Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S

Lyngby Hovedgade 85 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby

CVR no. 34 60 62 85

Annual report 2021

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on

28 June 2022

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Klaus Greven Kristensen

Chairman of the annual general meeting

Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S Annual report 2021 CVR no. 34 60 62 85

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2021.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act with the modifications required since Management has initiated a liquidation process.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's activities and financial matters, of the results for the year and of the Company's financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Lyngby, 28 June 2022 Executive Board:

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Claus Bachmann

CEO

Board of Directors:

Martan L

Morten Kelstrup

Chairman

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Klaus Greven Kristensen

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Christine Brennet (Morris)

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2021 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter

We refer the information in the accounting policies section, from which it appears that the Financial Statements are not prepared on a going concern basis, and that recognition, measurement and presentation are made with due consideration to this. Our opinion has not been modified in respect of this matter.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Independent auditor's report

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, taking into account the Management has initiated a liquidation process, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using appropriate accounting policies taking into account the Management has initiated a liquidation process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the significant accounting policies in preparing the Financial Statements and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern taking into account the liquidation in progress. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Copenhagen, 28 June 2022 **PricewaterhouseCoopers**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 33 77 12 31

DocuSigned by:

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Thomas Wraac Holm
Thomas Wraae Holm
State Authorised
Public Accountant

—Docusigned by: Lim Danstrup

Kim Danstrup
State Authorised
Public Accountant
mne32201

Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S

Annual report 2021 CVR no. 34 60 62 85

Management's review

Company details

Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S Lyngby Hovedgade 85 2800 Kgs. Lyngby

CVR no.: 34 60 62 85 Established: 2 July 2012 Registered office: Lyngby

Financial year: 1 January – 31 December

Board of Directors

Morten Kelstrup, Chairman Klaus Greven Kristensen Christine Brennet (Morris)

Executive Board

Claus Bachmann, CEO

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Management's review

Financial highlights

USD'000	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Key figures					
Revenue	190	16,125	127,918	136,293	132,022
Operating profit/loss	1,388	3,319	-4,699	-1,680	-1,115
Profit/loss from financial					
income and expenses	-152	-344	959	-1,142	1,871
Profit/loss before tax	1,155	3,458	-3,740	-2,888	773
Resultat for the year	901	4,347	-2,873	-3,984	-1,279
Total assets	4,982	10,276	26,519	40,660	45,281
Equity	4,774	5,873	1,526	6,399	18,383
Ratios					
Operating margin	731%	21%	-4%	-1%	-1%
Return on invested capital	18%	18%	-86%	-9%	-4%
Current ratio	2,395%	248%	107%	125%	165%
Return on equity	18%	118%	-76%	32%	-7%
Solvency ratio	88%	57%	6%	16%	41%

The financial ratios have been calculated as follows:

Operating margin

Operating profit/loss x 100
Revenue

Return on invested capital Operating profit/loss * 100
Average invested capital

Current ratio Current liabilities Current liabilities

Return on equity Profit/loss from ordinary activities after tax x 100
Average equity

Solvency ratio Equity ex. non-controlling interests at year-end x 100
Total equity and liabilities at year-end

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Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

The Company's principal activity is offshore drilling on the leased rig Maersk Interceptor. The Company is engaged in drilling activities in the Norwegian sector of the North Sea through a registered branch in Norway. Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S has not operated any rig on the Norwegian continental shelf during 2021

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for 2021 shows a profit of USD 901 thousand as against a profit of USD 4,347 thousand in 2020. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2021 is USD 4,774 thousand as against USD 5,873 thousand at 31 December 2020.

The drilling contract for Maersk Interceptor was concluded during 2020. Currently the Company has limited activities, and the result for the year is in line with management's expectations.

The Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S is as result expected to be deregistered. The Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis that the entity will be liquidated in 2022.

Outlook

The entity is expected to be deregistered in 2022.

Operating risks

A fundamental factor in driving demand for offshore drilling rigs is the level of spending by oil and gas companies on exploration, development, production and maintenance as well as decommissioning activities. This level is to a large extent a function of project sanctioning which is based on oil and gas companies' long-term assessment of oil and gas prices impacting their cash flow generation as well as the economics of the offshore exploration and development projects in their portfolios.

