Maersk Integrator Norge A/S

Esplanaden 50 1263 Copenhagen K Company Reg. No. 34485909

Annual Report 2015

(Financial year No. 4)

As adopted by the Company at the Annual General Meeting 25 April 2016

Samir Abboud

Content Page

Statement of the Board of Directors and Management	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Management Review	4
Accounting Policies	6
Income Statement	10
Balance Sheet	11
Statement of Changes in Equity	13
Notes	14

Statement of the Board of Directors and Management

The Board of Directors and the Management have today discussed and approved the annual report for 2015 of Maersk Integrator Norge A/S.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements provide a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities, and financial position 31 December 2015 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 2015.

It is also our opinion that the Management review includes a true and fair view of the development in the Company's operations and financial conditions, the results for the year and financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 21 April 2016

Management:

Per Gøbel

Board of Directors:

Angela Durkin (Chairman)

Marianne Sørensen Henriksen

Samir Abboud

Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholder of Maersk Integrator Norge A/S

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the Financial Statements of Maersk Integrator Norge A/S for the financial year 1 January 2015 – 31 December 2015, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Management's responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and additional requirements under Danish audit regulation. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing audit procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Financial Statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

The audit has not resulted in any qualification.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2015 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2015 - 31 December 2015 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent Auditor's Report

Statement on Management's review

We have read Management's review in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have not performed any procedures additional to the audit of the Financial Statements. On this basis, in our opinion, the information provided in Management's review is consistent with the Financial Statements.

Copenhagen, 21 April 2016

 ${\bf Price water house Coopers}$

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33771231

Jesper Hansen

State Authorised Public Accountant

State Authorised Public Accountant

Management's Review

Company details

Maersk Integrator Norge A/S Esplanaden 50 1263 Copenhagen K

Company Reg. No.:

34485909

Date of incorporation:

30 April 2012

Registered office:

Copenhagen

Financial year:

1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors

Angela Durkin (Chairman) Marianne Sørensen Henriksen Samir Abboud

Management

Per Gøbel

Auditors

${\bf Price water house Coopers}$

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual General Meeting

Annual General Meeting will be held 25 April 2016.

Management's Review

The Company's main activities

The Company's main activity is offshore drilling activity on the leased rig Maersk Integrator. The Company is engaged in drilling activities in the Norwegian sector of the North Sea through a registered branch in Norway.

Development in activities and finances

The rig was delivered in Q2 2015 and the result for the year amounts to USD 22,061k (2014: USD (5,088)k) which is in line with management expectations. For 2016 management expects a significantly lower result than in 2015.

Events after the Balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Accounting policies

The Financial Statements of Maersk Integrator Norge A/S for 2015 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised costs are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, write-downs and provisions and reversals as a result of changes in accounting estimates of amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Accounting policies

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue from drilling activities, which are typically carried out under long-term agreements with fixed day rates, revenue is recognised for the operating time related to the financial year.

Other external cost

Other external costs comprise expenses incurred during the year for bare boat hire of the rigs, repair and maintenance, catering, hired crew and administrative costs.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on result for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the result for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity. The Company is part of A.P. Møller Holding A/S' joint taxation. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest as well as deferral of mobilization cost and other startup cost related to present contract.

Accounting policies

Balance sheet

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by setoff against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity or within joint taxation.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the

legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognized in the balance sheet as calculated tax on the taxable income adjusted for tax on prior years' taxable income and paid on account taxes.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a current legal or constructive obligation, and if the amount can be measured reliably. Provisions are recognised on the basis of best estimates.

Financial debt

Other debts are recognised at amortised cost, which, essentially corresponds to the nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.

Accounting policies

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

USD is used as functional currency and as presentation currency because the majority of transactions are in U.S. dollars. At 31 December 2015 the exchange rate DKK/USD was 683.00 (2014: 612.14).

Income statement

Note		2015 USD ('000)	2014 USD ('000)
	Revenue	84,952	87
	Other external costs	(53,789)	(7,324)
	Result before financial items	31,163	(7,237)
1	Financial income	496	285
2	Financial expenses	(1,436)	(18)
	Result before tax	30,223	(6,970)
3	Tax on result for the year	(8,162)	1,882
	Result for the year	22,061	(5,088)
Appr	ropriation		
	Retained earnings	22,061	(5,088)
		22,061	(5,088)

Balance sheet

		2015	2014
Note	ASSETS	USD ('000)	USD ('000)
	Non-current assets		
4	Prepayments	12,519	1,516
	Total non-current assets	12,519	1,516
	Current assets		
	Receivables		
	Trade receivables	26,753	87
	Current tax receivables	0	2,383
	Receivables from group enterprises	5,052	395
4	Prepayments	5,797	259
	Total current assets	37,602	3,124
	TOTAL ASSETS	50,121	4,640

