

Ramsey Holding ApS

Havesvinget 14, 2950 Vedbæk

Company reg. no. 34 60 61 29

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2015

The annual report have been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 30 April 2016.

Shawn Ramsey

Chairman of the meeting

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.





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Management's report

The managing director has today presented the annual report of Ramsey Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2015.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position as on 31 December 2015 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2015.

The managing director considers the requirements of omission of audit of the annual accounts for 2015 as met.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Vedbæk, 29 April 2016

Managing Director

Shawn Ramsey

Auditor's report on compilation of the annual accounts

To the shareholder of Ramsey Holding ApS

We have compiled the annual accounts of Ramsey Holding ApS for the period 1 January to 31 December

2015 based on the bookkeeping of the company and on further information you have provided.

The annual accounts comprise the accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and

notes

We performed this engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist you in the preparation and presentation of the annual

accounts in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant requirements of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and with ethical requirements of

the Danish Institute of State Authorised Public Accountants, including principles of integrity, objectivity,

professional competence and due care.

The annual accounts and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are

your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the

accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the annual accounts.

Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether the annual accounts

are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 29 April 2016

BUUS JENSEN

State Authorised Public Accountants

Company reg. no. 16 11 90 40

Ulrik Nørskov

State Authorised Public Accountant

Company data

The company Ramsey Holding ApS

Havesvinget 14 2950 Vedbæk

Company reg. no. 34 60 61 29 Established: 26 June 2012 Domicile: Vedbæk

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Managing Director Shawn Ramsey

Auditors BUUS JENSEN, Statsautoriserede revisorer

Management's review

The significant activities of the enterprise

The company's purpose is to act as a holding company, and activities related hereby.

Development in activities and financial matters

The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK -34.662 against DKK -74.620 last year. The management consider the results as not satisfactory.

Events subsequent to the financial year

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position of the company.

Accounting policies used

The annual report for Ramsey Holding ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain fixed asset investments and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which method a fixed, effective interest is recognised during the useful life of the asset or the liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost with deduction of any payments and additions/deductions of the accrued amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way capital losses and capital profits are spread over the useful life.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

Translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Debtors, creditors, and other monetary items in foreign currency, which are not settled at the date of the balance sheet, are translated by using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of establishment of the receivable or the payable is recognised in the profit and loss account under financial income and financial costs.

Accounting policies used

The profit and loss account

Gross loss

The gross loss comprises other external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.

Net financials

Net financials include interest income, interest expenses. Net financials are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts concerning the financial year.

Results from equity investments in group enterprises

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss and deduction of amortisation of consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the individual group enterprises are recognised in the profit and loss account at a proportional share of the group enterprises' results after tax.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises. The company acts as an administration company in relation to the joint taxation. This means that the total Danish tax payable of the income of the Danish consolidated companies is paid to the tax authorities by the company.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

The balance sheet

Financial fixed assets

Equity investments in group enterprises

Equity investments in group enterprises are recognised in the balance sheet at a proportional share under the equity method, the value being calculated on the basis of the accounting policies of the parent company by the deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits and losses, and with the addition or deduction of residual value of positive or negative goodwill measured by applying the acquisition method.

Accounting policies used

Group enterprises and associated enterprises with negative equity are recognised without any value, and to the extent they are considered irrevocable, amounts owed by these companies are written down by the parent's share of the equity. If the negative equity exceeds the debtors, the residual amount is recognised under liability provisions to the extent the parent has a legal or actual liability to cover the negative equity of the subsidiary.

To the extent the equity exceeds the cost, the net revaluation of equity investments in group enterprises are transferred to the reserves under the equity for net revaluation as per the equity method. Dividends from group enterprises expected to be decided before the approval of this annual report are not subject to a limitation of the revaluation reserves. The reserves are adjusted by other equity movements in group enterprises.

Equity - dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under the equity. Proposed dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of approval by the general meeting.

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Ramsey Holding ApS is jointly taxed with the Danish group companies and acts in this respect as the administration company. According to the rules of joint taxation, Ramsey Holding ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Payable and receivable joint taxation contributions are recognised in the balance sheet as "Receivable corporate tax" or "Payable corporate tax".

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. In the period 2014 to 2016, the corporate tax rate will be reduced gradually from 25 % to 22 %, which will affect the deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets. Unless a recognition with a different tax rate than 22 % will result in a significant material deviation in the estimated deferred tax liability or tax asset, deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognised by 22 %.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>		2015	2014
	Gross loss	-7.500	-7.500
	Operating profit	-7.500	-7.500
	Income from equity investments in group enterprises	-25.540	-65.876
1	Other financial costs	-1.622	-1.244
	Results before tax	-34.662	-74.620
2	Tax on ordinary results	0	0
	Results for the year	-34.662	-74.620
	Proposed distribution of the results:		
	Allocated from results brought forward	-34.662	-74.620
	Distribution in total	-34.662	-74.620

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

	Assets		
Not	<u>e</u>	2015	2014
	Fixed assets		
3	Equity investments in group enterprises	456.515	482.055
	Financial fixed assets in total	456.515	482.055
	Fixed assets in total	456.515	482.055
	Assets in total	456.515	482.055

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity	and	liabilities	
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	Equity and natifices		
Not	<u>e</u>	2015	2014
	Equity		
4	Contributed capital	80.000	80.000
5	Results brought forward	325.051	359.713
	Equity in total	405.051	439.713
	Liabilities		
	Trade creditors	6.250	6.250
	Debt to group enterprises	45.214	36.092
	Short-term liabilities in total	51.464	42.342
	Liabilities in total	51.464	42.342
	Equity and liabilities in total	456.515	482.055

6 Contingencies

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All a	mounts in DKK.			
			2015	2014
1.	Other financial costs			
	Financial costs, group enterprises		1.622	1.244
			1.622	1.244
2.	Tax on ordinary results			
	Tax of the results for the year, parent company		0	0
	Adjustment for the year of deferred tax		0	0
			0	0
3.	Equity investments in group enterprises			
	Acquisition sum, opening balance 1 January 2015		865.810	865.810
	Cost 31 December 2015		865.810	865.810
	Revaluations, opening balance 1 January 2015		-383.755	-317.879
	Results for the year before goodwill amortisation		-25.540	-65.876
	Revaluation 31 December 2015		-409.295	-383.755
	Book value 31 December 2015		456.515	482.055
	The financial highlights for the enterprises accordi	ng to the la	test approved an	nual reports
	Share of ownership Ramsey Capital ApS, Copenhagen 100 %	Equity 456.515	Results for the year -25.540	Book value at Ramsey Holding ApS 456.515
	Kamsey Capital Aps, Copenhagen 100 %	450.515	-23.34U	430.313
4.	Contributed capital			
	Contributed capital 1 January 2015		80.000	80.000
			80.000	80.000

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

		31/12 2015	31/12 2014
5.	Results brought forward		
	Results brought forward 1 January 2015	359.713	434.333
	Profit or loss for the year brought forward	-34.662	-74.620
		325.051	359.713

6. Contingencies

Joint taxation

The company is the administration company of the group of companies subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.