Financial risks

Currency risks

Currency risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The currency exposure arises from The Company operating in countries with different local currencies. Revenue is primarily denominated in USD, which is also the presentation currency of the Company, while related operating expenses are incurred in both USD and local currencies.

Interest rate risks

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure arises from loans and other credit facilities carrying floating interest rates.

Credit risks

For drilling contracts, credit risk is minimised by undertaking a credit assessment of the counterparty prior to entering into the contracts. Depending on the creditworthiness, the Company may seek protection in the form of parent company guarantees, prepayments or other types of collateral.

Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S Annual report 2021 CVR no. 34 60 62 85

Management's review

Operating review

Safety

For the Company, safety is a top priority. It is an unwavering commitment, rooted in our Core Values. Safety permeates everything we do and stand for, onshore and offshore, and it is the foundation for delivering reliable and efficient operations to our customers. Our ambition is to have zero serious incidents.

Branches

The Company is engaged in drilling activities in the Norwegian sector of the North Sea through a registered branch in Norway.

Corporate social responsibilty

At the Company, we firmly believe that by conducting our operations through sustainable practices, we ensure a sound and viable business for the future. We have a responsibility to the people who work for the Company, but also to the people and the environment which are affected by our Company.

Goals and policies for the underrepresented gender

The composition of the Company's Board of Directors is considered diverse, as one out of three shareholder-elected Board members is female. The Company is therefore not required to set a target for the underrepresented gender in the Board of Directors.

Income statement

USD'000	Note	2021	2020
Revenue	2	190	16,125
Other external costs		1,198	-12,806
Operating profit		1,388	3,319
Other operating costs		-96	0
Profit before financial income and expenses		1,292	3,319
Financial income	3	1	149
Financial expenses	4	-153	-493
Profit before tax		1,140	2,975
Tax on profit/loss for the year		-239	1,372
Profit for the year	5	901	4,347

Balance sheet

USD'000	Note	31/12 2021	31/12 2020
ASSETS			
Current assets Receivables			
Receivables from group entities		4,980	9,981
Other receivables	_	0	206
Deferred tax asset	6	0	5
Prepayments	7	0	82
		4,980	10,274
Cash at bank and in hand		2	2
Total current assets		4,982	10,276
TOTAL ASSETS		4,982	10,276
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity			
Contributed capital	8	84	84
Retained earnings		4,690	3,789
Proposed dividends for the financial year		0	2,000
Total equity		4,774	5,873
Provisions			
Other provisions	9	0	260
Total provisions		0	260
Liabilities other than provisions Current liabilities other than provisions			
Trade payables		9	817
Payables to group entities		0	1,921
Corporation tax		183	609
Other payables		16	796
		208	4,143
Total liabilities other than provisions		208	4,143
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		4,982	10,276
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Statement of changes in equity

USD'000	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends for the financial year	Total
Equity at 1 January 2019	84	1,442	0	1,526
Transferred over the profit appropriation	0	2,347	2,000	4,347
Equity at 1 January 2021	84	3,789	2,000	5,873
Ordinary dividends paid	0	0	-2,000	-2,000
Transferred over the profit appropriation	0	901	0	901
Equity at 31 December 2021	84	4,690	0	4,774

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class C medium-sized entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

As a consequence of the Managements decision to initiated a liquidation process, the going concern basis of accounting has not been used in preparing the financial statements. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are therefore not consistent with those of last year.

Omission of cash flow statement

Pursuant to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statements have been prepared. The Company's cash flows are included in the consolidated cash flow statements of The Drilling Company of 1972 A/S, Lyngby Hovedgade 85, DK-2800 Kgs Lyngby, CVR no. 40 40 47 16.

