Opbeat ApS under tvangsopløsning

Nørre Farimagsgade 11, 2. tv., 1364 København K

CVR no. 34 48 80 10

Annual report 2017/18

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 1 February 2019

Chairman:

Jamnadas Moorjani





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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Opbeat ApS under tvangsopløsning for the financial year 1 May 2017 - 30 April 2018.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 April 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 May 2017 - 30 April 2018.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 1 February 2019

Executive Board:

Janesh Janunadas Moorjani

CEO

Board of Directors:

Janesh Jamnadas Moorjani

Chairman

Robin Alexander Honore

Sharpe

W. H. Band Carrets
W.H. Baird Garrett



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Opbeat ApS under tvangsopløsning

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Opbeat ApS under tvangsopløsning for the financial year 1 May 2017 - 30 April 2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 April 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 May 2017 - 30 April 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.



Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ► Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 1 February 2019

ERNST & YOUNG

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Claus Tanggaard Jacobsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne23314



Management's review

Company details

Name Opbeat ApS under tvangsopløsning

Address, Postal code, City Nørre Farimagsgade 11, 2. tv., 1364 København K

CVR no. 34 48 80 10 Registered office København

Financial year 1 May 2017 - 30 April 2018

Board of Directors Jamesh Jamnadas Moorjani, Chairman

Robin Alexander Honore Sharpe

W.H. Baird Garrett

Executive Board Janesh Jammadas Moorjani, CEO

Auditors Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Osvald Helmuths Vej 4, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark



Management's review

Business review

The company develops and sells access to an online platform for development and maintenance of applications.

During the year the company was acquired by Elastic NV, a company with a specialist search and data analytics technology.

As part of this deal, the companies intellectual property was transferred through to Elastic and incorporated into the Elasticsearch technology stack. Subsequent to the year end, the existing OpBeat online service was discontinued.

Financial review

The income statement for 2017/18 shows a profit of DKK 37,122,241 against a loss of DKK 5,323,033 last year, and the balance sheet at 30 April 2018 shows equity of DKK 4,291,078. Thus reversing a negative equity position of DKK 32,831,163 in 2016/17. The company does not intend to propose dividend.

The profit is significantly influenced by the sale of the intellectual property. Which is recognised as other operating income, thus recognised into gross profit.

Events after the balance sheet date

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Online access and sale of the OpBeat product was discontinued.

Due to the annual report 2017/18 not being filed in due time, the authorities have taken action on dissolution process.

Management expects the dissolution process to be ceased and the company to enter into normal business.



Income statement

DKK	2017/18 12 months	2016/17 7 months
Gross profit Staff costs Depreciation	45,808,634 -10,461,627 -38,513	-994,006 -3,587,381 -6,891
Profit/loss before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	35,308,494 3,302,208 -69,466	-4,588,278 617 -735,372
Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year	38,541,236 -1,418,995	-5,323,033 0
Profit/loss for the year	37,122,241	-5,323,033
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss	37,122,241 37,122,241	-5,323,033 -5,323,033
	Gross profit Staff costs Depreciation Profit/loss before net financials Financial income Financial expenses Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year Profit/loss for the year Recommended appropriation of profit/loss	DKK 12 months Gross profit 45,808,634 Staff costs -10,461,627 Depreciation -38,513 Profit/loss before net financials 35,308,494 Financial income 3,302,208 Financial expenses -69,466 Profit/loss before tax 38,541,236 Tax for the year -1,418,995 Profit/loss for the year 37,122,241 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss 37,122,241



Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2017/18	2016/17
	ASSETS Fixed assets Property, plant and equipment		
	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	93,683	0
	Leasehold improvements	60,788	27,057
		154,471	27,057
	Investments		
	Receivables from group entities	43,215,000	0
	Other receivables	101,300	111,300
		43,316,300	111,300
	Total fixed assets	43,470,771	138,357
	Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Other receivables	211,234	10,000
	Prepayments	63,680	86,343
		274,914	96,343
	Cash	361,819	220,388
	Total non-fixed assets	636,733	316,731
	TOTAL ASSETS	44,107,504	455,088



Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2017/18	2016/17
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
6	Share capital Retained earnings	102,000 4,189,078	102,000 -32,933,163
	Total equity	4,291,078	-32,831,163
	Liabilities other than provisions Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables Payables to group entities Income taxes payable Other payables	221,611 36,126,323 1,418,995 2,049,497	139,466 32,372,254 0 774,531
		39,816,426	33,286,251
	Total liabilities other than provisions	39,816,426	33,286,251
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	44,107,504	455,088

¹ Accounting policies7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

⁸ Collateral



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Opbeat ApS for 2017/18 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act to report reporting class B entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

The Company's parent company was purchased by the Elastic Group in May 2017. As the Elastic Group's financial year is 1 May - 30 April, the Company's financial year has been changed to follow the financial year of the Elastic Group. Comparative figures have not been restated to reflect this change for practical reasons.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Gross profit

The items revenue, external expenses and other operating income have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, including gains on the sale of intangible assets.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and

equipment

Leasehold improvements

3-5 years
3-5 years



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

The residual value and expected useful lives are reassessed every year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Provisions for deferred tax are calculated, based on the liability method, of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax values, with the exception of temporary differences occurring at the time of acquisition of assets and liabilities neither affecting the results of operations nor the taxable income, as well as temporary differences on non-amortisable goodwill.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at amortized cost.



Notes to the financial statements

	DKK	2017/18 12 months	2016/17 7 months
2	Staff costs Wages/salaries Pensions Other social security costs Other staff costs	10,317,850 49,765 26,059 67,953	3,372,724 79,800 14,832 120,025
		10,461,627	3,587,381
	Average number of full-time employees	12	12
3	Financial income Interest, group entities Exchange adjustments Other financial income	215,000 3,087,208 0 3,302,208	0 0 617 617
4	Financial expenses Interest expenses, group entities Interest expenses, bank Exchange adjustments Other financial expenses	19,152 1,334 0 48,980 69,466	169,033 201 566,138 0 735,372
5	Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year	1,418,995 1,418,995	0

6 Share capital

There have been no changes to the share capital in the past 5 years.

7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other financial obligations

Other rent and lease liabilities:

Rent and lease liabilities 259,353 605,157

8 Collateral

As security for the Company's debt to banks, the Company has provided security for a total amount of DKK 100,075.