# **Nordic Power Partners P/S**

Gyngemose Parkvej 50 2860 Søborg

CVR no. 34 73 87 34

**Annual report for 2022** 

(10th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 13 July 2023

Knud Erik Andersen chairman

# **Table of contents**

	Page
Statements	
Statement by management on the annual report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Management's review	
Company details	5
Management's review	6
Financial statements	
Accounting policies	7
Income statement 1 January - 31 December	10
Balance sheet 31 December	11
Statement of changes in equity	13
Notes	14

# Statement by management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Nordic Power Partners P/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Søborg, 13 July 2023

#### **Executive Board**

Jens-Peter Zink

#### **Board of Directors**

Knud Erik Andersen chairman

Reik Haahr Müller

Jens-Peter Zink

# **Independent auditor's report**

# To the shareholders of Nordic Power Partners P/S Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Nordic Power Partners P/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Emphasis of matter**

We draw attention to note 5 to the financial statements setting out the material uncertainty related to the outcome of a dispute about a significant receivable.

Our opinion has not been modified in respect of this matter.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Independent auditor's report

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

# **Independent auditor's report**

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 13 July 2023

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Kenn Wolff Hansen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne30154

# **Company details**

**The company** Nordic Power Partners P/S

Gyngemose Parkvej 50

2860 Søborg

CVR no.: 34 73 87 34

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2022

Incorporated: 19 November 2012

Domicile: Gladsaxe

**Board of Directors** Knud Erik Andersen, chairman

Reik Haahr Müller Jens-Peter Zink

**Executive Board** Jens-Peter Zink

**Auditors** KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Dampfærgevej 28 2100 København

# Management's review

#### **Business review**

The Company's objective is to develop, construct and finance solar PV and wind energy projects in developing countries either directly or through SPV's.

#### Recognition and measurement uncertainties

The company has other receivables under fixed asset investments of TEUR 8.947. The receivables relates to a business partner in a project in Brazil. The value of the project is dependend on the curency BRL, why there is risk associated with the value of the receivable. The company has claimed an attachment in the business partnerships ownership of the project. There is an ongoing legal dispute about the matter. The final outcome could deviate from the expected outcome and the deviation could be financially significant.

#### Unusual matters

The company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and the results of its operations for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 are not affected by any unusual matters.

### Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 shows a profit of TEUR 276, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of TEUR 1.083.

#### **Financing**

Letter of subordination has been given by the owners of the company for their shareholders loan, and from other related parties for their loan. On the basis herof, debt repayment terms and available cash, the management assess the going concern basis satisfactory at least until the approval of the 2023 annual report. The company has lost more than half of its capital. The capital structure will be discussed by the shareholders on the annual general meeting.

#### Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

# **Accounting policies**

The annual report of Nordic Power Partners P/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2022 is presented in TEUR

Pursuant to sections §110 subsection 1, of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income statement**

#### Other operating income

Other operating income includes items of a secondary nature to the company's activities, operating losses and indemnities relating to operating losses and conflicts. Indemnities are recognised when it is more probable than not that the company is going to be indemnified.

# **Accounting policies**

#### Other external costs

Other external cost include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, gains and losses on receivables, payables and transactions denominated in forreign currencies.

#### **Income from investments in subsidiaries**

The proportionate share of the results after tax of the individual subsidiaries is recognised in the income statement of the company after full elimination of intra-group profits/losses.

#### Tax

The company is not an independent taxable entity and therefore no provisions are made for tax on profit/loss for the year and current and deferred tax liabilities are not recognized.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at the proportionate share of the net asset value of the entities, calculated on the basis of the group's accounting policies, plus or less unrealised intragroup gains or losses and plus or less any remaining value of positive or negative goodwill stated according to the purchase method. Negative goodwill is recognised in the income statement on acquisition. Where the negative goodwill relates to contingent liabilities having been taken over, the negative goodwill is not recognised until the contingent liabilities have been settled or no longer exist.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries is reviewed for impairment, other than what is reflected through normal depreciation, on an annual basis.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

# **Accounting policies**

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

### **Equity**

#### **Dividends**

Proposed dividends are recognized as a liability at the date when they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected dividende payment for the year is disclosed as s seperate item under equity.

#### Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Non-monetary item are translated at the exchange rates at the date of acquisition or at the date of subsequent revaluation of the asset. Income statement item are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date, whereas item derived from non-monetary item are translated at historical exchange rates for the non-monetary item.