Omission of audit fee disclosure

Pursuant to section 96(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, audit fee disclosures have been ombittes as this information is included in the consolidated financial statements of The Drilling Company of 1972 A/S, Lyngby Hovedgade 85, DK-2800 Kgs Lyngby, CVR no. 40 40 47 16.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

USD is used as functional currency and as presentation currency because the majority of transactions are in USD. At 31 December 2021, the exchange rate DKK/USD was 654.88 (2020: 605.76).

Income statement

Revenue

Income from drilling activities, which are typically carried out under long-term agreements with fixed day rates, is recognised under revenue for the operating time related to the financial year.

Other external costs

Other external costs comprise expenses incurred during the year for bareboat hire of the rig (operating lease), repair and maintenance, catering, hired crew and administrative expenses.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Gross profit

Other operating costs

Other operating costs comprise items secondary to the activities of the entity, including losses on the disposal of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises current corporation tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognised in equity is recognised directly in equity. The Company is part of A.P. Møller Holding A/S' joint taxation. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with refund for tax losses).

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Write-down for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred, concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest as well as deferral of mobilisation costs and other start-up cost relating to subsequent financial years.

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill non-deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where the temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss or taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a current legal or constructive obligation, and if the amount can be measured reliably. Provisions are recognised on the basis of best estimates.

Liabilities other than provisions

Financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, which essentially corresponds to the nominal value.

	USD'000	2021	2020
2	Revenue		
	Revenue, Norway	190	16,125
3	Financial income		
	Interest income from group entities	0	11
	Exchange gains from group entities	1	138
		1	149
4	Financial expenses		
	Interest expense to group entities	36	38
	Other financial costs	0	4
	Exchange adjustments costs	116	0
	Exchange losses from group entities	1	451
	3 ··-··· g·	153	493

Notes

5 Proposed profit appropriation

USD'000	2021	2020
Proposed dividends for the year	0	2,000
Retained earnings	901	2,347
	901	4,347

6 Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax relates to tax on prepayments, deferred income and other provisions.

USD'000	31/12 2021	31/12 2020
Deferred tax at 1 January	0	-5
	0	-5

7 Prepayments

Current assets, prepayments USD 0 thousand (2020: USD 82 thousand) mainly related to insurance and other prepaid costs.

8 Equity

Contributed capital consists of 500 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1,000 each.

All shares rank equally.

9 Other provisions

Provisions relate to operating costs, claims, pensions, etc. for occurred events, but where the costs are subject to uncertainty. Provisions are recognised at Management's best estimate.

10 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with all other Danish companies in the A.P. Møller Holding Group. As a fully owned subsidiary, the Company has unlimited and joint liability together with the other companies under joint taxation for Danish company tax, withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties within the jointly taxed companies.

Notes

11 Related party disclosures

The A.P. Moller og Hustru Chastine Mc-Kinney Møllers Fond til Almene Formaal, Copenhagen, Denmark is the ultimate owner.

Other related parties with a controlling interest:

- A.P. Møller Holding A/S, Esplanaden 50, DK-1263 Copenhagen K (ultimate parent company preparing consolidated financial statements)
- APMH Invest A/S, Esplanaden 50, DK-1263 Copenhagen K
- The Drilling Company of 1972 A/S, Lyngby Hovedgade 85, DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby (first parent company that prepares consolidated financial statements)
- Maersk Drilling A/S, Lyngby Hovedgade 85, DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby (immediate parent company).

Other related parties

The Board of Directors and the Executive Management of the entities listed above having a controlling interest in Maersk Interceptor Norge A/S including their close relatives and undertakings under their significant influence are also considered related parties. This includes subsidiaries and affiliates of A.P. Møller Holding A/S, including A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S and its subsidiaries and affiliates and Danske Bank A/S.

Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are carried out on an arm's length basis and are therefore not separately disclosed pursuant to section 98 C (7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of The Drilling Company of 1972 A/S, Lyngby Hovedgade 85, DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby can be obtained by contacting this company or at investor.maerskdrilling.com/financial-reports-presentations.

The consolidated financial statements of A.P. Møller Holding A/S can be obtained by contacting this company or at its website www.apmoller.com.

12 Disclosure of events after the balance sheet date

No events have occured after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.