realizable value, as the activities of the subsidiary have ceased as of 1 January 2019. The impairment is expensed in the income statement of the Company and it amounts to DKK 16,977k.

The impairment of the participation has resulted in loss of share capital. Share capital is expected to be reestablished by a capital contribution from the parent company.

#### Strategy and objectives

#### Targets and expectations for the year ahead

In 2019 the Company expects a significantly improved result.

#### Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date

## **Income Statement 1 January - 31 December**

|   | Note | 2018        | 2017       |
|---|------|-------------|------------|
|   |      | DKK         | DKK        |
| Gross profit/loss                         |      | -82.198     | -147.398   |
| Income from investments in subsidiaries   |      | 750.000     | 3.000.000  |
| Write down of investments in subsidiaries |      | -16.977.319 | 0          |
| Financial income                          | 2    | 4.249       | 4.559      |
| Financial expenses                        | 3    | -2.452.932  | -2.908.896 |
| Profit/loss before tax                    |      | -18.758.199 | -51.735    |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year           |      | 556.794     | 671.382    |
| Net profit/loss for the year              |      | -18.201.405 | 619.647    |
|   |      |             |            |
| Distribution of profit                    |      |             |            |
| Proposed distribution of profit           |      |             |            |
| Retained earnings                         |      | -18.201.405 | 619.647    |
|   |      | -18.201.405 | 619.647    |

## **Balance Sheet 31 December**

### Assets

|                                    | _Note_ | 2018<br>DKK | 2017<br>DKK |
|------------------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| Investments in subsidiaries        |        | 46.586.983  | 60.809.277  |
| Fixed asset investments            |        | 46.586.983  | 60.809.277  |
| Fixed assets                       |        | 46.586.983  | 60.809.277  |
| Receivables from group enterprises |        | 1.678.830   | 888.994     |
| Deferred tax asset                 |        | 556.794     | 671.382     |
| Receivables                        |        | 2.235.624   | 1.560.376   |
| Cash at bank and in hand           |        | 0           | 66.624      |
| Current assets                     |        | 2.235.624   | 1.627.000   |
| Assets                             |        | 48.822.607  | 62.436.277  |

# **Balance Sheet 31 December**

## Liabilities and equity

|  | Note | 2018        | 2017       |
|--|------|-------------|------------|
|  |      | DKK         | DKK        |
| Share capital  |      | 8.000.000   | 8.000.000  |
| Other reserves   |      | 7.431.273   | 1.400.000  |
| Retained earnings  |      | -17.410.285 | 791.120    |
| Equity   | 4    | -1.979.012  | 10.191.120 |
| Payables to group enterprises                                  |      | 50.385.501  | 51.502.271 |
| Long-term debt   | 5    | 50.385.501  | 51.502.271 |
| Payables to group enterprises                                  |      | 399.118     | 724.316    |
| Other payables   |      | 17.000      | 18.570     |
| Short-term debt  |      | 416.118     | 742.886    |
| Debt   |      | 50.801.619  | 52.245.157 |
| Liabilities and equity   |      | 48.822.607  | 62.436.277 |
| Main activity  | 1    |             |            |
| Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations | 6    |             |            |
| Consolidated Financial Statements                              | 7    |             |            |

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### 1 Main activity

The activities of the Company is to manage investments in subsidiaries.

|   |  | 2018      | 2017      |
|---|--|-----------|-----------|
|   |  | DKK       | DKK       |
| 2 | Financial income                       |           |           |
|   | Interest income from group enterprises | 1.129     | 4.414     |
|   | Exchange adjustments, income           | 3.120     | 145       |
|   |  | 4.249     | 4.559     |
| 3 | Financial expenses                     |           |           |
|   | Interest paid to group enterprises     | 2.401.765 | 2.870.221 |
|   | Other financial expenses               | 3.353     | 1.222     |
|   | Exchange adjustments, expenses         | 47.814    | 37.453    |
|   |  | 2.452.932 | 2.908.896 |
|   |  |           |           |
|   | Fauity                                 |           |           |

#### 4 Equity

|                              | Share capital | Other reserves<br>DKK | Retained<br>earnings<br>DKK | Total      |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| Equity at 1 January          | 8.000.000     | 1.400.000             | 791.120                     | 10.191.120 |
| Transfers, reserves          | 0             | 6.031.273             | 0                           | 6.031.273  |
| Net profit/loss for the year | 0             | 0                     | -18.201.405                 | 18.201.405 |
| Equity at 31 December        | 8.000.000     | 7.431.273             | -17.410.285                 | -1.979.012 |

#### 5 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

|  | 2018       | 2017       |
|--|------------|------------|
| Payables to group enterprises              | DKK        | DKK        |
| After 5 years                              | 0          | 0          |
| Between 1 and 5 years                      | 50.784.619 | 52.226.587 |
| Long-term part                             | 50.385.501 | 51.502.271 |
| Other short-term debt to group enterprises | 399.118    | 724.316    |
|  | 50.784.619 | 52.226.587 |

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### 6 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### **Contingent liabilities**

The Group's Danish enterprises are jointly and severally liable for the tax on the Group's jointly taxed income etc. Moreover, the Group's Danish enterprises are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding tax such as tax on dividend, royalty and interest. Any subsequent adjustments to the corporation tax or withholding tax may result in an increase of the Company's liability.

#### **7 Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company

| Name                     | Place of registered office         |  |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Eurofins Scientific S.E. | 23, Val Fleuri, L-1526, Luxembourg |  |

## **Accounting Policies**

## **Basis of Preparation**

The Annual Report of Eurofins Genomics Holding Denmark A/S for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Financial Statements for 2018 are presented in DKK.

#### Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the maturity period. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less any repayments and with addition/deduction of the cumulative amortisation of any difference between cost and the nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the maturity period.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

Danish kroner is used as the measurement currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

## **Accounting Policies**

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

#### **Income Statement**

#### Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, revenue has not been disclosed in the Annual Report.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

#### Income from investments in subsidiaries

Dividends from subsidiaries are recognised as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the subsidiary. However, dividends relating to earnings in the subsidiary before it was acquired by the Parent Company are set off against the cost of the subsidiary.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest, realised and unrealised exchange adjustments, as well as extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity. The tax recognised in the income statement is classified as tax on ordinary activities and tax on extraordinary items, respectively.

Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish group entreprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation—with the entreprises is allocated to Danish enterprises showing profits or losses in proportion to their taxable incomes (full allocation with credit for tax losses). The jointly taxed enterprises have adopted the on-account taxation scheme.

## **Accounting Policies**

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset within the same legal tax entity.

#### Financial debts

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.