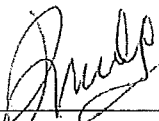


Tata Consultancy Services
Danmark ApS
Hammerensgade 1, 2.
1267 Copenhagen
Central Business Registration No
34465479

Annual report 2017/18

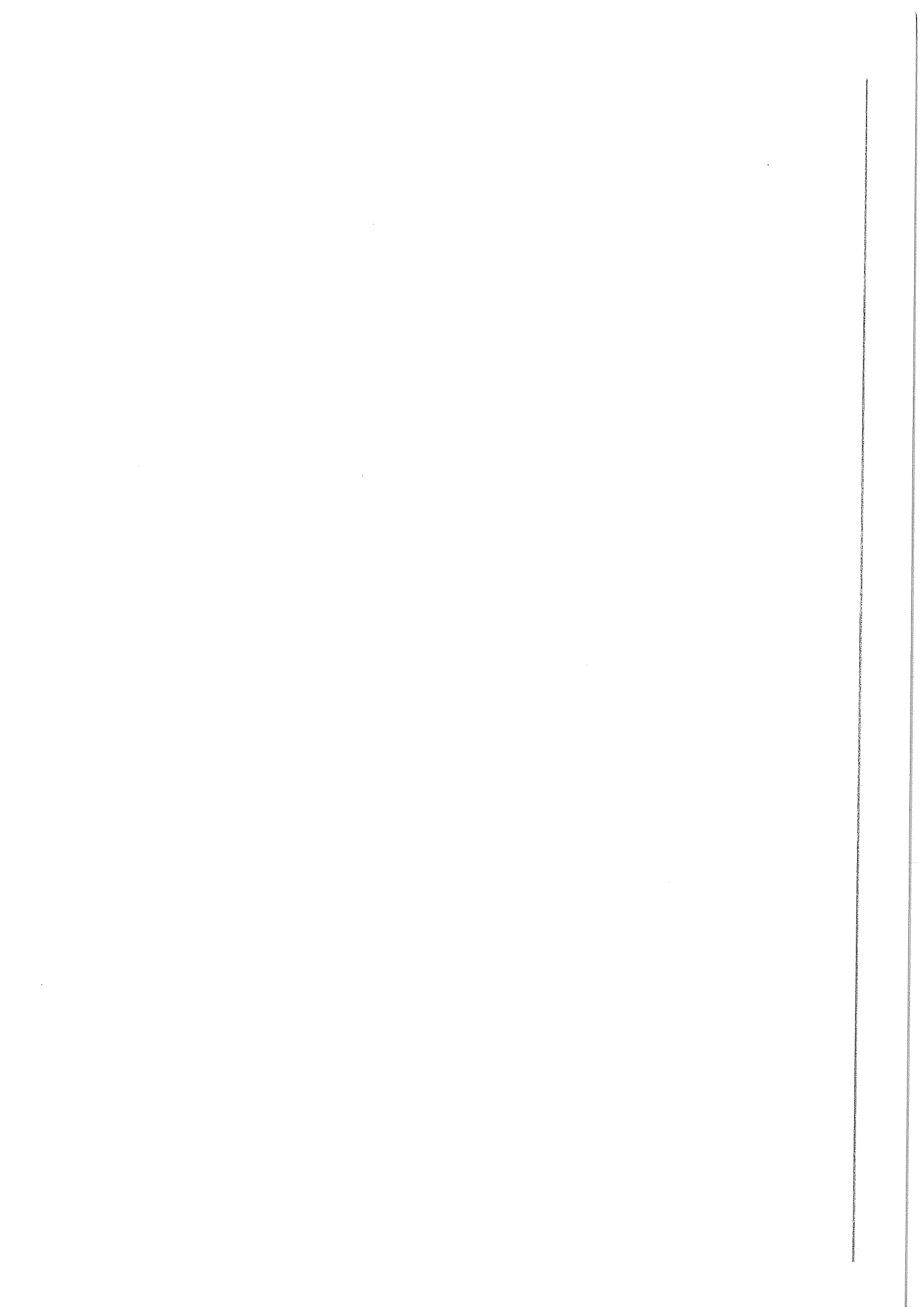
The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on

Chairman of the General Meeting



Name: Ruchikar Dalela

10-MAY-2018



Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Company details	2
Statement by Management on the annual report	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management's review	7
Income statement for 2017/18	8
Balance Sheet as at 31.03.2018	9
Statement of Changes in equity for 2017/18	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	14

Company details

Company

Tata Consultancy Services Danmark ApS
Hammerensgade 1, 2.
1267 Copenhagen

Central Business Registration No: 34465479
Registered in: Copenhagen
Financial year: 01.04.2017 – 31.03.2018

Board of Directors

Pauroosasp Darabshaw Karkaria, Chairman
Pradeep Gaitonde
Amit Bajaj
Ajoyendra Mukherjee

