## Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S

Lyngby Hovedgade 85 2800 Kgs. Lyngby Company Reg. No. 34485887

**Annual Report 2017** 

(Financial year No. 6)

As adopted by the Company at the Annual General Meeting 30 May 2018

Klaus Greven Kristensen

## **Content Page**

Statement of the Board of Directors and Management	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Management's Review	5
Accounting Policies	9
Income Statement	13
Balance Sheet	14
Equity statement	16
Notes	17

### Statement of the Board of Directors and Management

The Board of Directors and the Management have today discussed and approved the annual report for 2017 of Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements provide a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities, and financial position 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 2017.

It is also our opinion that the Management review includes a true and fair view of the development in the Company's operations and financial conditions, the results for the year and financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Lyngby, 30 May 2018

Management:

Board of Directors:

Angela Durkin (Chairman) Priya Saldanna Leth-Jørgensen

Klaus Greven Kristensen

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the shareholder of Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

### Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
  in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 30 May 2018

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33771231

Thomas Wraae Holm

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne 30141

Kim Danstrup

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne 32201

### Company details

Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S Lyngby Hovedgade 85 2800 Kgs. Lyngby

Company Reg. No.:

34485887

Date of incorporation:

30 April 2012

Registered office:

Lyngby

Financial

1 January 2017 - 31 December 2017

### **Board of Directors**

Angela Durkin (Chairman) Priya Saldanha Leth-Jørgensen Klaus Greven Kristensen

### Management

Per Gøbel

### **Auditors**

### **PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Statsautoriserct Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

### **Annual General Meeting**

Annual General Meeting will be held 30 May 2018.

## Financial Highlights and Key Figures

USD ('000)	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Financial Highlights					
Revenue	116,311	124,940	129,945	47,258	0
Result before financial items	(4,962)	(6,001)	34,780	4,059	(6,498)
Financial items, net	1,163	(1,793)	(3,146)	(1,489)	25
Result before tax	(3,799)	(7,794)	31,634	2,570	(6,472)
Result for the year	(2,587)	(6,082)	23,093	1,876	(4,660)
Total assets	45,161	62,875	56,311	70,196	4,606
Total equity (incl. proposed dividend)	8,723	11,311	20,393	(2,700)	(4,576)
Key Figures					
Operating margin	(4)%	(5)%	27%	9%	0%
Return on invested capital	(22)%	(23)%	228%	(106)%	275%
Liquidity ratio	130%	119%	137%	61%	714%
Equity ratio	19%	18%	36%	(4)%	(99)%
Return on equity	(18)%	(38)%	261%	(52)%	207%

### The Company's main activities

The Company's main activity is offshore drilling activity on the leased rig Maersk Intrepid. The Company is engaged in drilling activities in the Norwegian sector of the North Sea through a registered branch in Norway.

### Development in activities and finances

The result for the year amounts to USD (2,587)k (2016: USD (6,082)k) which is lower than management expectations due to the accounting principle for deferral and recognition of startup cost there will be a major fluctuation in the result in the first years. For 2018 management expects a result significant better than in 2017.

#### Particular risks

### Financial exposure

The Company's revenue is mainly denominated in USD and NOK, while costs are in USD, NOK and other currencies. The currency exposure is not considered to be significant.

The Company has a small concentration of customers, but is not considered to have any credit risks.

## Statutory statement on Corporate Social Responsibility in accordance with section 99a of the Danish Financial Statements Act

Please refer to the separate Sustainability Report 2017 of the parent company A. P. Møller - Mærsk A/S on the sustainability website at <a href="https://www.maersk.com/-/media/business/sustainability/pdf/reports/apmm\_sustainability\_report\_2017">https://www.maersk.com/-/media/business/sustainability/pdf/reports/apmm\_sustainability\_report\_2017</a> a3 180221 final.ashx.

#### Sustainability

At Maersk Drilling, we firmly believe that by conducting our operations through sustainable practices, we ensure a sound and viable business for the future. We have a responsibility to the people who work for Maersk Drilling, but also to the people and the environment which are affected by our company. Our major focus area is safety, but we also put much effort into the areas of e.g. local content as well as environment and climate. Please refer to our online Sustainability Report 2017 at <a href="http://www.maerskdrilling.com/">http://www.maerskdrilling.com/</a>, in which we provide a complete overview of Maersk Drilling's work with sustainability and our sustainability performance.

### Safety

It is our belief that fundamentally, safety is an active decision and the result of a serious commitment from all employees in Maersk Drilling, and we have an ambition of reaching zero incidents by 2018. Our people and the environment will only be safe with the right systems, procedures, technology, and a strong safety culture.

#### Local content

Training and developing the talent of local employees, assigning our third party code of conduct to local suppliers and transferring knowledge to local communities all continue to be a priority for Maersk Drilling. We want to move beyond compliance with local content requirements and to increase shared value by proactively engaging with stakeholders.

