

Ramsey Holding ApS

Havesvinget 14, 2950 Vedbæk

Company reg. no. 34 60 61 29

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2018

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 25 March 2019.

Shawn Ramsey Chairman of the meeting







Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Reports	
Management's report	1
Auditor's report on compilation of the annual accounts	2
Management's review	
Company data	3
Management's review	4
Annual accounts 1 January - 31 December 2018	
Accounting policies used	5
Profit and loss account	9
Balance sheet	10
Notes	12

Notes:

- $\bullet \ \ \text{To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used. }$
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's report

The managing director has today presented the annual report of Ramsey Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

The managing director considers the requirements of omission of audit of the annual accounts for 2018 as met.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Vedbæk, 25 March 2019

Managing Director

Shawn Ramsey

Auditor's report on compilation of the annual accounts

To the shareholder of Ramsey Holding ApS

We have compiled the annual accounts of Ramsey Holding ApS for the period 1 January to 31 December

2018 based on the bookkeeping of the company and on further information you have provided.

The annual accounts comprise the accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and

notes.

We performed this engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist you in the preparation and presentation of the annual

accounts in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant

requirements of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and with ethical requirements of

the Danish Institute of State Authorised Public Accountants, including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The annual accounts and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are

your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the

accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the annual accounts.

Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether the annual accounts

are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 25 March 2019

BUUS JENSEN

State Authorised Public Accountants

Company reg. no. 16 11 90 40

Ulrik Nørskov

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne29456

Company data

The company Ramsey Holding ApS

Havesvinget 14 2950 Vedbæk

Company reg. no. 34 60 61 29 Established: 26 June 2012 Domicile: Vedbæk

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Managing Director Shawn Ramsey

Auditors BUUS JENSEN, Statsautoriserede revisorer

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's purpose is to act as a holding company, and activities related hereby.

Development in activities and financial matters

The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK -78.000 against DKK -81.000 last year. The management consider the results not satisfactory.

The annual report for Ramsey Holding ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain fixed asset investments and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which method a fixed, effective interest is recognised during the useful life of the asset or the liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost with deduction of any payments and additions/deductions of the accrued amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way capital losses and capital profits are spread over the useful life.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

Translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Debtors, creditors, and other monetary items in foreign currency are translated by using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or the recognition in the latest annual accounts of the amount owed or the liability is recognised in the profit and loss account under financial income and expenses.

The profit and loss account

Gross loss

The gross loss comprises other external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Results from equity investments in group enterprises

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss and deduction of amortisation of consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the individual group enterprises are recognised in the profit and loss account at a proportional share of the group enterprises' results after tax.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises. The company acts as an administration company in relation to the joint taxation. This means that the total Danish tax payable of the income of the Danish consolidated companies is paid to the tax authorities by the company.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

The balance sheet

Financial fixed assets

Equity investments in group enterprises

Equity investments in group enterprises are recognised in the balance sheet at a proportional share under the equity method, the value being calculated on the basis of the accounting policies of the parent company by the deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits and losses, and with the addition or deduction of residual value of positive or negative goodwill measured by applying the acquisition method.

Group enterprises and associated enterprises with negative equity are recognised without any value, and to the extent they are considered irrevocable, amounts owed by these companies are written down by the parent's share of the equity. If the negative equity exceeds the debtors, the residual amount is recognised under liability provisions to the extent the parent has a legal or actual liability to cover the negative equity of the subsidiary.

To the extent the equity exceeds the cost, the net revaluation of equity investments in group enterprises are transferred to the reserves under the equity for net revaluation as per the equity method. Dividends from group enterprises expected to be decided before the approval of this annual report are not subject to a limitation of the revaluation reserves. The reserves are adjusted by other equity movements in group enterprises.

Newly taken over or newly established companies are recognised in the annual accounts as of the time of acquisition. Sold or liquidated companies are recognised at the time of cession.

Profit or loss in connection with the sale of group enterprises are measured as the difference between the sales amount and the book value of net assets at the time of the sale, inclusive of remaining consolidated goodwill and expected costs for sale and cession. Profit and loss are recognised in the profit and loss account under net financials.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under the equity. Proposed dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of approval by the general meeting (the time of declaration).

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Ramsey Holding ApS is jointly taxed with the Danish group companies and acts in this respect as the administration company. According to the rules of joint taxation, Ramsey Holding ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry?over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set?off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Note	<u>e</u>	2018	2017
	Gross loss	-6.875	-6.875
	Income from equity investments in group enterprises	-68.692	-72.045
	Other financial costs	-2.814	-2.368
	Results before tax	-78.381	-81.288
1	Tax on ordinary results	0	0
	Results for the year	-78.381	-81.288
	Proposed distribution of the results:		
	Allocated from results brought forward	-78.381	-81.288
	Distribution in total	-78.381	-81.288

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

	Assets		
Not	<u>e</u>	2018	2017
	Fixed assets		
2	Equity investments in group enterprises	328.635	397.327
	Financial fixed assets in total	328.635	397.327
	Fixed assets in total	328.635	397.327
	Assets in total	328.635	397.327

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities	
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	Equity and natimities		
Not	<u>te</u>	2018	2017
	Equity		
3	Contributed capital	80.000	80.000
4	Results brought forward	168.746	247.127
	Equity in total	248.746	327.127
	Liabilities		
	Trade creditors	6.250	6.250
	Debt to group enterprises	73.639	63.950
	Short-term liabilities in total	79.889	70.200
	Liabilities in total	79.889	70.200
	Equity and liabilities in total	328.635	397.327

5 Contingencies

A11	amounts	in	DKK.

7 111 (mounts in Diff.		
		2018	2017
1.	Tax on ordinary results		
	Tax of the results for the year, parent company	0	0
	Adjustment for the year of deferred tax	0	0
		0	0
2.	Equity investments in group enterprises		
	Acquisition sum, opening balance 1 January 2018	865.810	865.810
	Cost 31 December 2018	865.810	865.810
	Revaluations, opening balance 1 January 2018	-468.483	-396.438
	Results for the year before goodwill amortisation	-68.692	-72.045
	Revaluation 31 December 2018	-537.175	-468.483
	Book value 31 December 2018	328.635	397.327
	Group enterprises:		
			Share of
		Domicile	ownership
	Ramsey Capital ApS	Copenhagen	100 %
3.	Contributed capital		
	Contributed capital 1 January 2018	80.000	80.000
		80.000	80.000
4.	Results brought forward		
	Results brought forward 1 January 2018	247.127	328.415
	Profit or loss for the year brought forward	-78.381	-81.288
		168.746	247.127

All amounts in DKK.

5. Contingencies

Joint taxation

The company is the administration company of the group of companies subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

The total tax payable under the joint taxation amounts to DKK 0 thousand.

The liability relating to obligations in connection with withholding tax on dividends, interest and royalties represents an estimated maximum of DKK 0 thousand.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.