Executive Board

Ruchikar Dalela, Executive Director

Auditors

KPMG P/S

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Tata Consultancy Services Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 April 2017 – 31 March 2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements given a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31 March 2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 April 2017 – 31 March 2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

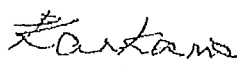
We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

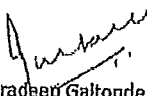
Copenhagen,

Executive Board


Ruchir Dalela
Executive Director

Board of Directors


Pauroosasp Darabshaw
Karkarla
Chairman


Pradeep Galtonde


Amit Bajaj


Ajoyendra Mukherjee

10-MAY-2018

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Tata Consultancy Services Danmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tata Consultancy Services Danmark ApS for the financial year 1 April 2017 – 31 March 2018, comprising Income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 March 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2017 – 31 March 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, ## 2018

KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 25 57 81 98



Michael Sten Larsen

State Authorised

Public Accountant

mne10488

10-MAY-2018

Management review

Primary activities

The Company's primary purpose is to operate within software development, software implementation, application maintenance, consulting services and IT-based services.

The operating profit is based upon a support service agreement with Tata Consultancy Services India Limited.

Development in activities and finances

Profit for the year amounts to DKK 264 thousand which Management consider satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2017 / 18

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2016/17</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Gross Profit		11,146	9,765
Staff Costs	1	<u>(10,774)</u>	<u>(9,369)</u>
Operating Profit / Loss		372	396
Other Financial Expenses	2	<u>(33)</u>	<u>(90)</u>
Profit / Loss before tax		339	306
Tax on Profit / Loss for the Year	3	<u>(75)</u>	<u>(76)</u>
Profit / Loss for the Year		<u>264</u>	<u>230</u>
Proposed Distribution of Profit / Loss			
Retained earnings		<u>264</u>	<u>230</u>
		<u>264</u>	<u>230</u>

Balance Sheet at 31.03.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2016/17</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Receivables from Group Enterprises		1,413	1,624
Other Receivables		1	1
Prepayments		<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>
Receivables		<u>1,424</u>	<u>1,631</u>
Cash		<u>4,368</u>	<u>4,454</u>
Current assets		<u>5,792</u>	<u>6,085</u>
Assets		<u>5,792</u>	<u>6,085</u>

Balance Sheet at 31.03.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2016/17</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Contributed capital	4	1,000	1,000
Retained Earnings		<u>2,315</u>	<u>2,051</u>
Equity		<u>3,315</u>	<u>3,051</u>
Trade Payables		522	597
Income Tax Payable		75	76
Other Payables	5	<u>1,880</u>	<u>2,361</u>
Current Liabilities Other than Provisions		<u>2,477</u>	<u>3,034</u>
Liabilities Other than Provisions		<u>2,477</u>	<u>3,034</u>
Equity and Liabilities		<u>5,792</u>	<u>6,085</u>
Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.	6		
Related parties	7		

Statement of Changes in Equity for 2017/18

	Contributed Capital DKK'000	Retained Earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity Beginning Of Year	1,000	2,051	3,051
Profit / Loss for the Year	0	264	264
Equity End Of Year	1,000	2,315	3,315

Notes

	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2016/17</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
1. Staff Costs		
Wages and Salaries	9,645	8,330
Pension Costs	1,117	1,004
Other Social Security Costs	(2)	3
Other Staff Costs	15	32
	<u>10,774</u>	<u>9,369</u>
Average Number Of Employees	<u>13</u>	<u>16</u>
	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2016/17</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
2. Other Financial Expenses		
Interest Expenses	33	90
	<u>33</u>	<u>90</u>
	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2016/17</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
3. Tax on Profit / Loss for the Year		
Tax on Current Year Taxable Income	75	76
	<u>75</u>	<u>76</u>
4. Contributed capital		
There have been no changes to Contributed Capital for the Past 5 years.		
	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2016/17</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
5. Other Payables		
VAT and Duties	610	626
Wages and Salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc. payable	1,270	1,735
	<u>1,880</u>	<u>2,361</u>

Notes

6. Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement, in which Tata Consultancy Services Limited, Branch of Tata Consultancy Services Ltd., India serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes, etc for the jointly taxed companies and from 1st July 2012 also for obligations, if any relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

7. Related Parties

Control

Tata Consultancy Services Danmark ApS is part of the consolidated financial statements of Tata Consultancy Services Limited, 9th Floor Nirmal Building, Nariman Point, Mumbai-400021, in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is affected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arises before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the Income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign Currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial express. Inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

Income Statement

Gross Profit or Loss

Gross Profit or loss comprises revenue, other operating income and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Accounting Policies

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

Staff costs

Staff Costs comprises salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortization of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit / loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish entities in the Tata Consultancy Services Ltd, Group. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance Sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equaling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Operating leases

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