#### **Environment & climate**

Discharges, air emissions, and how we manage chemicals and waste are our primary focus areas when it comes to minimising the environmental impact of our operations. We work with our customers, local communities and internationally recognised bodies to ensure that environmental factors are integrated into our business principles and into operational practices.

## Statutory statement regarding the underrepresented gender in accordance with section 99b of the Danish Financial Statements Act

The composition of the company's board meets the requirements on diversity among the company's shareholder-appointed board members with respect to the under-represented gender.

As part of the Maersk Group, Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S adheres to the group policy which was adopted at the Board Meeting in A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S on 21 February 2013 with the aim to increase the share of the under-represented gender on the company's other management levels. In accordance with this policy, Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S has taken steps to look into how the company can attract qualified women to relevant management positions. In addition, this is a focus area when identifying candidates to key positions.

### **Accounting policies**

The Financial Statements of Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S for 2017 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to large enterprises of reporting class C.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year.

### Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised costs are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, write-downs and provisions and reversals as a result of changes in accounting estimates of amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

### **Accounting policies**

### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue from drilling activities, which are typically carried out under long-term agreements with fixed day rates, revenue is recognised for the operating time related to the financial year.

#### Other external cost

Other external costs comprise expenses incurred during the year for bare boat hire of the rigs (operating lease), repair and maintenance, catering, hired crew and administrative costs.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on result for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the result for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity. The Company is part of A.P. Møller Holding A/S' joint taxation. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with refund concerning tax losses).

#### **Balance** sheet

### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable.

### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest as well as deferral of mobilization cost and other startup cost related to present contract.

### Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

### **Accounting policies**

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by setoff against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity or within joint taxation..

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognized in the balance sheet as calculated tax on the taxable income adjusted for tax on prior years' taxable income and paid on account taxes.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the company has a current legal or constructive obligation, and if the amount can be measured reliably. Provisions are recognised on the basis of best estimates.

#### Financial debt

Other debts are recognised at amortised cost, which, essentially corresponds to the nominal value.

### **Deferred** income

Deferred income comprises payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.

### **Accounting policies**

### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

USD is used as functional currency and as presentation currency because the majority of transactions are in U.S. dollars. At 31 December 2017 the exchange rate DKK/USD was 620.77 (2016: 705.50).

### Segment information

Segmental disclosures are provided on the geographical markets. Segment information is based on the Company's internal financial management.

### Financial highlights

The financial highlights have been defined as follows:

Operating margin

Return on invested capital

Average invested capital

Liquidity ratio

Equity ratio

Return on equity

Profit/loss before financial items x 100

Average invested capital

Total current assets x 100

Short-term liabilities

End year equity x 100

End year total assets

Ordinary profit/loss after tax x 100

Average equity

Average invested capital is calculated excluding cash and cash equivalents, shares and non-interest bearing debt.

### **Income statement**

NT. 4		2017	2016
Not	e	USD ('000)	USD ('000)
1	Revenue	116,311	124,940
	Other external costs	(121,273)	(130,941)
	Result before financial items	(4,962)	(6,001)
2	Financial income	1,166	101
3	Financial expenses	(3)	(1,894)
	Result before tax	(3,799)	(7,794)
4	Tax on result for the year	1,212	1,712
	Result for the year	(2,587)	(6,082)

### **Balance** sheet

		2017	2016
Note	ASSETS	USD ('000)	USD ('000)
	Non-current assets		
5	Prepayments	0	6,727
	Total non-current assets	0	6,727
	Current assets		
	Receivables		
	Trade receivables	30,884	34,471
	Current tax receivables	0	366
	Receivables from group enterprises	7,563	11,606
	Other receivables	266	403
5	Prepayments	6,448	9,285
		45,161	56,131
	Cash and bank balances	0	17
	Total current assets	45,161	56,148
	TOTAL ASSETS	45,161	62,875

### **Balance sheet**

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	2017 USD ('000)	2016 USD ('000)
Equity		
	89	89
		11,222
Proposed dividend	3,000	0
Total equity	8,724	11,311
Provisions		
Deferred tax liability	1,518	4,016
Other provisions	268	157
	1,786	4,173
Short-term liabilities		
Trade payables	4,177	4,444
Payables to group enterprises	27,414	41,666
Current tax payables	1,311	0
Other payables	1,339	246
Deferred income	410	1,035
	34,651	47,391
Total liabilities	36,437	51,564
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	45,161	62,875
Appropriation		
Commitments and contingent liabilities, etc.		
	Equity Share capital Retained earnings Proposed dividend  Total equity  Provisions Deferred tax liability Other provisions  Short-term liabilities Trade payables Payables to group enterprises Current tax payables Other payables Deferred income  Total liabilities  TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Appropriation	Equity         Share capital         89           Retained earnings         5,635           Proposed dividend         3,000           Total equity         8,724           Provisions         268           Deferred tax liability         1,518           Other provisions         268           Short-term liabilities         1,786           Short-term liabilities         27,414           Current tax payables         1,311           Other payables of group enterprises         27,414           Current tax payables         1,339           Deferred income         410           34,651         34,651           Total liabilities         36,437           TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         45,161           Appropriation         Commitments and contingent liabilities, etc.           Employee remuneration         Related parties           Shareholders         Consolidation