# **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

	Note	2022	2021
		TEUR	TEUR
Revenue		0	0
Direct cost		0	-4
Other external cost		728	-129
Gross profit		728	-133
Income from investments in subsidiaries		63	117
Financial income	2	258	688
Financial expenses	3	-773	-763
Profit/loss for the year		276	-91
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		63	42
Retained earnings		213	-133
		276	-91

# **Balance sheet 31 December**

	Note	2022 TEUR	2021 TEUR
Assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	4	338	253
Receivables from subsidiaries		532	476
Receivables from related parties	5	3.853	3.853
Other receivables	5	8.863	7.649
Fixed asset investments	-	13.586	12.231
Total non-current assets	-	13.586	12.231
Receivables from related parties		91	188
Other receivables	_	2	5
Receivables	-	93	193
Cash at bank and in hand	-	278	460
Total current assets	-	371	653
Total assets	=	13.957	12.884

# **Balance sheet 31 December**

	Note	2022 TEUR	2021 TEUR
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		1.877	1.877
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		127	42
Retained earnings		-921	-1.134
Equity	6	1.083	785
Payables to shareholders		12.560	11.798
Total non-current liabilities	7	12.560	11.798
Trade payables		22	12
Other payables		292	289
Total current liabilities		314	301
Total liabilities		12.874	12.099
Total equity and liabilities		13.957	12.884

# **Statement of changes in equity**

		Reserve for		
		net revalua-		
		tion under the	Retained	
	Share capital	equity method	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022	1.877	42	-1.134	785
Exchange adjustment	0	22	0	22
Net profit/loss for the year	0	63	213	276
<b>Equity at 31 December 2022</b>	1.877	127	-921	1.083

# Notes

		2022	2021
1	Staff costs	TEUR	TEUR
	Average number of employees	0	0
2	Financial income		
	Interest received from subsidiaries	39	75
	Other financial income	254	210
	Exchange gains	-35	403
		<u>258</u>	688
3	Financial expenses		
	Financial expenses, shareholders	763	741
	Other financial costs	1	15
	Exchange adjustments costs	9	7
		773	763

#### **Notes**

4	Investments in subsidiaries	2022 TEUR	2021 TEUR
	Cost at 1 January 2022	211	211
	Cost at 31 December 2022	211	211
	Revaluations at 1 January 2022	42	-77
	Exchange adjustment	22	42
	Net profit/loss for the year	63	77
	Revaluations at 31 December 2022	127	42
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	338	253

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

	Name	Registered office	Ownership interest	Equity	Profit/loss for the year
	NPP Maldives Private Limited	Male, Maldives	99%	342	64
5	Receivables				
	The following trade rece than 1 year after year en	eivables fall due for paymo	ent more	3.853	3.853
	The following other rece than 1 year after year en	eivables fall due for paymod	ent more	8.863	7.649

The company has other receivables under fixed asset investments of TEUR 8.863. The receivable relates to a business partner in a project in Brazil. The company expects that in the event of a sale of the project, the company will be able to receive full repayment of the receivable from the business partner's share of the sales price. The value of the project is dependend on the currency BRL, therefore there is risk associated with the value of the receivable. The company has claimed an attachment in the business partnerships ownership of the project. There is an ongoing legal dispute about the matter. The final outcome could deviate from the expected outcome and the deviation could be financially significant.

#### **Notes**

### 6 Equity

The share capital consists of 14.000.000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

The share capital has developed as follows:

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
-	TEUR	TEUR	TEUR	TEUR	TEUR
Share capital at 1					
January 2022	1.877	1.877	1.877	1.877	1.676
Additions for the year	0	0	0	0	201
Share capital	1.877	1.877	1.877	1.877	1.877

# 7 Long term debt

		Debt		
	Debt	at 31		Debt
	at 1 January	December	Instalment	outstanding
	2022	2022	next year	after 5 years
Payables to shareholders	11.798	12.560	0	0
	11.798	12.560	0	0

Letter of subordination has been given by the owners of the company for their shareholders loan. The letter of subordination is efficient until the signing of the Annual Report for 2023.

# 8 Related parties and ownership structure

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

The company is reflected in the group report as the parent company European Energy A/S which is the smallest group in which the company is included as an assosicate.

The group report of European Energy A/S which is the smallest group in which the company is included as an assosicate. can be obtained at the following address:

https://europeanenergy.com/ir-material/