# DK Resi Propco Oehlenschlægersgade 64 ApS

c/o Kereby ApS La Cours Vej 7, 2. and 3. floor 2000 Frederiksberg

CVR no. 34 47 58 49

Annual report for 2022

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 22 June 2023

Cecilie Rust chairman

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### Statement by management on the annual report

The Executive management has today discussed and approved the annual report of DK Resi Propco Oehlenschlægersgade 64 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends to the company in general meeting that the financial statements for 2023 are not to be audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Frederiksberg, 22 June 2023

#### **Executive management**

Fernando Bautista

Dorota Marta Roch

Lars Pærregaard

The company in general meeting has resolved that the financial statements for the coming financial year are not to be audited.

# **Company details**

The company	DK Resi Propco Oehlenschlægersgade 64 ApS c/o Kereby ApS La Cours Vej 7, 2. and 3. floor 2000 Frederiksberg			
	Telephone:	+45 39 45 62 00		
	Website:	www.kereby.dk		
	CVR no.:	34 47 58 49		
	Reporting period:	1 January - 31 December 2022		
	Domicile:	Frederiksberg		
Executive management	Fernando Bautista Dorota Marta Roch Lars Pærregaard	ſ		
Consolidated financial statements	1 1	cluded in the consolidated financial statements any DK Resi Topco 2 K/S.		
	The group annual r at the following ad	eport of the parent company may be obtained ress:		
	La Cours Vej 7, 2. 2000 Frederiksberg			

### Management's review

#### **Business review**

The objects of the company are aquisition, sale and letting out of properties.

#### **Financial review**

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 shows a loss of DKK 498,488, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows negative equity of DKK 964,011.

It is management's assessment that the company and the group has sufficient capital resources, including liquidity, for its continued operations in the coming financial year.

Furthermore, it is management's assessment that operations for the coming financial years will be able to generate profits, or contribution of additional capital can be obtained, which will reestablish the share capital.

The annual report of DK Resi Propco Oehlenschlægersgade 64 ApS has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to class B entities and certain provisions applying to class C.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report is presented in DKK.

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

#### Revenue

Rental income has been accrued to cover the period up to the end of the financial year. Rental income is recognized excluding VAT and net of sales discounts. Payments charged to cover heating are not included in rental income.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration, premises, bad debts etc.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation comprise the year's depriciation expense on property, plant and equipment.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### **Tangible assets**

Buildings are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components and sub-suppliers.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life	<b>Residual value</b>
Buildings, installations and various extensions	5-50 years	0-25 %

#### Impairment of tangible assets

The carrying amount of tangible assets is tested annually for impairment, other than what is reflected through normal amortisation and depreciation.

Where there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is performed for each individual asset or group of assets. Write-down is made to the lower of the recoverable amount and the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net present value and the value in use less expected costs to sell. The net present value is determined as the present value of the anticipated net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets and the anticipated net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or group of assets after the end of their useful life.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprise bank deposits.

#### Income tax and deferred tax

The company and all its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The current income tax charge is allocated between the jointly taxed entities relative to their taxable income. Tax losses are allocated based on the full absorption method. The jointly taxed entities are eligible for the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between the net proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

# Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Gross profit		271,172	-72,978
Depreciation		-263,289	-242,547
Profit/loss before net financials	-	7,883	-315,525
Financial income	1	106,021	105,161
Financial costs	2	-572,370	-467,732
Profit/loss before tax		-458,466	-678,096
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-40,022	80,826
Profit/loss for the year	=	-498,488	-597,270
Retained earnings		-498,488	-597,270
	=	-498,488	-597,270

## **Balance sheet 31 December**

	Note	2022 DKK	<u>2021</u> DKK
Assets			
Land and buildings	4	15,942,205	16,205,495
Property, plant and equipment in progress	4	880,030	18,565
Tangible assets		16,822,235	16,224,060
Total non-current assets		16,822,235	16,224,060
Receivables from group enterprises		4,979,789	4,877,250
Prepayments		27,993	20,043
Receivables		5,007,782	4,897,293
Cash at bank and in hand		1,421	0
Total current assets		5,009,203	4,897,293
Total assets		21,831,438	21,121,353

## **Balance sheet 31 December**

	Note	<u>2022</u> DKK	<u>2021</u> DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		100,000	100,000
Retained earnings		-1,064,011	-565,523
Equity		-964,011	-465,523
Provision for deferred tax	5	1,877,695	1,837,673
Total provisions		1,877,695	1,837,673
Banks		0	18,844,182
Total non-current liabilities	6	0	18,844,182
Short-term part of long-term debet	6	18,865,963	0
Prepayments received from customers		589,422	616,279
Trade payables		242,804	83,671
Payables to group enterprises		952,125	0
Other payables		267,440	205,071
Total current liabilities		20,917,754	905,021
Total liabilities		20,917,754	19,749,203
Total equity and liabilities		21,831,438	21,121,353
Contingent liabilities	7		
Mortgages and collateral	8		

# Statement of changes in equity

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022	100,000	-565,523	-465,523
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-498,488	-498,488
Equity at 31 December 2022	100,000	-1,064,011	-964,011

# Notes

	2022	2021
Financial income	DKK	DKK
Interest received from group enterprises	106,021	105,161
	106,021	105,161
Financial costs		
Financial expenses, group enterprises	9,198	2,251
Other financial costs	563,172	465,481
	572,370	467,732
Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Deferred tax for the year	40,022	-192,231
Adjustment of deferred tax concerning previous years	0	111,405
	40,022	-80,826
	Financial costs Financial expenses, group enterprises Other financial costs <b>Tax on profit/loss for the year</b> Deferred tax for the year	Financial incomeDKKInterest received from group enterprises106,021106,021106,021Financial costs9,198Other financial costs563,172572,370572,370

## Notes

## 4 Tangible assets

		Property,	
	Land and	plant and equipment in	
	buildings	progress	Total
Cost at 1 January 2022	18,485,155	18,564	18,503,719
Additions for the year	0	883,157	883,157
Disposals for the year	0	-21,691	-21,691
Cost at 31 December 2022	18,485,155	880,030	19,365,185
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1			
January 2022	2,279,661	0	2,279,661
Depreciation for the year	263,289	0	263,289
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31			
December 2022	2,542,950	0	2,542,950
<b>Carrying amount at 31 December 2022</b>	15,942,205	880,030	16,822,235

		2022	2021
=	Description from defermend to a	DKK	DKK
5	Provision for deferred tax		
	Provision for deferred tax at 1 January 2022	1,877,695	1,837,673
	Provision for deferred tax at 31 December 2022	1,877,695	1,837,673

1,877,695	1,837,673

### Notes

#### 6 Long term debt

Banks	<u>18,844,182</u> <b>18,844,182</b>	0	18,865,963 18,865,963	0
	Debt at 1 January 2022	Debt at 31 December 2022	Instalment next year	Debt outstanding after 5 years

#### 7 Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with its Danish group entities. The entities are jointly and severally liable for Danish VAT and income taxes as well as withholding taxes on dividends, interests and royalties payable by the group of jointly taxed and VAT registered entities.

Tax payable of the group's joint taxable income is stated in the annual report of DK Resi Holdco I ApS, which serves as management company for the joint taxation.

VAT payable of the group is stated in the annual report of Kereby ApS, which serves as management company for the joint VAT registration.

#### 8 Mortgages and collateral

Land and buildings at a carrying amount as disclosed in the balance sheet at 31 December have been provided as security for the company's total mortgage debt.