### **Equity statement**

USD ('000)	Share- capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend	Total
Equity 1 January 2016	89	17,304	3,000	20,393
Dividend to shareholder		0	(3,000)	(3,000)
Result for the year	0	(6,082)	0	(6,082)
Equity 1 January 2017	89	11,222	0	11,311
Result for the year	0	(5,587)	3,000	(2,587)
Equity 31 December 2017	89	5,635	3,000	8,724

The share capital comprises 500 shares of DKK 1,000. No shares hold special rights. 30 April 2012 the share capital was established with paid in capital of USD 89k. There has been no other changes to the share capital.

### **Notes**

		<b>2017</b> USD ('000)	<b>2016</b> USD ('000)
1	Revenue		
	Revenue, Norway	116,311	124,940
		116,311	124,940
2	Financial income		
	Interest income from group enterprises	65	42
	Exchange gain from group enterprises	1,101	59
		1,166	101
3	Financial expenses		
	Interest expenses external	(3)	0
	Interest expenses to group enterprises	0	(20)
	Exchange loss to group enterprises	0	(1,874)
		(3)	(1,894)
4	Tax on the result of the year		
	Tax for the year	(1,286)	(185)
	Change in deferred tax	2,129	2,217
	Change in deferred tax due to change in tax rate	369	0
	Adjustments to prior years tax for the year	0	(448)
	Adjustments to prior years change in deferred tax	0	128
		1,212	1,712

### 5 Prepayments, etc.

Non-current assets, prepayments USD 0k (2016: USD 6,727k), and current assets, prepayments USD 6,448k (2016: USD 9,285k) include deferral of mobilization cost and other startup cost related to present contract. The cost will be recognised over the contract period ending Q3 2018.

### 6 Deferred tax

Deferred tax relates to deferred tax on prepayments, deferred income and other provisions.

USD ('000)	Assets	Liabilities
Deferred tax 1 January 2017	0	4,016
Change in deferred tax	0	(2,498)
Deferred tax 31 December 2017	0	1,518

### Notes

### 7 Other provisions

Provisions relate to operational costs and claims, pensions etc. for occurred events, but where the costs are subject to uncertainty. Provisions are recognised at Management's best estimate.

#### 8 Deferred income

Deferred income USD 410k (2016: USD 1,035k) comprises payments received from customers for revenue relating to future financial years.

### 9 Appropriation

	(2,587)	(6,082)
Retained earnings	(5,587)	(6,082)
Proposed dividend	3,000	0
	USD ('000)	USD ('000)
	2017	2016

### 10 Commitments and contingent liabilities, etc.

### Operating lease commitments

The Company has entered into operating lease contracts with an average annual lease of USD 54m (2016: USD 82m). The lease contracts expire after 15 months and include total nominal rest lease payments of USD 67m (2016: USD 140m).

#### Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with all other Danish companies in the A.P. Møller Holding Group. As a fully owned subsidiary, the Company has unlimited and joint liability together with the other companies under joint taxation for Danish company tax, withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties within the jointly taxed companies.

#### 11 Employee remuneration

Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S has not had employees in 2017 and 2016. Personnel are hired from affiliates in the A.P. Møller - Mærsk Group. The Board of Directors has not been remunerated.

### 12 Related parties

The following related parties have a controlling interest in Maersk Intrepid Norge A/S;

The A.P. Møller og Hustru Chastine Mc-Kinney Møllers Fond til almene formaal, Copenhagen, Denmark and A.P. Møller Holding A/S has control over the Macrsk Group.

Other related parties with dominant influence include;

- A.P. Møller Mærsk A/S, Esplanaden 50, 1098 Copenhagen K.
- Maersk Drilling A/S, Lyngby Hovedgade 85, 2800 Kgs. Lyngby. The parent company

### Other related parties

Subsidiaries and affiliates to A.P. Møller - Holding A/S.

Related parties also include the Board of Directors and leading employees and their family members. Related parties also include companies in which the above persons have significant interests.

#### 13 Shareholders

The Company has registered the following shareholder holding minimum 5% of the voting share capital or minimum 5% of the nominal share capital:

Maersk Drilling A/S Lyngby Hovedgade 85 2800 Kgs. Lyngby

#### 14 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S, Esplanaden 50, 1098 Copenhagen can be obtained by contacting this company or at its website <a href="http://www.macrsk.dk">http://www.macrsk.dk</a>. The consolidated financial statements of A.P. Møller - Holding A/S can be obtained by contacting this company.

#### 15 Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.