Balance sheet

		2015	2014
Note	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	USD ('000)	USD ('000)
	Equity		
	Equity Share capital	89	89
	Retained earnings	15,680	(6,381)
	Total equity	15,769	(6,292)
	Provisions		
5	Deferred tax liability	4,120	0
6	Other provisions	128	0
	Total provisions	4,248	0
	Short-term liabilities		
	Trade payables	1,665	2,468
	Current tax payables	2,737	0
	Payables to group enterprises	22,768	8,464
	Other payables	492	0
7	Deferred income	2,442	0
	Total liabilities	34,352	10,932
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	50,121	4,640
8	Commitments and contingent liabilities, etc.		
9	Employee remuneration, etc.		
10	Related parties		
11	Shareholders		
12	Consolidation		

Equity statement

USD ('000)	Share- capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2014 Result for the year	89 0	(1,293) (5,088)	(1,204) (5,088)
Equity 1 January 2015 Result for the year	89 0	(6,381) 22,061	(6,292) 22,061
Equity 31 December 2015	89	15,680	15,769

The share capital comprises 500 shares of DKK 1,000. No shares hold special rights. 30 April 2012 the share capital was established with paid in capital of USD 89k. There has been no other changes to the share capital.

Notes

		2015 USD ('000)	2014 USD ('000)
1	Financial income		
1	Interest income from group enterprises	33	0
	Exchange gain from group enterprises	463	285
		496	285
2	Financial expenses		
	Interest expenses to group enterprises	(549)	0
	Exchange loss to group enterprises	(887)	(18)
		(1,436)	(18)
3	Tax on the result of the year		
	Tax for the year	(1,681)	1,882
	Change in deferred tax	(6,481)	0
	Adjustments to prior years tax for the year	(2,362)	0
	Adjustments to prior years change in deferred tax	2,362	0_
		(8,162)	1,882

4 Prepayments, etc.

Non-current assets, prepayments USD 12,519k (2014: USD 1,516k), and current assets, prepayments USD 5,797k (2014: USD 259k) include deferral of mobilization cost and other startup cost related to present contract. The cost will be recognised over the contract period ending Q2 2019.

5 Deferred tax

Deferred tax relates to deferred tax on prepayments, deferred income and other provisions.

6 Other provisions

Provisions relate to operational costs and claims etc. for occurred events, but where the costs are subject to uncertainty. Provisions are recognised at Management's best estimate.

7 Deferred income

Deferred income USD 2,442k (2014: USD 0k) comprises payments received from customers for revenue relating to future financial years.

Notes

8 Commitments and contingent liabilities, etc.

Operating lease commitments

The Company has entered into operating lease contracts with an average annual lease of USD 100m (2014: USD 81m). The lease contracts expire after 41 months and include total nominal rest lease payments of USD 340m (2014: USD 276m).

Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with all other Danish companies in the A.P. Møller Holding Group. As a fully owned subsidiary, the Company has unlimited and joint liability together with the other companies under joint taxation for Danish company tax, withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties within the jointly taxed companies.

The company is involved in tax audits raised by the Norwegian Authorities regarding its branch. The outcome of the tax audits are subject to uncertainty and as per 31 December 2015 no tax claim has been raised.

9 Employee remuneration

Maersk Integrator Norge A/S has not had employees in 2015 and 2014. Personnel are hired from affiliates in the A.P. Møller - Mærsk Group. The Board of Directors has not been remunerated.

10 Related parties

The following related parties have a controlling interest in Maersk Integrator Norge A/S;

The A.P. Møller og Hustru Chastine Mc-Kinney Møllers Fond til almene formaal, Copenhagen, Denmark and A.P. Møller Holding A/S has control over the A.P. Møller - Mærsk Group.

Other related parties with dominant influence include;

- A.P. Møller Mærsk A/S, Esplanaden 50, 1098 Copenhagen K.
- Maersk Drilling A/S, Esplanaden 50, 1098 Copenhagen K. The parent company

Other related parties

Subsidiaries and affiliates to A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S.

Related parties also include the Board of Directors and leading employees and their family members. Related parties also include companies in which the above persons have significant interests.

11 Shareholders

The Company has registered the following shareholder holding minimum 5% of the voting share capital or minimum 5% of the nominal share capital:

Maersk Drilling A/S Esplanaden 50 1098 Copenhagen K

12 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S, Esplanaden 50, 1098 Copenhagen can be obtained by contacting this company or at its website www.maersk.dk